The Jewish Chronicle

THE ORGAN OF BRITISH JEWRY — INCORPORATING THE "JEWISH WORLD"

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THE PALESTINE INQUIRY

Concluding Evidence in London

The Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry into the position of the Jews in Europe and the question of Palestine continued its hearings in London last week. It completed its public sessions on Friday, and heard, besides Jewish witnesses, non-Jewish sympathisers with and opponents of Zionism, missionaries, and Arabs who happened to be in London attending the Uno Conference. (The first part of the hearings was reported in the last issue of this paper.)

The Rev. Dr. James Parkes explained that he came in his own personal capacity, representing no one else, and that he had been making a study of every aspect of the Jewish question for the past 16 years.

It was of great importance, he said, to realise the profound effect psychologically on the Jews of the fact that matters affecting their most intimate life and destiny were always settled by non-Jews. That was the key to understanding the modern political Jewish problem. Jews were the bearers of one of the great cultures of the world, and yet they always had their destiny decided by others. After the first world war, commissions were sent from America and from England to inquire into anti-Jewish excesses in Poland. Both were headed by Jews. He did not think it conceivable that any public Committee of Inquiry set up now, by either Government, would have a Jew on it. That was a result of Hitlerism having made the world Jew-conscious.

A Natural Yearning

It was natural, he continued, that the Jews should long for some way of meeting the peoples of the world as equals, and that longing very often overrode their appreciation of the practical difficulties involved. He did not know whether it lay in the hands of the Committee whether some way could be found, but its psychological as well as its practical value would be enormous. He was perfectly convinced that this issue which divided Jewish life so bitterly, between assimilationists and nationalists, was a far more artificial distinction brought about by their condition.

He hoped, went on Dr. Parkes, that the Committee would take very seriously into account the question of anti-Semitism. He hoped the answers they had heard the previous day would not lead them to think that anti-Semitism was something so mysterious that they ought to leave it out.

In relation to Palestine, he earnestly desired that some solution should be found whereby Jews could become masters of their destiny. It had become increasingly inapt to speak of the Arabs as though it covered the whole situation. "Playing political dynasties" would bring us into conflict instead of co-operation with the Soviet Union in the whole of the Middle East. There was not the same urgency on the Arab side as on the Jewish—Palestine turned into an Arab State would mean thousands of Jewish suicides. If it were a Jewish State not one Arab would commit suicide.

It was useless to deny that there was a great deal of confusion in the minds of Jews about the meaning of the Jewish State in relation to the Arabs and about the transitional period. It must have been obvious to the Committee in hearing the witnesses. He wished to goodness the Jewish witnesses had openly avowed their confusion on these subjects. They were a people without political experi-

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INQUIRY COMMITTEE IGNORES RUMANIAN JEWS

Largest European Community's Bitter Disappointment

[*From our Correspondent*—BUCHAREST]

The Anglo-American Inquiry Committee's decision to establish its headquarters for South-Eastern Europe in Vienna has resulted in a vehement protest from the whole of Rumanian Jewry, the largest concentration of Jews now left in Europe, of whom over 100,000 have been registered for emigration to Palestine since September, 1944.

Rumanian Jews have cabled a protest to the chairmen of the Inquiry Committee, while the local Zionist Organisation has appealed to the Jewish Agency to approach the Committee with a view to persuading it to visit Rumania.

Protest meetings are being held throughout the country.

UNO AND THE D.P.s

Arab Objections

Delegates of three Arab States expressed at Monday's session of the Social, Economic, and Humanitarian Committee of the General Assembly of Uno their determined opposition to any linking of the Palestine and refugee problems.

The intervention of the Arab representatives followed a remark by the Polish delegate, M. Jan Stanczyk, that "the problem of Jewish refugees cannot, of course, be separated from Palestine."

M. Hakki, member of the Egyptian delegation, hoped that the Assembly, when tackling the refugee problem, would distinguish between the political and humanitarian aspects of Jewish immigration into Palestine and would take into consideration the demographic conditions of each country concerned.

M. Jussef Salem, of the Lebanese delegation, regretted that the Polish delegate had complicated the problem by bringing in the political issue. He stressed that Zionism was not a humanitarian but a political movement, aiming at introducing into the country the greatest possible number of Jews and granting them Palestinian citizenship so as to eliminate the Arab majority. The United Nations, he declared, could not repair one injustice by committing another one. He admitted that there was a problem in the case of Jews who were unable to

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THE ERITREAN SCANDAL

Comparison With a Nazi Concentration Camp

FORMER COMMANDANT'S VIEWS

From MAJOR E. J. BENDER

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—Your issue of even date on what you call the "Eritrean Scandal" has rather interested me, as I was Camp Commandant of 118 Camp Special, Eritrea, at the time when the first 150 detainees from Palestine arrived there in September, 1944.

118 Camp Special eventually became 119 Camp Special and a new commandant appointed to watch over the destinies of these unfortunate deportees, as my responsibilities were mainly in connection with Greek E.L.A.S. detainees, who shared the camp, but in different quarters.

The "deportees" arrived by air at Asmara, escorted by an inspector, four sergeants of the Palestine Police, and a detachment of military personnel. All the Jewish detainees were handcuffed and were handed over to the military authorities for searching before going into the cages. The Palestine Police remained for several weeks with the camp staff and gave the commandant every assistance on getting the camp organised on a typical prison system. Difficulties arising out of supplies of kosher meat were dealt with immediately and this was eventually supplied. I was very impressed by the number of detainees who brought with them a small package of earth—their one tie with Eretz Yisrael—and it was only through the intervention of the Palestine Police that this was not confiscated by the searchers.

Treatment of the detainees was reasonably good, although the guards—a Eight Infantry Battalion—showed complete lack of understanding of the type of person in the cage. It took a little while to convince them that they were not criminals but political prisoners.

Anti-Semitism rather flourished but fortunately it remained verbal.

The Area Commander showed various considerations, and a recreation ground, football field, and a hut to be used as a Synagogue was erected before I left the camp.

No attempt at escape was made during my stay there, although I understand several have taken place since. Guard orders were to shoot at any escapees, and I have no doubt that the guards would not hesitate to carry out this order.

One correction is necessary: the responsible authority is the Area Commander and not the Chief Administrator of Eritrea, and it is the former who is responsible for all punishments—harsh or otherwise.

I still fail to see what difference there is in principle—apart from the mass slaughter—between a Nazi concentration camp of 1933-45 and a camp special in Eritrea. Perhaps the Area Commander might be able to enlighten me.

I am, &c.,
E. J. BENDER.

265, New King's Road,
Fulham, S.W.6.

GOVERNMENT BY REPRESSION

"Legalising" Illegalities

[*From our Correspondent*—JERUSALEM]

The Palestine Administration—or, more correctly, that inner coterie of senior British officials, which is responsible for directing the current application of higher policy—has embarked upon a course which is utterly repugnant to those who cling to a profound belief in the essential unassailability of individual liberties. It seems deliberately bent on alienating whatever remains of the sympathy and support of the sober sections of the Jewish population and bringing its actions to the point where they fall into dispute.

To-day, the entire Yishuv, irrespective of its divisions or attitude, is being treated as though it were in revolt—a fact which in itself ought to bleed the unity of the Yishuv. The Jewish inhabitants of Jerusalem have been subjected to penal action which borders perilously on malevolent design, cloaked under the pretext of maintaining security. The present methods of administration are made more unsavoury because no Parliamentary or public checks exist to control behaviour which cannot but be regarded as of vicious intent in its authoritarian disregard of the elementary principles of good government.

A Remarkable Letter

Let me quote the latest development in the whole sorry affair of the deportation of Palestinian Jews to Eritrea. On January 2, the Vaad Leumi wrote to the Chief Secretary of the Palestine Government about the deportation from Palestine and detention in military custody abroad of certain persons who the Government said were "suspected of complicity in terrorism in Palestine." Before me, as I cable this dispatch, is a copy of the Acting Chief Secretary's reply (signed on his behalf by Under-Secretary John Gutch) dated January 11. This remarkable letter, after analysing the High Court's order on the application for *habeas corpus* in respect of Aryeh Ben-Eliezer, pointed out that the High Court was of the opinion that detention in Eritrea rested on a legal basis and that the Court held that so far as the actions of the Palestine Government were concerned no illegality had been committed. The Acting Chief Secretary's letter then adds this fourth paragraph, which ought to figure prominently in any history of colonial administration as a glaring example of moral obloquy:—"The Government is satisfied that the transfer to military custody and deportation from Palestine of persons suspected of complicity in terrorism which has caused the death of police and military personnel is in the general interests of security in Palestine, and it does not propose to revoke the orders of deportation now in force.

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OCCUPATION POLICY IN GERMANY

U.S. Journalists' Grave Charges

It is the practice of the American Army, in Germany, alleges Mr. Daniell, the NEW YORK TIMES corresondent in Munich, to recruit, equip, and arm disaffected Poles and Yugoslavs for labour, service companies, and guards to replace too-hastily redeployed American troops. These armies, Daniell asserts, are dominated by anti-Semitic and anti-Russian sympathisers.

This policy, states Daniell, is arousing suspicion in Russia, Yugoslavia, and Poland, and is fostering the German hope of a future rift between Russia and her Western Allies, while defeating U.S. efforts to induce displaced persons to return home.

It is doubtless this system, adds Daniell, that encourages "ultra-reactionaries" to remain in Germany in groups that General Morgan had in mind when he claimed that the muddled policy on displaced persons contained the seeds of future war.

The New York newspaper P.M. this week reported an explanation by Bernstein, its correspondent in Hamburg, of the sensational stories regarding the failure of the British to get rid of Nazis in high posts in the British zone. This is due, he says, to slowness of denazification and not to failure to denazify. The British, he goes on, have chosen to take the easiest course of "never firing a man until they are sure they have someone of equal proficiency to replace him."

It is more difficult, Bernstein adds, to defend the fact that Nazis, including the former co-editor of Goebbels's propaganda magazine, have been chosen to run the new zonal newspaper, but, he concludes, the British insist that wholesale changes will be made before the newspaper appears in print.

JEWS ROBBED OF PENICILLIN

J.D.C. Shipment in Rumania Stolen

[*From our Correspondent*—BUCHAREST]

The Allied Control Commission and the Rumanian authorities are busy searching for £50,000 worth of penicillin and insulin which mysteriously vanished in Constanza from a shipment of "Joint" supplies consigned to Hungary.

A shipload of goods for Hungarian and Rumanian Jews arrived in the port of Constanza. Of 57 wagons, 37 were ready for dispatch to Hungary under an escort of Rumanian soldiers. The valuable drugs were concealed among bundles of clothing in a truck in the centre of the train.

During the night an engine was brought up, split the train, hauled away the truck containing the drugs, and then returned it later to its place in the train. Only the penicillin and insulin had been taken.

The first conference of a group calling themselves the Union of Democratic Rumanian Jews recently opened here with a meeting. This organisation came into being as a result of a split in Dr. William Filderman's original Union of Rumanian Jews. The new body was formed by Mr. Sarateanu, a former Vice-President and two other members of the Committee of 24 who were subsequently excluded by Filderman.

Sarateanu, formerly known as Seltzer, is supported only by Communists and Leftwing anti-Zionists. He himself is well known for his anti-Zionist attitude. In 1936, during the Palestine riots, he expressed satisfaction at the failure of Zionism in Palestine.

The meeting received the full support of Government circles and was fully reported in the press. It was addressed by several non-Jewish delegates from the Coalition Government, including two Cabinet Ministers, who all stressed the unity of Jews and Rumanians in the fight against Fascism and anti-Semitism and in the work for the reconstruction of the country—now the number one slogan of the Groza Government.

Of the Jewish speakers, only one—the representative of "Ichud"—referred to the Jewish State, but not one newspaper reported his statement. Moreover, he was flatly contradicted by Sarateanu.

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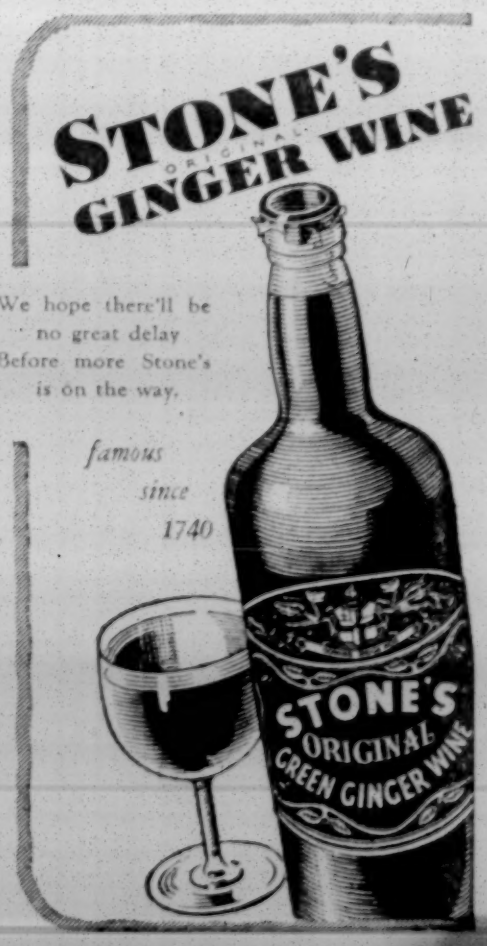

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QUALIFIED chemist, not working in his line during the war, seeks post in laboratory of factory or hospital.—Address, 843, Jewish Chronicle.

COMMERCIAL

ACCOUNTANT-Bookkeeper (British); over 25 years' varied experience, free to take up appointment either part-time or full-time; knowledge German; highest credentials.—Address, 823, Jewish Chronicle.

INTELLIGENT boy, age 16 years, wishes to contact mantle manufacturers with a view to learning cutting.—Address, 828, Jewish Chronicle.

MANAGER, 39, seeks good position; preferably hardware or similar trades, retail, wholesale, export; good salesman and organiser, excellent references; at liberty through ret. of pre-war manager in February.—Address, 875, Jewish Chronicle.

TRAVELLER and agent, wholesale and retail, seeks new principal lines manufacturers only.—Address, 9.328, Jewish Chronicle.

DOMESTIC

COOK, intelligent Viennese, early fifties, efficient in nursing, wants job in small household with single lady or gentleman, with charwoman; best references; London or small town; Brighton or Hove preferred.—Address, 831, Jewish Chronicle.

SITUATIONS VACANT

COMMUNAL

JEWS' COLLEGE, LONDON

ASSISTANT Librarian is required, part-time, for the Jews' College Library; the library is opened Mondays to Thursdays 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., Fridays (except in winter months) 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and Sunday mornings from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; candidates must have knowledge of Hebrew; salary from £150 per annum.—Applications in writing should be sent to the Secretary, Jews' College, Woburn House, Tavistock Square, W.C.1.

CERTIFICATED Orthodox teachers for secular or Hebrew subjects for infants and junior classes required; permanent position.—Apply, with testimonials and references, to the Principal, Manchester and Salford Jewish Day School, 6, Wilton Polygon, Manchester, 8.

COMMUNAL institution requires resident caretaker and wife; own living quarters; ex-Service man preferred; wife to supervise kosher kitchen, etc.; good prospects for suitable couple.—Address, 832, Jewish Chronicle.

JEWISH organisation has vacancies for competent shorthand-typists; also junior.—Address, 837, Jewish Chronicle.

LARGE Jewish social organisation requires senior and junior shorthand typists; five-day week; salary according to age and experience.—Please write in first instance to Box 825, Jewish Chronicle.

SENIOR shorthand-typists required; Sabbaths and Holy-days free.—Apply in writing to the United Synagogue, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, W.C.1.

SHAMMAS (collector and teacher) required; state experience and salary required.—Replies to Honorary Secretary, Southend and Westcliff Hebrew Congregation, 99, Alexandra Road, Southend.

SHORTHAND-Typists required for part-time evening work at head office of important Jewish religious communal organisation; good salary for competent person.—Phone, EUSton 3655, ex. 5.

ZIONIST organisation wants experienced shorthand-typists with secretarial training; also shorthand-typists able to report at meetings, and with some journalistic ability; knowledge Zionism preferable.—Write or phone, 77, Great Russell Street, W.C.1, MUSeum 4815.

COMMERCIAL

CAPABLE manageress-sales required for millinery shop in Manchester; good wage, commission, and permanency for right person.—Apply, Mills Hollywood Hats, 452, Cheetham Hill Road, Manchester, 8.

EXPERIENCED advertising salesmen required; good media; permanent positions.—Write or phone for appointment, Joe Lewis Classic Publicity, Ltd., 94, Stoke Newington Church Street, N.16. ('Phones: CLIssold 6991-2-3.)

EXPERIENCED costing clerk for overheads, factory output, statistics, wanted.—Address, 874, Jewish Chronicle.

EXPERIENCED cook wanted to commence Passover, used to hotel cooking; live in or out; good wages.—'Phone, Southend 458671, or write to Masters, 12, Manor Road, Westcliff-on-Sea.

EXPERIENCED shorthand-typist required by busy firm of exporters; pleasant working conditions and good salary.—Apply, 1. Rosenthal & Co., 623-627, Holloway Road, N.19. (ARChway 4749.)

FIRST sales required by multiple firm, mantles, costumes and furs, London and Provinces; good wages to capable and forceful sales.—Address, 129, Jewish Chronicle.

FOREMAN required fully experienced with ladies' leather and material belts and small leather goods; position offers excellent prospects to right person and carries high salary.—Address, 193, Jewish Chronicle.

GOOD alteration tailor required.—Apply, J. & H. Ellis, Ltd., 391, Strand, London, W.C.2, after 10 a.m.

JUNIOR shorthand-typist and general office work, insurance broker's office; Saturdays and Holy-days given; also part-time shorthand-typist, 1-2 hours day or evening, city office or private, N.W.8.—Address, 816, Jewish Chronicle.

MANAGER required for suburban gown shop; one used to quick trade; good prospects.—Address, 861, Jewish Chronicle.

MANAGERESS required for gown shop, one used to quick trade; good prospects.—Address, 862, Jewish Chronicle.

MANUFACTURER of quality domestic electrical appliances requires two sales representatives for wholesale and retail trade in Greater London and Provinces. Gentlemen with long and successful careers in either of the areas mentioned are invited to apply to Box 860, Jewish Chronicle.

MANUFACTURER of small leather goods requires capable foreman; high wages and bonus paid to the right person.—Address, 192, Jewish Chronicle.

SPA HOTEL, Boscombe Spa Road, Bournemouth, requires immediately good cook to assist chef; room provided and good wages paid to the right person.—Write as above, or 'phone, Boscombe 1147. Fares etc. refunded for interviews.

DOMESTIC

A REFINED woman required to help in doctor's house; good, four in family, no rough work; good salary; liberal free time.—Mrs. Bednar, 5, York Avenue, Hove, Sussex.

CAPABLE housekeeper required for small family; sleep in or out; good wages.—Write for appointment, 14, Golders Green Crescent, N.W.11.

COOK-Housekeeper, immediately, to live with family (youngest age 13); good home; daily help kept; Orthodox preferred, not essential.—Particulars to Abrams, 84, St. James's Road, Birmingham, 15.

COOK-Housekeeper wanted for couple; modern flat; central heating.—Apply, 9, Holycroft Avenue, N.W.3.

COOK-Housekeeper required; small modern house; Golders Green district; 3 in family.—'Phone, SPEedwell 6415, after 6 p.m., or write to 19, Ridge Hill, N.W.11.

COMPANION help required by elderly lady; Orthodox; comfortable home, Stamford Hill district; good wages and liberal outings.—Call or write, Mrs. Kaye, 88, Aberdeen Park, N.5.

COOK-housekeeper wanted for modern home; 2 adults in family out to business all day; every convenience; good home; best wages and outings; widow with one child not objected to.—11, Golders Manor Drive, N.W.11. ('Phone SPE. 7389.)

COUPLE or two friends required as housekeeper-cook for Oxford offices.—Please reply Box 4.348, Jewish Chronicle.

ELDERLY lady, Orthodox, with modern centrally heated flat, Hove, near sea, requires companion-help.—Address, 866, Jewish Chronicle.

EXPERIENCED cook-housekeeper required; permanency, two adults in family, good home and good wages.—Sherman, "Penseys," Cyncoed Road, Cardiff.

GOOD home in pleasant surroundings available to young woman willing to be companion-help in modern, easily-run house in Glasgow suburb; congenial family; two young children.—Please reply Box 858, Jewish Chronicle.

HOUSEKEEPER, Orthodox, required for elderly couple; small modern house, daily help kept; washing sent out; Broughton Park district, Manchester; good salary; comfortable home.—Address, 181, Jewish Chronicle.

MOTHER'S help with little knowledge of cooking wanted; daily help given; good home and wages.—Apply, 25, The Ridings, Ealing, W.5, or 'phone, PERivale 2924.

USEFUL help, Orthodox, for London West End service flat; 2 in family; good wages.—Address, 800, Jewish Chronicle.

INVESTMENTS, FINANCIAL AND PARTNERSHIPS

A SMART gent, 34, single, British nationality, capital and business experience (textiles) wishes to meet person with business, confidential.—Address, 813, Jewish Chronicle.

BOURNEMOUTH. Advertiser seeks qualified estate agent as partner; 2 lots of suitable office accommodation available in Bournemouth.—Mr. Joseph Grower, Grosvenor Buildings, Seamoor Road, Bournemouth, W.

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BOURNEMOUTH, N. Pair of freehold houses, 10 years old; vacant possession of one; detached; superior new residential area; £5,000 paid.—Mr. Joseph Grower, 1, Seamoor Road, Bournemouth, W.

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FLAT wanted in Golders Green or Hendon areas, must be in modern block; 1 bedroom and sitting room; fittings purchased if desired.—Barrett, 24, Fitzroy Square, W.1.

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OFFICE accommodation available; private office; use general office and services; suitable solicitor, estate agent, demobilised or commencing practice.—Address, 818, Jewish Chronicle.

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NEW freehold block of flats; gross income £741 p.a.; price, £5,750.—Particulars from the Solicitor to the estate, Mr. Joseph Dalton, LL.B., 15, George Street, Mansion House Place, London, E.C.4.

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NEWPORT, Fife, Scotland. St. Fort House Hotel (Newport-Fife 2359). Strictly kosher; our own dairy farm and garden produce; special diets catered for. Nr. St. Andrews and Dundee. Props.: Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Lazarus.

SOUTHEND-ON-SEA. Continental Hotel, 119, York Road. Mr. and Mrs. J. Beronsohn inform their clients that they are open for bookings for the winter season; h. & c. water in all bedrooms; strictly Orthodox.

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AVON PRIVATE HOTEL, 418, North Prom., Gynn Square, Blackpool ('phone, N. Shore 512151; grams, Avon Gynn, B'kpool). Blackpool's Jewish hotel on sea front; h. & c. all rms.; ex. cuisine; now booking.—S. Black.

17, BANKS STREET, Blackpool, N.S. One minute sea and North Pier. Booking for Passover and onwards; every comfort.—Mrs. F. Godden (née Fannie Harris).

BASSOVITCH'S PRIVATE HOTEL, 6, Banks Street, Blackpool ('phone, 364). Excellent cuisine; highly recommended; all rooms sea view; Orthodox; now booking; personal supervision.

BAYLE PRIVATE HOTEL, 322, North Promenade, Blackpool ('phone, 376). New and enlarged premises; billiard, smoking and dining rooms; facing sea; strictly Orthodox.—Mrs. R. Eisenberg.

BRERETON, 186, Promenade, Blackpool ('phones: 3095 and 183). Blackpool's largest and most up-to-date hotel; reduced terms winter months.—Proprietor: M. Bowman.

GYNN PRIVATE HOTEL, Gynn Sq., Blackpool ('phone, 52179). Luxuriously appointed; Orthodox; "Blackpool's Best."—Mmes. A. Shevloff and F. Lagerman.

KINGSLAND HOTEL, North Promenade, Blackpool (N.S. 514221). Modern and exclusive.—Lilian Lever.

ROSLYN PRIVATE HOTEL, Blackpool, has now moved to 111, South Promenade, St. Annes-on-Sea. Now booking for Passover.—Mmes. H. and R. Mendelson.

SHOWMAN'S PRIVATE HOTEL, 20, Gynn Avenue, Blackpool ('phone N.S. 52285). H. & c.; Orthodox; brightness and comfort assured; 1 min. sea; now booking for Passover.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Showman, of Manchester.

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ALEXANDER, 21, Christchurch Road, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 1392). H. & c.; central heating throughout; all winter comforts; excellent Orthodox cuisine; dancing; close to Synagogue, sea and shopping centres; dancing.

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BERACHAH (Grossman's), Kerley Road, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 4804). Finest position on West Cliff, with full sea views; strictly kosher; excellent cuisine; sea-water baths; h. & c. in all rooms.

BROWNSWOOD HALL HOTEL. Opening April; house of high standard facing sea; 52 modern bedrooms, h. & c.; charming public rooms; lift; dancing, music, billiards; ex. cuisine; Orthodox.—'phone, Jacobs, WIL. 4137.

CHINE COURT, Boscombe Spa Road, Bournemouth ('phones: Management, Boscombe 615; Visitors 1320). Overlooking beautiful Chine Gardens; 2 min. sea; strictly Orthodox.—Direction: Mr. and Mrs. M. Acker (Southport).

EAST CLIFF MANOR HOTEL, Manor Road, Bournemouth ('phone, 4810; Bos. 1827). All bedrooms central heating, h. & c.; electric lift; night service; Orthodox; facing sea; sea-water now reinstalled on all floors.—Ada Cohen.

EATON, 12, Madeira Road, Bournemouth ('phones: Visitors, 3687; Management, 1500). Few mins. sea; excel. cuisine; strictly kosher; bedrooms h. & c.; lounge, sun lounge, putting golf.—Under direction of Mr. J. Myers.

GREEN PARK, Bournemouth ('phone, Boscombe 2280, 3 lines).—Under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. B. Mariott and Miss Helen Richman.

GROSVENOR COURT, St. Michael's Road, Bournemouth ('phones: 2643 (Management), 4913, and 4916 (Visitors). Excellent cuisine and service; strictly kosher.—Direction: Mrs. Betty Retter.

HARLAND HOTEL, Derby Road, Bournemouth, has been sold to non-Jewish people. I am no longer responsible for Kashrut there.—S. Deutsch.

HOTEL NORMANDIE, East Overcliff Drive, Bournemouth ('phone 818). Under the new proprietorship and management of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Myers (late of Hotel Rivoli); non-Orthodox; bookings from February 2. Direction: Mrs. Betty Retter; Manager: Mr. I. Gilbert.

LEBONVILLE, 48, Frances Road, Bournemouth. Book now for April and onwards; accommodation limited; h. & c. bedrooms; near sea, station; homely; attractive cuisine by London chef.—Props.: Mr. and Mrs. Schutan.

LEWBESS GUEST HOTEL, 7, York Road, Bournemouth (4326). You are invited to spend a restful holiday with excellent food, at mod. terms; close Central Stn., sea, shops; h. & c. water; gas fires, all bedrooms.

MADEIRA HALL, 3, Madeira Road, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 383). Orthodox; running h. & c. water all bedrooms; few minutes sea, Pavilion, all amusements, and shopping centre.—Miriam Lefcovitch.

MARIN COURT, 5, The Marina, Sea Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth ('phone, Boscombe 364). Facing sea; h. & c. water; central heating.—Under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. I. Moisa.

MARLBOROUGH, 69, Sea Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth ('phones: Visitors, Boscombe 1685; Management 716). Open to non-residents.—Under personal supervision of Mr. and Mrs. Pamel.

MAYFAIR, Upper Terrace Road, Bournemouth ('phone, 2001). Minute sea, Square, gardens, amusements; dancing, billiards; central heating, h. & c. all rooms; Orthodox; week-end dancing.—Proprietor: E. Shapiro.

SPA HOTEL, Boscombe Spa Road, Bournemouth ('phones: Visitors, Boscombe 1415; Reception, Boscombe 1147). Excellent cuisine; electric lift; strictly Orthodox.—Personal direction of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Guild.

TROUVILLE HOTEL, Bournemouth. Mr. I. G. Woolf and Mr. M. Lever have purchased this property and are now open for Passover bookings. All coms. until March 1 to Mr. M. Lever, 148, King's Road, Brighton.

BRIGHTON

16, BELGRAVE PLACE, Brighton (2 doors from sea front); winter terms reduced for weekly and week-end visitors; also vacancies for few winter or permanent guests; kosher.—Mrs. M. Hirschberg.

BRUNSWICK HOUSE, 45, Brunswick Sq., Hove ('phone, Hove 2874). Modern and luxurious establishment; h. & c. all rooms; strictly Orthodox; night service. Prop.: Finns Hotel Ltd. Manager, S. Feldman.

124, KING'S ROAD, Brighton ('phone, 485511). Kosher boarding house, facing sea, 3 doors Hotel Metropole; h. & c.—Under personal supervision of C. A. Fox.

MILTON HALL HOTEL (kosher), Montpelier Road, Brighton ('phones: Reception, Brighton 4513; Visitors, Brighton 2573). Warm, friendly public rooms; h. & c. bedrooms; open non-residents for meals; caterers all functns.

MORELANDS HOTEL, 5/7, Lansdowne Place, Hove, Brighton. Mrs. A. Green (formerly of the Florence Hotel, Brighton), in conjunction with her daughter, Mrs. Lilian Feld, announce the opening in March of the above modern hotel (strictly Orthodox). Early reservations for Passover are advised. Inquiries until March 1, to 5, Astra House, King's Road, Brighton. (Brighton 5384.)

NORTHUMBERLAND HALL HOTEL, 62/64, Marine Parade, Brighton ('phones: Office, Brighton 5398; Visitors 715111). On sea front; kosher; lift; billiard room; lounge and dining room facing sea.

STANMORE HOTEL, 16/17, Regency Square, Brighton ('phone, 199411). Orthodox; newly redecorated and refurnished; now open; caterers for all functions.—Proprietors: Mr. and Mrs. Ben Myers.

THE NORTHUMBERLAND HALL HOTEL, 62/64, Marine Parade, Brighton ('phone or write: Office, Brighton 5398; Visitors, Brighton 715114). On sea front.—Under personal supervision of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Simons.

BUXTON

PAVILION HOTEL, Hartington Road, Buxton ('phone, 196). Strictly Orthodox; under the Kashrus Commission; central heating; h. & c. and electric fires in bedrooms; now booking for Passover.—Mrs. F. Goldstein.

SOMERFORD HOUSE HOTEL, Terrace Road, Buxton ('phone, 373). Excellent cuisine and service; h. & c. all rooms; under Kashrus Commission and Kedassia licence.—Management: F. Leitner.

HARROGATE

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, 49, Valley Drive, Harrogate ('phone, 319211). Facing gardens; h. & c. water; strictly kosher; Kedassia supervision; excellent cuisine; Passover bookings now accepted.—Prop.: Mrs. Hofstadter.

CROFT HALL, 16, Cold Bath Road, Harrogate ('phone, 442811). Strictly kosher; h. & c. all rooms; exquisite cuisine; near Royal Baths.—Mrs. Winter.

ESPLANADE COURT, Harrogate ('phone: Harrogate 2013). Strictly Orthodox.—Mrs. R. Levy.

THE GROVE, 1, Lancaster Road, Harrogate ('phone, 434211). Strictly Orthodox; h. & c. and luxurious central heating throughout, home produce, eggs and poultry; special winter terms.—Mrs. Jack Mendel.

LLANDUDNO

CUNLIFFE RESIDENTIAL GUEST HOUSE, Gogarth Road, West Shore, Llandudno ('phone, 6980). H. & c. in bedrms.; excel. varied cuisine, now booking for Passover; strictly Orthodox; personal supervision.—Mrs. Leah Lazar.

MARIEVILLE COURT, Church Walks, Llandudno ('phone 640211). Excellent cuisine; central heating, h. & c. in all bedrooms, ballroom; strictly Orthodox; now booking for Passover.—Personal supervision Mrs. J. H. Elvey.

SEACLIFFE PRIVATE HOTEL, Llandudno ('phone, 6652). Is reopening for Passover; luxuriously furnished and equipped with every possible convenience; it is the perfect spot for a perfect holiday.—Prop.: S. Braun.

SEFTON GATE, Promenade, Llandudno ('phone, 677511, Management only, 6391). Largest and most luxurious strictly kosher hotel in N. Wales; finest cuisine; h. & c.w. all rooms.—Mr. and Mrs. Jack Morris, Liverpool.

SUNNY DAWN HOTEL, Promenade (opposite pier), Llandudno ('phone, Llandudno 7571). Excellent cuisine; Orthodox; all conveniences, now booking for Passover.—Mr. and Mrs. Clarrie Lee.

WESTHOLME, 1, St. David's Road, Llandudno ('phone, Llandudno 6744). Every home comfort; best Continental cooking; strictly Orthodox; now booking.—Mrs. P. Miller.

MARGATE

CUMBERLAND COURT, 24, Ethelbert Crescent, Cliftonville, Margate. Facing the sea; hot and cold water in all bedrooms; open all year; strictly kosher, now booking for Passover.

EMBASSY HOTEL, Surrey Road, Cliftonville, Margate ('phone, Margate 1127). Gas fires in bedrooms, central heating; now booking for Passover.—Proprietors: Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Jacobs.

GREENVILLE HALL, 39, Harold Road, Cliftonville, Margate ('phone, Margate 1898); h. & c. all bedrooms, good cuisine, now booking.—Mrs. B. I. Taylor.

SOUTHPORT

ARUNDEL PRIVATE HOTEL, 50/51, Promenade, Southport ('phone 425611). Orthodox.—Crystal and Kaye.

FINKS PRIVATE HOTEL, 20, Bank Square, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 55156). Excellent cuisine and service; Orthdox.

MIZPAH PRIVATE HOTEL, Victoria Street, Promenade ('phone, 551731). Orthodox.—Proprietress: Mrs. E. Small.

NEW BADEN HOTEL, 46, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 55116). Completely modernised and decorated, excellent cuisine.—Mrs. Stohler.

THE CLIFFORD HOTEL, 35/7, Bath Street, Southport ('phone 341011). Early applications for Passover will oblige; Orthodox.—Mrs. Sophie Olsberg.

THE TARSHISH HOTEL, 10, Bank Square, Promenade, Southport ('phone 551141). The oldest established high-class Orthodox Jewish hotel in Southport; centrally heated throughout.—Proprietress: Mrs. S. Presburg.

VALE HOTEL, 55, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 296111). Orthodox.—Mrs. F. Moss.

WESTCOURT, Albany Road, Southport ('phone, 2909). The hotel of distinction, centrally heated; pleasantly situated; ideal for permanent guests; special sitting-room and diet if required.

ST. ANNES-ON-SEA

AISHEL COURT HOTEL, North Promenade, St. Annes-on-Sea ('phone, 1387).—Renowned cuisine and service. Mrs. W. Barnard.

CHASELEY HOTEL, 2, St. Annes Road West, St. Annes-on-Sea ('phone, St. Annes-on-Sea 348). New opening date to be announced; strictly Orthodox.—Max Black.

SEFTON COURT, Promenade, St. Annes-on-Sea ('phone, 1162).—Mr. and Mrs. Freedman are now back in their original premises.

TORQUAY

ARGYLL HALL HOTEL, Torquay (Torquay 2263). One of the finest positions with views of sea front; under supervision of Kashrus Commission.—Management: Mr. and Mrs. N. Cowen.

ROBIN HILL HOTEL, Torquay ('phone, Torquay 4247). Facing south; charming sea views; h. & c. and central heating throughout; farm produce; under supervision of Kashrus Commission.—F. Nagel, Manager.

SANDRINGHAM HOTEL, Torquay ('phones: Management, 2379; Visitors, 333011). Leading Jewish hotel on English Riviera; cent. heat. & elec. fires; ex. cuisine; under Kashrus Commission and Kedassia.—Mrs. F. Hofmann.

WESTCLIFF-ON-SEA

AVONDALE, 18, Palmeira Avenue, Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone, 446431). Strictly kosher; excellent cuisine; 1 minute sea and station; bookings now taken for Passover.—Proprietress: Mrs. R. Neufeld.

THE LEAS, 10-12, Manor Road ('phone, 458074). Reduction for winter terms, h. & c. and gas fires in bedrooms; removing to the Glen Hotel, Station Road, watch for opening date.—Proprietors: H. and M. Masters.

48, WESTBOURNE GROVE, Westcliff-on-Sea. Board residence, home comforts, finest food; book early for Passover.—Mrs. H. Cohen.

FACTORIES WANTED

AT ONCE. Modern factory urgently required for light clothing industry, 2-5,000 sq. ft.; anywhere in Clapton, Hackney, Bethnal Green, Stoke Newington districts or nearby; would rent or buy; good price paid.—Apply, H. Berry, 121, Rendlesham Road, Clapton, E.5, or 'phone, AMH. 1343 between 9.30-6.

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THE
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THE ORGAN OF BRITISH JEWRY • INCORPORATING THE "JEWISH WORLD"
105th Year Established 1841
POST: INLAND 1½d ABROAD ½d.

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All announcements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender and should be addressed to THE MANAGER.

Advertisements cannot be accepted by telephone.

Family announcements intended for the current week's issue must reach the Office not later than first post on **Tuesday** (births and deaths only, by first post Wednesday), except holiday weeks, when special times are announced.

Only recognised quotations are accepted for inclusion in family announcements.

THE JEWISH CHRONICLE reserves the right to refuse to insert any advertisement, even though accepted and paid for, and to make any alterations which may be necessary in order to maintain the standards of this newspaper.

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THE JEWISH CHRONICLE,
20, HIGH STREET, HIGH WYCOMBE, BUCKS.
Telephone No.: High Wycombe 900.

THE LONDON OFFICES are at
88, CHANCERY LANE, W.C.2.
Telephone No.: CHAncery 6381/2.
Telegraphic Address: JAECHRON HOLB., LONDON.
MANCHESTER Office: Northern Assurance Building, Albert Square, Manchester, 2 (BLAckfriars 7567).

In view of the paper shortage, announcements of family events, etc., will be, until further notice, limited to **three separate announcements** in any one issue of the paper.

BIRTHS

BERG.—A daughter was born on February 4, 1946, at the Royal Infirmary, Sunderland, to Bertha (née Behrman) and Louis Berg.—5, Ryton Square, Ryhope Road, Sunderland.

COHEN.—On Friday, February 1, 1946, at University College Hospital, to Pauline (née Tuckman), wife of Samuel Cohen, of 27, Highbury Place, N.5, a darling daughter (Sheila).

EMANUEL.—On Tuesday, January 29, 1946, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Emanuel, 44, Bellott Street, Manchester, 8, a son (Philip Israel).

GOLDBERG.—On January 31, 1946, at Guildford Nursing Home, to Phoebe (née Solomons), wife of Joseph Goldberg, of 122, Kyverdale Road, N.16, a darling daughter (Susan).

GREEN.—At Lorna Lodge Nursing Home, Barlow Moor Road, to Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Green (Miriam Berkovitch), a son (Allen Lawrence) (a brother for Martin and Peter).—14, Castle Hill Road, Prestwich.

LEA.—On February 1, 1946, at "The Firs," Nottingham, to Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Lea (Irene Freedman), a son (Harvey Laurence). First grandchild for Mrs. E. Freedman.—82, Noel Street, Gregory Boulevard, Nottingham.

LEITNER.—A son was born on Wednesday, January 30, 1946, to Rosi (née Sanger), wife of Arthur Leitner, of Sandringham Hotel, Torquay.

NORWOOD.—On Sunday, February 3, 1946, at Maxwell Nursing Home, Orchard Drive, Edgware, to Anita (née Coen) and Walford Norwood, a son.—132, Broadfields Avenue, Edgware, Middlesex.

ROSS.—On Sunday, January 27, 1946, to Miriam (née Gilmmack), wife of Julian Ross, a daughter (Philippa).—6, Hurstdene Gardens, N.15.

ROTHBART.—On January 19, 1946, at Ferncroft Nursing Home, Hampstead, to Esther Rothbart (née Lampin), of 52, Clifton Gardens, Golders Green, N.W.11, a son.

STARR.—On Sunday, February 3, 1946, at the Highfield Nursing Home, Stanmore, to Sadie (née Platner), wife of Louis Starr, a daughter (a sister for Frances).—12, Mowbray Road, Edgware.

STONE.—On Sunday, February 3, 1946, to Elise (née Harris), wife of Harold D. Stone, a son.—7, Haslemere Road, Crouch End, N.8.

TRAYER.—On January 28, 1946, at Woodfield Nursing Home, Werneth, Oldham, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Trayer (née Gross), a son. Both well.—54, Upper Park Road, Salford, 7.

WOOLF.—On February 2, 1946, at Caerthillian Nursing Home, a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Woolf (née Berg).—226, Chamberlayne Road, Willesden, N.W.10.

BARMITZVAH

BENNETT.—Hyam, only son of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Bennett, 231, Heywood Street, Manchester, 8, eldest grandson of Mrs. E. and the late Mr. H. Bennett, Glasgow, and Mrs. L. and the late H. Estry, Manchester, will read a portion of the Law at the United Synagogue, Cheetham Hill Road, on Saturday, February 9, 1946. Kiddush in vestry. Festivities postponed.

LEWIS.—John David, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Lewis, of 123, Oakwood Court, Kensington, W.14, will read a portion of the Law at the St. John's Wood Synagogue, Abbey Road, N.W., on Saturday, February 9, 1946.

MUSIC.—David, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Music, of 74, Northways, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3, will read a portion of the Law at the Hendon Synagogue, Raleigh Close, on Saturday, February 16, 1946.

ENGAGEMENTS

BERMAN : VIDOFSKY.—The engagement is announced of Mars, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Berman, "Sussex Villa," 9, Rose Hill Street, Derby, to Joe, eldest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. L. Vidofsky, of Derby.

KURTZ : TARTARSKY.—The engagement is announced of Gerald, only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Kurtz, of 31, Spring Hill, Clapton, E.5, to June, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Tartarsky, of 39, Evering Road, Stoke Newington, N.16.

Engagements—(Continued)

SAVINSON : ISENBERG.—The engagement is announced of Phillip, only son of Mr. and Mrs. B. Savinson, of 110, Clifton Court, Maida Vale, N.W.6, to Anita Adele, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Isenberg, 124, Chapter Road, Willesden Green, N.W.2.

VICTOR : AVADIS.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Victor, of 29, Balnacraig Avenue, Neasden, N.W.10, take pleasure in announcing the engagement of their younger daughter, Rosalind, to Bernard, only son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Avadis, of 26, Whittington Court, Highgate, N.2.

The engagement announced between Mr. Montague Abrahams, of 95, Lamont Court, N.W.8, and Miss Rita Hershberg, of 18, Dobree Avenue, N.W.10, is now cancelled.

The marriage arranged between Major R. Millman, R.A.M.C., and Miss S. S. Marder will not now take place.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

FEIG : GOLDMAN.—The marriage of Izaak Feig, Polish Forces, to Jochabed Goldman, 28, Spurstowe Road, Hackney, E.8, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Goldman, formerly of Montague Road, Dalston, E.8, will be solemnised at Montague Road Beth Hamedrash at 1.30 p.m. on February 10, 1946. Reception to be held at Montague Road Beth Hamedrash. No invitations. Will friends and relatives please accept this as the only intimation.

MANN : HIRST.—The marriage will be solemnised of Sub. Myrtle Naomi Mann to Sig. Joseph Max Hirst (ex. p.o.w., Japan), at the Quadrant Restaurant, 74, Regent Street, W.1, on Sunday, February 10, 1946, at 12 noon. The Rev. M. B. Smerdinsky, B.A., will officiate.

MARRIAGES

CLYNE : LIPSKIE.—The marriage was solemnised on February 9, 1921, at the United Synagogue, Manchester, of Sadie Clyne to Louis Lipskie.—9, Princess Avenue, Prestwich.

KOSZEREK : GOLDMAN.—The marriage is announced of Irene, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Koszerek, 9, Orleans Road, N.19, to Paul Mark, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Goldman, 46, Milo Street, Newton, Massachusetts, U.S.A.

WEINSTEIN : BOORMAN.—The marriage was solemnised on Sunday, February 3, 1946, at the Greatorex Street Synagogue, E.1, of Minnie, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Weinstein, 19, North Place, London, E.1, to Maurice, only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Boorman, 19, Henry Street, Hinckley, Leicestershire.

SILVER WEDDINGS

ISAACS.—On February 10, 1946, Mr. and Mrs. George Isaacs, of 1, Sunnyside House, Childs Hill, N.W.2, will attain their 25th wedding anniversary. No festivities.

JOSEPH : DRYER.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Joseph, 70, Stamford Hill, N.16, celebrated their Silver Wedding on February 6, 1946.

KAMLISH : SHONMAN.—The marriage was solemnised on February 8, 1921, at Cannon Street Road Synagogue, London, of Philip Kamlish to Rebecca Shonman.—296, Camberwell Road, S.E.5.

DEATHS

ASHMELE.—On February 3, 1946, Joseph Ashmele, aged 62, of 22, Park Avenue, Staines, Middlesex, died suddenly. Sadly missed by his heartbroken wife, Ann, daughter, Sally Schuman, son, Samuel, family and friends. Shiva at 41, Paramount Court, W.1.

BAILEY.—On February 2, 1946, suddenly, Barnet Bailey. Deeply mourned by his loving wife, Rebecca, sons, daughters, grandchildren, relatives, and friends.—15, Brunswick Place, Leeds, 2.

BARNETT.—On January 26, 1946, Rosie, aged 65, beloved wife of Abraham Barnett, and mother of Sybil and Peggy.—622, King Lane, Alwoodley, Leeds.

BELSTONE.—On February 1, 1946, Samuel Belstone, dearly beloved husband of Beatrice, and father of Maureen. Deeply mourned by his heartbroken wife, daughter, Maureen, sister, Cissie, and parents-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. H. Kintzler. Shiva at 126, Rectory Road, N.16.

BELSTONE.—On February 1, 1946, Samuel Belstone, beloved brother-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller, and uncle of Melvyn. Deeply mourned.—32, Rossmore Court, N.W.1.

BERGER.—On January 30, 1946, Annie Berger, aged 84, of 16, Colvestone Crescent, E.8. Survived her husband three days. Mourned by her daughters, sons, daughters-in-law, sons-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May her dear soul rest in peace.

BERMAN.—On Tuesday, February 5, 1946, Simon Berman, aged 80, at 5, Basire Street (late South Street), New North Road, N.1. Deeply mourned by his sons, Alex, Mark, daughters, Leah (Mrs. Rose), Ettie (Mrs. Templer), Sophie (Mrs. Caplan), Renie (Mrs. Isaacs), sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, relatives and friends. Gone from our hearts but for ever in our memory. God rest his soul in peace. Shiva at 12, Fursecroft, George Street, W.1.

COHEN.—On January 26, 1946, Albert Cohen, aged 19, dearly beloved eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Cohen, 17, Laindon House, London, N.16, late of Llanelly. Deeply mourned by his heartbroken parents, sister, brother, relatives, and friends.

COHEN.—On January 21, 1946, Jacob Cohen, of 37, Spencer Place, Leeds. Deeply mourned by widow, children, relatives, and friends.

CONRICH.—On February 4, 1946, Caroline Conrich, of 201, Evelyn Court, Amhurst Road, E.8, passed away. Deeply mourned by her sons, daughters, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, sisters, brother, and friends. May her dear soul rest in peace. Shiva at 201, Evelyn Court, Amhurst Road, E.8.

CRAFCHICK.—On Friday, February 1, 1946, Joseph Crafchick, aged 75, of 39, Tenterden Drive, Hendon, N.W.4 (late of 23a, Bromehead Street, E.1). Deeply mourned by his loving wife and family. Rest in everlasting peace.

DE JONGH.—On February 5, 1946, at 7, Park Avenue, Hove, Celina (Lena), beloved wife of Bernard de Jongh. Deeply mourned by her husband, sons, Joseph and Laurie, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, brothers, sisters, relatives, and a large circle of friends. May her sweet soul rest in everlasting peace. Shiva at above address terminates Wednesday morning, February 13.

DOBIN.—On January 29, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Sybil, aged 18, beloved elder daughter of Fanny and Michael Dobin, and dear sister of Benita.—44, Carisbrooke Road, Doncaster, and 7, Bowes Road, E. Acton, London.

DOBIN.—On January 29, 1946, after a brief illness, Sybil Dobin, beloved granddaughter of Mrs. H. Safkin and Mrs. S. Benjamin. Deeply mourned by her aunts, uncles, cousins, relatives, and friends.

DONNER.—On February 1, 1946, Phillip Donner, beloved husband of the late Mrs. Betsy Donner, passed away at 27, Peter Avenue, Willesden, N.W.10. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing sister, Hinda, his children, Alex, Asher, David, Sally, Raie, Jeane, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May his dear soul rest in peace. American and Canadian papers please copy.

Deaths—(Continued)

FLACKS.—On Saturday, February 2, 1946 (1 Adar 1), Esther Flacks passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her husband, David, daughter, Fanny, son, Harry and brother, Jack. May her dear soul rest in peace.—19, Old Hall Road, Broughton Park, Salford, 7.

FLACKS.—On Saturday, February 2, 1946 (1 Adar 1), Esther Flacks, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her son-in-law, Myer, grandchildren, Benjamin, Jeffrey, Neville, Betty, and Pat, and great-grandchild, Susan.

FLACKS.—On Saturday, February 2, 1946 (1 Adar 1), Esther Flacks, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by her loving son, Maurice, daughter-in-law, Lilie, and grandchildren, Anthony and Michael.

FOX.—On Thursday, January 31, 1946, after a long illness very bravely and patiently borne, Charles Fox, 124, King's Road, Brighton (formerly of Edgware), son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Oberman, of Toronto, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned. His memory will ever be cherished by his loving wife, Anne, sons, Norman and Melvyn, brothers, Harry, Sam, and Hyman, sister, Freda, sisters-in-law, Sonia, Bella, Jenny, Sara, Gilda, Frances, brothers-in-law, Jack, Frank, and Leo, and by his nieces and nephews. May his dear soul rest in peace. Canadian papers, please copy.

FREEDMAN.—On January 28, 1946, after a short illness, Barnett Freedman, aged 76, of 34, Brick Lane, E.1, passed away. Deeply mourned by his wife, Fanny, sons, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, and friends. May his dear soul rest in peace.

FRIEDLANDER.—On February 5, 1946, Jacob (Jack) Friedlander, dearly beloved husband of Sara, second son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Henry Friedlander, and brother of Morris, Samuel, and Tauba (Mattie). Very deeply mourned. Shiva at 144, Station Road, Hendon, N.W.4.

FRIESNER.—On January 25, 1946, at 239, Great Clowes Street, Salford, 7, Johnny Friesner, passed peacefully away. A dear friend taken from our midst. Will always be remembered by Annie and Noah Alexander, Dora and Jack Cohen, Doris and Monty Cohen, and Ella and Ben Davidson.

GLINERT.—On Thursday, January 31, 1946, Kate, beloved wife of Philip Glinert, of 15, Berkshire Gardens, Palmers Green. Deeply mourned by her husband, daughters, Fanny, Pearl, Lily, sons, Sidney, Louis, sisters, brothers, daughters-in-law, Faye, Sadie, sons-in-law, Alfred, Charles, Harold, grandchildren, Claire, David, Carol, Roy, Alan, Norman, Barry, Shirley, Doreen, Madeleine, Norma, sisters-in-law, brothers-in-law, nieces, nephews, future grandson-in-law, and friends. She suffered in silence. Gone from our sight but never from our hearts. May her dear soul rest in everlasting peace.

GOLDBERG.—On February 4, 1946, Fanny Goldberg (Goldsborough), of 357, Queen's Road, Upton Park, E.13. Deeply mourned by her husband, son, daughters, daughter-in-law, sons-in-law, grandchild, relatives, and friends.

GOLDMAN.—On February 3, 1946, after a long illness patiently borne, Isaac Goldman, aged 63. Deeply mourned by his devoted wife, Mary, loving son, Eric, B.A.O.R., daughters, Sylvia, Anne, Renee, grandson, Michael, sons-in-law, relatives, and friends. May his dear soul rest in peace.—19, Savile Place, Leeds, 7.

GOODMAN.—On February 5, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Ada Goodman, beloved wife of Herman. Deeply mourned by her husband, brothers, sisters, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, relatives, and friends. Shiva at 63, Craven Walk, N.16.

GOODMAN.—On February 5, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Ada Goodman. Deeply mourned by her loving son, Samuel, daughter-in-law, Pearl, and granddaughters, Shirley and Anne. Shiva at 63, Craven Walk, N.16.

GOODMAN.—On February 5, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Ada Goodman. Deeply mourned by her loving daughter, Rose (Mrs. Lambert), son-in-law, Henry, and grandson, Stephen, 51, Foresters Drive, E.17. Shiva at 63, Craven Walk, N.16.

GORDON.—On February 2, 1946, Abraham Gordon, beloved husband of Rachael. Deeply mourned by his devoted and loving wife, sons, daughters, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, relatives, Mechutanim, and friends. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace. Shiva at 48, Brunswick Road, Hove, Sussex.

HALPERIN.—On Thursday, January 24, 1946, Rachel Halperin, passed away. Deeply mourned by her family who loved her dearly.

HAMEL.—On January 31, 1946, Simon Hamel, 41, Adolphus Road, N.4, passed away. Deeply mourned by his heartbroken wife, Frieda, daughters, Berta and Anna, sons-in-law, Josef and Paul, grandson, and a large circle of relatives and friends.

JACOBI.—On January 29, 1946, at Brighton, Pauline, dearly beloved wife of Charles Jacobi, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her sorrowing husband, son, daughters, granddaughters, son-in-law, and daughter-in-law.

JAY.—On February 3, 1946, peacefully at West London Hospital, Ben Jay, of 21, Gordon Mansions, W.C.1, beloved husband of Martha Jay and father of Jack and Sadie.

JOHNSON.—On February 2, 1946, at Brighton, "Dave" Johnson, dearly beloved brother of Joe, and brother-in-law of Ettie. Deeply mourned.—18, Whatley Road, Clifton, Bristol.

KAUFMAN.—On January 25, 1946, in New York, Mark Kaufman, eldest son of Joseph and the late Dorah Kaufman. Deeply mourned by brother, Bernard, sister-in-law, Clara, nephew and niece.—30, Leigham Hall, S.W.16.

LANGDON.—On February 2, 1946 (1 Adar 1, 5706), suddenly, at 4, The Mall, Surbiton, Surrey, Albert I. Langdon, aged 58. Deeply mourned by his wife, children, daughters-in-law, sister, sisters-in-law, and brothers.

LEVENE.—On January 30, 1946 (Shevat 28, 5706), Woolf Levene, aged 73, of 20, Mayland Street, E.1. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by his loving wife, Annie, sons, daughter, son-in-law, daughters-in-law, all his grandchildren and friends. American papers please copy.

LEVINE.—On Friday, February 1, 1946, Yetta Levine, devoted mother of Harry, Frank, Sam, Sybil, Betty, and Minnie. Sadly mourned by her sorrowing children, sons-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May her dear soul rest in peace.—216, Hendon Way, N.W.4.

LEVINE.—On Friday, February 1, 1946, Yetta Levine, devoted mother of Sybil and Harry Jacobs, and grandmother of Barbara and Jonathan. Sadly missed by her sorrowing daughter, son-in-law, and grandchildren. May her dear soul rest in peace.—43, Page's Lane, Muswell Hill, N.10.

LEVINE.—On February 1, 1946, Yetta Levine, widow of the late Max Levine, of 216, Hendon Way, N.W.4. Very sadly missed by her heartbroken daughter, Minnie, son-in-law, Louis Morris, and grandchildren, Valerie and Marcus. May her dear soul rest in everlasting peace.—17, Hendon Way, N.W.2.

Deaths—(Continued)

LEVY.—On January 30, 1946, at 51, Cluny Street, Hightown, Manchester, Annie Millie, widow of the late Isaac Levy. Deeply mourned by her son, Sol, daughters, Leah (Mrs. Mendik), Hattie (Mrs. Goldberg), Rose (Mrs. Bloom, Dublin), Bessie (Mrs. Asher), Ray, sister, Minnie (Mrs. Glass), brother, Joseph Rosenberg, sons-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. Her dear memory will ever be cherished. May God rest her dear soul in peace.

LEVY.—On February 1, 1946, Annie, wife of the late Israel Levy (of Liverpool), passed peacefully away in her 76th year, at St. Annes-on-Sea. Deeply mourned by her sorrowing children, Zelda, Nan, and David, and grandchildren.

LEWANDO.—On January 29, 1946, at 44, Rutland Court, Hove, Sussex, Maurice Arco Lewando, in his 70th year, beloved husband of Eugenie and father of Ian and Mario.

LINDER.—On February 3, 1946, after a long illness patiently borne, Maurice Linder, the dearly beloved husband of Flossie, and father of Louie (Girlie) and Isadore. The beauty of his life will be his everlasting memorial.—97, Hanover Gardens, Broughton Park, Salford, 7.

LINDER.—On February 3, 1946, Maurice Linder, the dearly beloved brother of Norman (13, Abbey Road Mansions, N.W.8) and Leo (88, Addison Way, N.W.11). Deeply mourned by his brothers, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, nephews and nieces, relatives, and a large circle of friends.

LINDER.—On February 3, 1946, Maurice Linder, the beloved son-in-law of Sam Harris, of Cardiff. Deeply mourned.

NATHANSON.—On January 27, 1946, at Chicago, U.S.A., in his 51st year, Abe, dearly beloved second son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nathanson, of 33, Rossendale House, N.16. Mourned by grieving parents, brothers, sisters, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, and all relatives. American papers, please copy.

ORMAN.—On Thursday, January 31, 1946, at the home of his daughter, 71, Fountain Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Harry, beloved husband of Ray Orman (late of Risca, Mon.). Deeply mourned by his wife, son, daughters, sons-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May his soul rest in everlasting peace. American and South African papers, please copy.

POSALSKI (Jacobs).—On Monday, January 28, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Shprintza, aged 65, widow of the late Jacob Posalski. Deeply mourned by her sorrowing daughter, Sylvia, son-in-law, Sam Ross, granddaughter, and by her devoted step-children, Hyman (Jay), Joe (Jay), Kay (Claff), Sara (Kon), sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, nieces, nephews, relatives, and friends.—6, Cyprus Avenue, Finchley, N.3.

POSNER.—On Wednesday, January 16, 1946, Morry, of 17, Lingwood Road, E.5, well-known and esteemed friend, passed peacefully away after an illness bravely borne. Morry was one of nature's gentlemen, and the memory of his uprightness and his cheerful countenance at all times, will for ever be retained by us, his affectionate and sincere friends, Goldhart Brothers. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.

POSNER.—On January 16, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Morry Posner. Deeply mourned and never to be forgotten by his friends, Mr. and Mrs. N. Shine and family.

POSNER.—On Wednesday, January 16, 1946, Morry Posner. Deeply mourned by Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Ornstein and family, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Silver and son. His memory will always be with us.

RABBINOWICZ.—On February 2, 1946, peacefully, Dinah, widow of E. W. Rabbinowicz, mother of H. J. Rabbin, E.S.O.—33, Kingsway, Wembley. Deeply mourned.

ROSENBAUM.—On February 1, 1946, Annie, widow of the late Henry Rosenbaum, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her children, grandchild, nieces, and nephews.

SADUR.—On Friday, February 1, 1946, Solomon Sadur, beloved husband of Sylvia. Sadly missed by his daughter, Sadie, sons, Isaac, Alec, Maurice, and Louis, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May his dear soul rest in peace.—32, Richborough Road, Cricklewood, N.W.2.

SHAPERO.—On January 6, 1946, with heartrending suddenness, Harry, aged 32 years, dearly beloved husband of Dora Shapero, 56, Portland Avenue, London, N.16. Deeply mourned by his devoted and heartbroken wife. May his dear soul rest in peace.

SHAPERO.—On January 6, 1946, Harry Shapero, aged 32, taken suddenly from our midst, beloved only son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Shapero, 1, Park Avenue, Mitcham, and dearest brother and brother-in-law of Pearl and Sidney Gromis. Our treasured one has gone from our sight, but never from our hearts. His memory will be ever green to us. May his dear soul rest in peace everlasting.

SHAPERO.—On January 7, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Louis Shapero, aged 66 years, father of Harry Shapero (as above), dearly beloved husband of Esther Shapero, 1, Park Avenue, Mitcham. Devoted and adored father and father-in-law of Pearl and Sidney Gromis. His gracious and loving deeds will ever be a cherished and loved memory. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.

Continued on next page

ALLIANCE
ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
HEAD OFFICE:
BARTHOLOMEW LANE, LONDON, E.C.2
Established 1824
INSURANCES OF ALL KINDS
FIRE - MARINE - BURGLARY & THEFT
Accidents of all kinds - Motor Vehicles
LIFE (with and without profits)
Estate Duty Policies - Family Protection
Children's Deferred Assurances and Educational Endowments - Annuities
The Company undertakes the duties of Executor and Trustee

Deaths—*(Continued)*

SCHONFIELD.—On Wednesday, January 30, 1946, Major William Schonfield, T.D., passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by his wife and sons.

SIMONS (Strock).—On February 1, 1946, Jessie, wife of the late Simon Strock (late of North Place). Deeply mourned by her son, Mark, 10, Beechcroft Avenue, N.W.11, daughters Ray Julius, Fanny Gordon, Esther, son-in-law, Jack, daughter-in-law, Rose, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren.—6, British Street, Bow.

SINGER.—On February 5, 1946 (I Adar 4), after a brief illness, Barnett Singer, 2, Cliff Grange, Higher Broughton, Salford, 7, passed peacefully away. Sadly missed by his devoted wife Sarah, sons, daughter-in-law, grandsons, sister, and relatives.

SMITH.—On January 29, 1946, Benjamin Smith, of 16, High Road, Kilburn, N.W.6, dearly beloved husband of Netha, father of Alfred. Sadly mourned by daughter-in-law, granddaughter, relatives, and friends.

STOCKLEY.—On Thursday, January 24, 1946, Abraham Stockley, of 27, Park View Road, N.W.10. Deeply mourned by his sons Harry, Maurice, Jack, daughter, Dolly, son-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, great-granddaughter. May his dear soul rest in peace.

WASSERMANN.—On February 5, 1946 (corresponding with I Adar 4, 5706), David Wassermann, aged 82, of 18, Woodstock Avenue, London, N.W.11 (formerly Hamburg), passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by his sons, Alfred, Max, and Kurt, daughters-in-law, Claire and Vera, grandsons, Gordon and Steven, brothers and sisters-in-law, nephews, nieces, and friends. American papers, please copy.

WOLFSTHAL.—On Tuesday, January 22, 1946, Isidor (Mill) Wolfsthal. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing brother, Bernard, and sister-in-law, Clara. God rest his soul in peace.—29, Alexandra Grove, Finsbury Park, N.

WROBEL.—On February 3, 1946, Majka (wife of the late Abraham Wrobel, of Losice, Poland). Deeply mourned by her sorrowing children, Sol, Harry, and Tema, daughters-in-law, son-in-law, and grandchildren. May her dear soul rest in peace. Shiva and services at 84, Elm Hall Drive, Liverpool, 18.

YELLIN.—On Tuesday, January 29, 1946, Deborah Yellin. Sadly mourned and deeply missed by her son, Bernard, daughters, Ray, Anne, and Celie, sisters, Mrs. Goldberg, Mrs. Axelrod, sons-in-law, daughter-in-law, brothers-in-law, and grandchildren. God rest her dear soul in everlasting peace.—Philpot Street, E.1.

IN MEMORIAM

DIED ON SERVICE

METZGER.—To-day and every day we mourn the loss of our beloved eldest son and devoted brother, Harold (Sgt., R.A.F.), killed in a flying accident February 10, 1945. "Mum," "Dad," Ivan, and Theodore (Teddy), also relatives and friends.—21, Alkham Road, N.16.

SMOLLAN.—In loving memory of our sons, Joshua, presumed killed January 31, 1944, in Italy, and Dennis, killed February 7, 1943. Always remembered by loving parents, brothers, sister, grandparents, relatives, and friends.—12, Grosvenor Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 2.

AARONSON.—Precious memories of our dear mother, Henrietta Aaronson, who passed away February 18, 1943. "We think of her in silence, but with no outward show, for hearts that mourn sincerely, beat silently and slow."

ALEXANDER.—In loving memory of our devoted husband and father, Myer Alexander, who passed away February 1st, 1945. Deeply mourned.—17, Macdowall Road, Edinburgh.

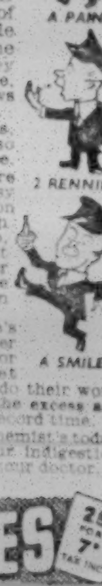
ARNOVITCH.—In loving memory of our dear husband and father, Solomon Arnovitch, who passed away Adar 9, 5703. For ever in our thoughts. Sadly missed by his wife, son, and daughters.

BERTLESTEIN.—Cherished memories of our dearest mother, Annie Bertlestein, who passed away March 3, 1939 (Adar 12, 5699). Always in the thoughts of her son, Sam, daughter-in-law, Esther, and grandsons, Julie and Iver. God rest her sweet soul in everlasting peace.—472, Blackley New Road, Manchester.

ESTREICH.—In loving and unfading memory of our dear husband and father, Lewis Estreich, who passed away February 17, 1936 (Shevat 25). Deeply mourned by his wife, son, daughters, sons-in-law, daughter-in-law, and grandchildren. Too dearly loved ever to be forgotten.—92/94, Ashwarg Street, Stepney, E.1.

GREEN.—In fond memory of Minnie Green (late of 167, Cliftonpark Avenue, Belfast), who passed away February 9, 1940. Deeply regretted by her son-in-law, Basil, and grandson, Stanley.

IS INDIGESTION Your form of grief? Take two Rennies — Get quick relief!



Has indigestion taken all the joy out of your life? Are you one of those unhappy people who have to pay the piper for every meal they eat? Well, if you are, Rennies are the good news you've been waiting for.

Rennies are tablets, separately wrapped so you can carry them loose.

What's more—they are pleasant-tasting and easy to take. No water, spoon and tumbler to fuss with—you simply suck two, one after the other, just like sweets. No matter where you are, you'll be ready when indigestion strikes.

From now on there's no need for you to suffer—so don't feel sorry for yourself! Instead, let Rennies 15 ingredients do their work. They will counteract the excess acid and stop your pain in record time.

Get Rennies at your chemist's today. If they don't shift your indigestion, it's high time you saw your doctor.

DIGESTIF RENNIES 25 FOR 7d TAX INC.

In Memoriam—*(Continued)*

GOLDBERG.—In ever loving memory of our dearly beloved husband and father, Gedaliah Hersh Goldberg, who passed away Adar 4, 5705 (February 17, 1945). Deeply mourned and sadly missed by his wife, son, daughters, sons-in-law, daughter-in-law, and grandchildren. His goodness and kindness will live for ever in our hearts.—348, Bancroft Road, Mile End, E.1.

HARRIS.—In ever loving memory Louis Harris, of 176, Stoke Newington Road, N.16, February 12, 1943. Always missed by his wife, Pearl, darling sons, Malcolm and Donald.

JOSEPH (Marle).—In loving memory of my dear husband Abraham, who passed away February 13, 1944. Greatly missed by his wife Golda, daughters, and sons-in-law. May his dear soul rest in peace.

KLEIN.—In loving memory of my dear husband, Joe Klein, who passed away February 7, 1944. Always remembered by his wife, Sophie, sons, Leonard, Max, and Alan.—"Marquis of Cornwallis," 28, Warren Street, W.1.

LEE (Linskie).—Treasured memories of our dear husband and father, Simon, who was taken from us February 19, 1929 (Adar 9, 5689). Sadly missed by his devoted wife, sons, daughter, grandchildren, son-in-law, relatives, and friends.—5, Winchester Avenue, Prestwich.

LIBBERT.—In loving memory of our dear husband and father, Israel Libbert, who passed away Adar 10, 5700 (February 19, 1940).—9, New Hall Avenue, Salford, 7.

LUBKIN.—In loving and cherished memory of Louise Lubkin, who was taken from us Adar 8, 5705 (February 21, 1945). Sadly missed by and for ever in the thoughts of her devoted daughter, Claire Finkel, son-in-law, Louis, grandson, John. May her sweet soul for ever rest in peace.—109, Clifton Court, N.W.8.

POLLACK.—In cherished and unfading memory of an adored husband and father, Mark Pollack, taken from us February 18, 1945 (Adar 5, 5705). For ever in the thoughts of his heartbroken wife and daughters, Shiela and Pamela. May his dear soul rest in peace.—14, Gilda Crescent, N.16.

POLLACK.—In ever loving and unfading memory of our darling brother, Mark Pollack, who passed to his eternal rest Adar 5, 5705 (February 18, 1945). Gone from our sight, but for ever in our thoughts. Sadly missed by his heartbroken brother, Monty, sisters, Bella, Marie, and Tilly, sister-in-law, brothers-in-law, nephews, and nieces. God rest his beloved soul in peace.—30, Gilda Crescent, N.16.

SANDLER.—In everlasting memory of Esther Sandler, who died February 10, 1943. Beloved wife of Philip, and mother of Mark, Kitty, and Edith. Ever in our thoughts.

SUPRAN.—Cherished and beautiful memories of our adored husband and father, Israel Supran, whom God called to rest on February 11, 1945. Sadly missed by his broken-hearted wife, Sophie, daughters, Ray, Belle (Mrs. George Mendes), Eva (Mrs. Jack Finniston), son, Charles, sons-in-law, and grandchildren. May our beloved rest in peace.—11, Lingwood Road, E.5.

WOOLF.—In ever loving memory of our darling son and brother, Isador Ian, who died so tragically on February 7, 1941. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by his heartbroken mother and "Dad," brothers, Abel and Sydney. His sweet memory will live in our hearts for ever.

ZIMMERMAN.—In memory of our dear mother and "grandma," Sarah Zimmerman, who died February 11, 1942.

MEMORIAL STONES

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10

BROOKE.—The memorial stone in loving memory of Esther Brooke will be consecrated on Sunday, February 10, 1946, at 11 a.m. at Layton Cemetery, Blackpool. Will relatives and friends please accept this, the only intimation.

GRAHAM (Gottlieb).—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Isaac (Sonny) Graham, of 48, Ledbury Road, W.11, will be consecrated at Willesden Cemetery, on Sunday, February 10, 1946, at 3 p.m. Please accept this as the only intimation.

LEVY.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Sophia Levy, wife of the late Bernard Levy, will be consecrated at the Broad Green Cemetery, Liverpool, on Sunday, February 10, 1946, at 12.30 p.m.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17

FINEGOLD.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Mrs. Charles Finegold will be consecrated on Sunday, February 17, 1946, at Edmonton Cemetery at 3 p.m. Will relatives and friends kindly accept this as the only intimation.

GOLDBERG.—The tombstone in loving memory of the late Gedaliah Hersh Goldberg will be consecrated at Edmonton Cemetery on Sunday, February 17, 1946, at 2.30 p.m. Will relatives and friends please accept this as the only intimation. Cars will leave at 1.45 p.m. from 348, Bancroft Road, Mile End, E.1.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 24

SOLOMON.—The tombstone for the late Isaac Solomon ז״ל (of Llanelly) will be consecrated on Sunday, February 24, 1946, at Willesden Cemetery at 3.30 p.m. Please accept this intimation.

PERSONAL

Mrs. H. J. Aspis wishes to acknowledge and express her deepest thanks for the kind messages of sympathy received on the occasion of her recent bereavement.—50, Raglan Court, Wembley Park, Middlesex.

Mr. Morris Kelion and family extend sincere thanks to clergy, societies, relatives, and friends for their numerous expressions of sympathy shown to them in their recent bereavement and irreparable loss of their dear wife and mother, Sarah.—463, Mile End Road, Bow, E.3.

The wife and family of the late Aaron Musaphia wish to thank all relatives and friends for their kind expressions of sympathy in their sad bereavement.

Mrs. W. Petrook and family, of 48, Clarendon Court, Finchley Road, N.W.11, wish to thank relatives and friends for the kind expressions and messages of sympathy received in their recent bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Primhak and son wish to thank all those who kindly expressed sympathy with them in their recent bereavement.

Mrs. R. Rabinowitz, sons, and daughters, of 53, New Road, E.1, wish to thank the Rabbanim and large circle of friends for their visits and messages of sympathy received on the loss of their beloved husband and father, Rabbi M. S. Rabinowitz.

Mrs. D. Sellman and family tender their sincere thanks to all relatives and friends for all letters, telegrams, and personal visits, received in their tragic bereavement. They regret that messages of condolence were too numerous to answer individually.—20, Stoneyfields Lane, Edgware.

Mr. Mottas Silver and family, 13, Macfair, Northampton, wish to thank relatives, Mechutanim, and friends for their kind condolence in the sad death of Mrs. Rose Silver, who passed away on January 24, 1946. Ever in our thoughts.

The family of the late Mr. Jacob Swift wish to thank the clergy, relatives, and friends for their kind visits and messages of sympathy in their sad bereavement.—115, Ullet Road, Liverpool.

Mr. and Mrs. John Woolf and Sons wish to thank all relatives and friends for the beautiful floral tributes, letters, telegrams, etc., received on the occasion of their recent bereavement.—"The Marquis of Lorne," 49a, Dalyell Road, S.W.9.

Personal—*(Continued)*

Mr. William Zadel wishes to thank all relatives and friends for their kind expressions and visits of sympathy in his tragic bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Goldman, of 36, Westbourne Parkway, Hartford, Connecticut, U.S.A., wish to thank relatives and friends for their gifts, telegrams, and kind wishes, and regret they were unable to say "goodbye" to everyone, but hope one day to entertain them at their home in America.

Mr. Simon Jacoby, of London, now residing at 148, Chapeltown Road, Leeds, is anxious to contact his nephew, Fritz Jacobowitz.

Raul (Rolus) Bauer, 11-year-old son of Bernard and Frieda Bauer, of Boryslov, last seen Bergen-Belsen, after liberation. Information wanted.—Address, 924, Jewish Chronicle.

I got it off with DABITOFF: a rub or two and the stain's gone, and the fitted cleaning pad is so convenient; try it! Only 1/9d. from Chemists' stores or direct (post free) from Chemo-Plastics Ltd., Manchester Square, London, W.1.

Are you having a party? Experienced lady can help you with every arrangement, including cooking, pastry-making, sandwiches, etc.—Mandl. 'Phone, GLA. 1422, hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Advertiser has considerable funds available for the purchase of any well-established business, such as general merchandise, manufacturing and commercial undertakings, properties, etc.; write in first instance, giving fullest details; replies treated in strict confidence; principals only.—Address, 9,517, Jewish Chronicle.

Gents' Formal Wear for Weddings and Social Functions.—Write, 'phone, or call at Suite 24, 140, Park Lane, London, W.1. (MAYfair 4373.)

Avant Galleries Ltd., will pay best prices for fine quality secondhand furniture.—Write to, or call at, 169/173, Tottenham Court Road, London, W.1, or 'phone EUSton 4667.

"My Hat! I must remember to send it to GUY'S!" Felt hats in large quantities are still one of our needs.—Appeal Secretary, GUY'S HOSPITAL, London, S.E.1.

Whisky, Gin, Foreign and British Liqueurs and Wines, Champagnes, Cocktails, etc.—St. George's Vineries Ltd., at 76-78, George Street, Baker Street, W.1, can supply all your requirements. ('Phone WEL. 3819.)

COMMUNAL NOTICES

ק״ק כנסת ישראל

UNITED SYNAGOGUE

GOLDERS GREEN SYNAGOGUE
Dunstan Road, N.W.11.

PREACHER, to-morrow (Sabbath), the Rev. S. Warshaw, B.A. (of Brighton Synagogue).

BRONDESBURY SYNAGOGUE
Chevening Road, N.W.6.

BASES and tenors wanted.—Apply, Choirmaster, J. Kuchinsky, A.Mus.L.C.M.

BRIXTON SYNAGOGUE HEBREW AND RELIGION CLASSES

GOOD teachers required for Infant, Junior, and Senior Classes; sessions, Sunday morning, Tuesday and Thursday evening.—Applications to the Secretary, Brixton Synagogue, Effra Road, S.W.2.

STREATHAM BRANCH

Classes are now being resumed in the Streatham area. All interested please apply to the Secretary.

MANCHESTER VICTORIA MEMORIAL JEWISH HOSPITAL
Elizabeth Street, Cheetham.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of assistant to the General Superintendent and Secretary; previous hospital experience preferable; shorthand and typing and knowledge of appeals organisation and accounts an advantage; salary according to experience.—Applications, together with copies of three testimonials, to be sent forthwith to the General Superintendent, marked "Assistant Secretary."

DERBY HEBREW CONGREGATION

APPLICATIONS are invited for the position of Shochet and teacher.—Write, stating age, qualifications, and salary required, to the President, Mr. H. Levy, 33, Harriet Street, Derby.

NOTTINGHAM HEBREW CONGREGATION

REQUIRED, Chazan and Shochet (Mohel qualification an asset).—Write, stating qualifications and salary required, etc., to M. Newman, 64, Harlaxton Drive, Nottingham.

NEW CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, GLASGOW

APPLICATIONS are invited for the position of Rav to above Congregation; must have good knowledge of English and possess approved qualifications.—Applications in writing, to Hon. Secretary, K. Florence, C.A., 20, Kinross Avenue, Glasgow, S.W.2.

PONTYPRIDD HEBREW CONGREGATION

APPLICATIONS invited for position of Chazan, Shochet, Teacher.—State salary, qualifications, etc., to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. M. Freedman, 50, Rickards Street, Pontypridd, S. Wales.

PUBLIC NOTICES

RE HARRIS PAUL, Deceased
Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925

ALL persons having claims against the estate of HARRIS PAUL, late of The White House, Albany Street, St. Marylebone, in the County of London, and 5, Jesmond Road, Canvey Island, in the County of Essex, Underwear Manufacturer, who died on the 13th day of December 1945 are required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned the solicitors for the executors appointed by the will of the said deceased, on or before the 15th day of April 1946, after which date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate of the said deceased having regard only to valid claims then notified.

DATED this 29th day of January, 1946.

MALTZ, MITCHELL & CO.,
Gwydir Chambers, 104, High Holborn, W.C.1.

Re PHILLIP WALDMAN, Deceased

WILL any person having knowledge of a Will made by PHILLIP WALDMAN, late of 76, Salmon Street, Kingsbury, N.W.9, who died on the 13th January, 1946, please communicate with the undersigned.

ISRAEL, JOSLIN & Co.,
8, Southampton Row, W.C.1, Solicitors.

WYNSCHENK.—Will Miss Eva Wynschenk, Miss B. Wynschenk, or Miss Esther Wynschenk, formerly of 10, Delaware Buildings, Colinwood Street, E.1, and 18, Park House, Shore Road, E.9, or any person who can give any information concerning the above, communicate with Sanderson, Lee and Co., 7/11, Moorgate, London, E.C.2.

ARTICLES FOR SALE OR WANTED

BEAUTIFUL dyed ermine fur coat for sale; made by exclusive West End furrier; medium size; 700 guineas.—Address, 849, Jewish Chronicle.

JOHN LEWIS AND COMPANY LTD., Oxford Street, W.1, wish to buy second-hand brush and comb sets, make-up cases, powder bowls, trinket sets, etc., in good condition.—Please write or telephone to the Department concerned. MAYfair 7711.

PERSIAN broad-tail fur coat; good size; worn, but excellent condition; £175, worth double.—Address, 871, Jewish Chronicle.

PURELY PERSONAL

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS. Very desirable effects are noted when father receives present of King Six Cigars (1/1 each). So the search to find them is well worth while.

EDUCATIONAL

THE LONDON COLLEGE OF MUSIC
Great Marlborough Street, Regent Street, W.1.
DIRECTOR: DR. B. BROMLEY-DERRY, M.V.O.
PRIVATE TUITION AT MODERATE FEES IN PIANO, SINGING, VIOLIN, ORGAN, ELOCUTION, ETC.
PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS IN MUSIC AND ELOCUTION HELD IN APRIL, JULY, AND DECEMBER.
TEACHING PROSPECTUS OR EXAMINATION SYLLABUS ON APPLICATION TO THE SECRETARY.
PHONE: GER. 6120.

LADY piano teacher from the Music Academy gives lessons; special arrangements for children.—Address, 815, Jewish Chronicle.

PIANO lessons, Joop de la Fuente, concert pianist-music teacher; Final Diploma Conservatory Music-Lyceum, Amsterdam, 100, Huskisson Street, Liverpool, 8, has now few vacancies for serious pupils; lessons above address or town studio by arrangement.

PIANOFORTE lessons by highly qualified teacher; speciality, children and beginners.—Miss Naomi Tessel, L.R.A.M., G.R.S.M., 13, Quex Road, N.W.6. (MAIda Vale 1285.)

SALES BY AUCTION

By Order of Executors and Others.

BUNCH & DUKE will submit the following (unless previously sold) at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria Street, E.C.4, on February 14, 1946, at 2.30 p.m.

UPPER CLAPTON. Freehold "Fernbank," 1a, Fountayne Road; detached residence off Cazenove Road, extensive grounds, area about 26,000 sq. ft.; yielding from requisitioning £137 p.a. nett.

FREEHOLD INVESTMENTS. Clapton: 7, Heyworth Road, and 125, Mayola Road, each yielding from requisitioning £50 p.a. net. Hackney: 47 and 49, Balnaves Road; £89 p.a. Leyton: 119, Grange Park Road, £55 p.a.

Particulars and conditions from Bunch & Duke, 366, Mare Street, Hackney, E.8. (AMHerst 1038 and 1039.)

By Order of the Administrator.

WOOD GREEN, Highbury, Clapton, Holloway, Peckham, and Westcliff-on-Sea. Investments, consisting of freehold ground rents, freehold sites, dwelling-houses, and shop premises, situate at 6, 8, 10, 12, 18, 20, 38, 40, Winkfield Road, Wood Green; 112, Andover Road, Holloway; 278, St. Paul's Road, Islington; 73-75, Mandeville Street, Clapton; 17-27 (odd), Haymerle Road, Peckham; 12, Highbury New Park, Highbury; 48, Cossington Road, Westcliff-on-Sea.

For Sale by Auction at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria Street, E.C.4, by Mr. George Weston, in conjunction with Mendoza & Co., on Monday, February 25, 1946, at 2.30 p.m. precisely. May be viewed, and particulars from Auctioneers at their offices: 10, Sutherland Avenue, W.9, and 3, Sidmouth Parade, N.W.2. (CUNningham 4446; WILlesden 6419-20.)

To Private Owners, Executors, and Trustees.

MAPLE & COMPANY announce that they are now arranging sales at their Auction Galleries, 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1, to take place in the early part of this year and following months, of jewellery, silver, pictures, and objects of art, and they are also fixing dates for forthcoming sales by public auction of town and country residences, investments, etc.; the first date has been arranged for February 21, 1946.—All communications to Maple and Co. Ltd., Auction and Estate Offices, 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1. (REGent 4685.)

EALING COMMON. Cape House, 15, Elm Avenue. Architecturally designed, and beautifully situated freehold detached non-basement house, facing the Common at the front and overlooking playing fields at the rear; 5 bedrooms, play room, white tiled bathroom, "L" shaped drawing room, well proportioned dining room, panelled lounge hall, kitchen and scullery, and pantry; fixed wash basins to several rooms, oak strip flooring; garage, well laid-out garden; inexpensive to maintain; for sale by public auction at the Auction Galleries, 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1, on February 20 next, at 2.30 p.m., unless sold privately beforehand.—Maple and Co. Ltd., Tottenham Court Road, W.1, and 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1. (REGent 4685.)

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FOR Sale, a really choice property, the house having a very fine interior, with modern comforts, including central heating, fine oak floors and doors, etc., very fine oak-panelled hall, tastefully decorated drawing-room, dining-room, billiards room, and small study; about 10 bedrooms, 3 modern bathrooms, good offices; garage for 3 cars, stabling, picturesque lodge at the entrance to the drive, chauffeur's flat; fine gardens of about 4½ acres, with tennis court, lily pond, productive kitchen garden, etc.

This attractive property will be offered to Auction the latter part of February. Joint Auctioneers: Messrs. Harrie Stacey & Sons, Estate Agents, Redhill, Surrey, and Maple & Co., Ltd., 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1. (REGent 4685.)

56, PORCHESTER TERRACE, Hyde Park. The most imposing detached residence with garden and large garages and room over, central heating, passenger lift; fine suite of four reception rooms, 6 bathrooms, 14 bedrooms and dressing rooms; leasehold; for sale by public auction at the Auction Galleries, 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1, on February 20 next, unless sold privately.—Auctioneers, Maple and Co. Ltd., Tottenham Court Road, W.1, and 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1. REGent 4685, and Kenderdine, Watson and Dowsett, 15, Lower Grosvenor Place, S.W.1. ('phone, VICtoria 3277.)

OTHER CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE FOUND ON PAGES 2 and 18

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Parliament

109 REFUGEES ADMITTED

Home Secretary Working "With Might and Main"

Mr. Hopkin Morris (Lib., Carmarthen) asked the Home Secretary on January 31 how many refugees, former inmates of concentration camps, had now been admitted into this country under the conditions announced on November 13, 1945; and Major Legge-Bourke (Con., Isle of Ely) asked if it was possible to form an estimate of the numbers, including juveniles, likely to be admitted from the Continent to join relatives already in this country.

Mr. Ede replied by quoting an answer of January 29 to Mr. McAdam (N. Salford) that 109 aliens had arrived in this country under the scheme, but no inference could yet be drawn as to the total number likely to come here under the scheme. I am not (he added) in a position to say how many applications for visas have been made to the various British Passport Control Officers in Europe; nor can I give figures as to the number of distressed persons admitted under the scheme who have been inmates of concentration camps.

Earl Winterton (Con., Horsham): Will the right hon. gentleman see that his Department is in official communication with the official body which is largely responsible for refugee work on the Continent—that is to say, the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees—in order that the refugees who most require assistance shall be admitted to this country?

Mr. Ede: We are in communication with that body and, in fact, I myself have met representatives of it to discuss the matter.

Miss Alice Bacon (Lab., N.E. Leeds): Has the right hon. gentleman put into operation those arrangements which he promised to make with respect to people now in Austria and Germany?

Mr. Ede: No. I much regret having to say that, owing to the disturbed state of those areas and the difficulty of communication therein, it has not yet been possible to establish the organisation that I hope very shortly to bring into being there.

Viscount Hinchingbrooke (Con., Dorset): Would the right hon. gentleman say whether the number so far admitted is less or more than he has expected, and, if less, whether they justify him widening the terms of entry?

Mr. Ede: I think the prospective numbers I have in sight are about what I would have expected, and I do not think at the present time it would be wise to widen the scheme.

Widening the Scheme

Major Wilkes (Lab., Central Newcastle): If my right hon. friend should find within a few months that he has cast his net a little too narrowly, would he see whether the scheme could be widened, since there are some most unfortunate cases which just miss the operation of the present scheme?

Mr. Ede: I hope I have impressed the House previously with my desire to do all I can to lessen the appalling amount of suffering there is, but I am exceedingly anxious not to raise hopes that would be doomed to disappointment, because that would be far more cruel than maintaining the present position.

Mr. Henry Usborne (Lab., Acocks Green) asked why so many refugees, within the classification and with relatives here who had applied for them, could still obtain no definite news of their release.

Mr. Ede: If my hon. friend is referring to distressed persons in Germany or Austria, I am sorry it has not been practicable to overcome more rapidly the difficulties connected with communications, transport, and arrangements for identifying and clearing those who come within the scheme, but I am doing everything possible to facilitate the working of the scheme.

Mr. Usborne: Does the Home Secretary fully realise the heart-breaking anxiety that is felt, not only by these people in Europe but also by their relatives who are anxious to have them over here?

Mr. Ede: I am fully aware of these appalling circumstances, and I am striving with all my might and main to overcome the difficulties that confront us.

BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE ON RASHID ALI

Major L. Wilkes (Lab., Central Newcastle) asked the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Bevin, whether his attention had been drawn to an announcement made to the Arab Press by King Ibn Saud saying that he would refuse to deliver up Rashid Ali to the Allies for trial; and whether any protest or representations had been made.

Mr. Hector McNeil, Under-Secretary, in a written reply, said: Yes. I have seen an article in the press to this effect. Rashid Ali is a traitor to Iraq who has sought asylum in Saudi Arabia, and the question of his future is therefore primarily one to be decided by negotiations between the Iraqi and Saudi Arabian Governments. His Majesty's Government have made it clear to the Saudi Arabian Government that, in their opinion, the right course would be for Rashid Ali to be surrendered to the Iraqi Government for trial in the Iraqi Courts. The case, however, turns on the interpretation of the relevant paragraphs of the extradition treaty between Iraq and Saudi Arabia, as well as certain principles of Arab custom and tradition regarding the grant of asylum to fugitives which the Saudi Arabian Government are bound to take into consideration, and no solution acceptable to the parties concerned has yet been reached.

EMIR ABDULLAH OF TRANSJORDAN

Mr. Attlee, in the course of his statement on Trusteeship provisions of the United Nations Charter in the House of Commons, recently stated: "I have nothing further to say as regards the mandated territories in the Middle East except that His Highness the Emir Abdullah of Transjordan has accepted an invitation to visit London in the near future to discuss matters connected with the establishment of Transjordan's independence."

THE TALMUD IN ENGLISH

A Fitting Memorial To Our Late Chief Rabbi

From the Rev. EPHRAIM LEVINE
(Minister, New West End Synagogue)

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I write in appreciation of Dr. Parkes's appeal to Anglo-Jewry to further the completion of the Talmud in English. It comes as a timely reminder to our community of the debt we owe to the Soncino Press for having projected such a scheme and for having achieved so much. It would be a sorry commentary on our indifference to the things of the mind and the spirit if we failed to rally to the call which Dr. Parkes has sounded so forcibly. In the reconstruction programme before the world education has a foremost place; in our own community its claims are paramount.

Our lamented Chief Rabbi spent himself in effective labours to make Anglo-Jewry conscious of its literary heritage and active in endeavour to maintain it. It would be a fitting memorial to his life's work in the domain of Jewish scholarship, if we set ourselves immediately to the task of completing a great work which has advanced so far. It is a great thing to begin a Mitzvah. It is an even greater honour to finish it. I would appeal to the community to come quickly to the help of this great literary venture whose importance to Jew and non-Jew alike has been so emphatically demonstrated by Dr. Parkes. Let us raise the few thousand pounds required to ensure the completion, and let us, who know and appreciate the love of the Chief Rabbi for Jewish learning and his own success in popularising it, dedicate to his honoured memory the volumes of the Talmud that await publication.

I am, &c.,
EPHRAIM LEVINE

The New West End Synagogue, W.2.

The First £5

From Mr. S. J. HARRIS

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I have read with interest the letter on this subject from the Rev. Dr. James W. Parkes, also the article on your leader page, and I would venture to make a suggestion, as one who was a subscriber to the first 24 volumes, of which I am in possession.

Let everyone who subscribed as I did pay £5 above whatever the cost of the last eight volumes is to be. This would bring in the £6,000 needed to complete the work. I doubt whether any possessor of this monumental work would object, and I have much pleasure in enclosing my contribution of £5.

Wishing the appeal the success it deserves,

I am &c.,
SAM. J. HARRIS

14, Preston Terrace,
Roundhay Road, Leeds, 7.

Jewish Defence

DUKE OF BEDFORD'S B.P.P.

By-Election Candidate at Meeting

[From a Correspondent]

The British People's Party had a very private meeting at the Denison Hall, Victoria, last week. Admission was by presentation of personal invitation only.

Some 200 people, mainly middle-aged women, heard a dramatic attempt by General Secretary John Beckett to clear himself of the stigma of his former public association with Mosley. He made it quite clear that he disliked the label of "Fascist" being applied to his new Party.

He admitted, however, that some two per cent of the present membership of the B.P.P. was made up of ex-B.U.F. adherents.

The Duke of Bedford was the main speaker. His topic was the necessity for currency reform.

He was followed by Air Commodore G. S. Oddie, the B.P.P.'s first Parliamentary candidate. He stressed the need for the alleged reintroduction of real Christian values into society.

Most enthusiastically applauded were the following two incidents: one, when during general discussion on the name of the Party a person suggested that the word "British" be underlined; the other, when Oddie commented that Britain was once Christian.

Beckett made play of the fact that there were no disturbances during the meeting. He insisted that this was because only "British" persons were present as compared with the Holborn Hall meeting which ended in disorder.

He compared his Party to the M.R.P. of France, the People's Party of Austria, and the Centre Party of Hungary. He thought that they had to fulfil the same function of "saving the country."

I understand that at the moment the main drive for members is among Catholic elements. Recruitment is also being attempted among doctors, whose discontent at the present state of uncertainty it is sought to exploit.

At the meeting there was a display of literature approved by the B.P.P. I bought a copy of "The Rulers of Russia," by the Rev. Denis Fahey.

This is how it begins: "In this pamphlet I present to my readers a number of serious documents which go to show that the real forces behind Bolshevism in Russia are Jewish forces, and that Bolshevism is really an instrument in the hands of the Jews for the establishment of their future Messianic kingdom."

The London Central Branch of the B.P.P. has organised a series of lectures. Speakers include A. K. Chesterton, assistant editor of TRUTH, and former editor of Mosley's BLACKSHIRT.

THE annual report of Bnei Akivah for 1945 has been printed in booklet form, and is available free to any Ministers, headmasters, and teachers of Hebrew classes who may be interested.

BOARD OF JEWISH EDUCATION

First Meeting of London Body

Sir Robert Waley Cohen was invited to assume the chair at the first meeting of the newly-constituted London Board for Jewish Religious Education, which was held on Thursday in last week in the Adolph Tuck Hall at Woburn House. There were nearly sixty people present.

The meeting opened with a memorial tribute to the late Chief Rabbi by the Rev. Ephraim Levine. There could be no better, no greater memorial to the Chief Rabbi, said Mr. Levine, than a strong Jewish religious educational body to maintain the ideals of which he was the standard-bearer.

The meeting stood in silent tribute.

Mr. M. Sagon announced that Dr. M. Epstein, who was to have spoken on the work of the Joint Emergency Committee, was absent through illness.

Dr. Nathan Morris delivered an address on "The Communal Conference and Plans for the Future." He said that before they got down to a state of affairs where decisions would be taken he would like to outline some idea of what it was proposed to do in the years to come—a sort of five-year plan, in fact, for the proper direction of Jewish education in Greater London.

Their first task would be, of course, to bring to completion the structure of the new organisation, the largest and most comprehensively representative in the entire history of the community. Neither time nor effort nor patience nor, above all, money should be spared to bring the whole admirable scheme to full and untrammelled fruition. It was true to say that a large measure of unity had been attained, but that did not mean to imply that a dull and stultifying uniformity was being aimed at.

Dr. Morris expressed gratitude to the United Synagogue for rescuing Jewish religious education from the incubus of charity finance and putting it on a firm and dignified basis. He welcomed, too, the presence of representatives of the Federation of Synagogues.

After some discussion, the following were co-opted to the Board: Dayan H. M. Lazarus, Dr. N. S. Lucas, Mr. S. London, Dr. I. V. Snowman, Mrs. R. Eichholz, Mrs. B. Janner, Mrs. M. Epstein, Miss Miriam Moses, Dr. I. Feldman, Mr. J. C. Gilbert, Mr. A. Haendler, and Mr. I. Finestein.

It was decided to invite the Union of Hebrew Teachers to send a representative to the Board.

A temporary Committee of six, comprising Dayan Dr. Grunfeld, Mr. Frank Samuels, Dr. M. Epstein, Dr. B. Homa, Dr. I. V. Snowman, and Mr. Aaron Wright, was elected until such time, probably in March, as the official elections are held.

From Mr. I. SKLAR

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I attended the first meeting of the new London Board for Jewish Religious Education, and it has left me with a feeling of frustration. The meeting was conducted, to my mind, in a way that demanded of the members absolute acceptance of the form and substance of all matters on the agenda. No one was permitted to make any deletions or additions to the names proposed by those responsible for calling the first meeting. To my astonishment, I find that the proposals adopted at the recent Communal Conference on Jewish Education mention 20 co-opted members, and I submit that the meeting was led to believe that 12 was the maximum number allowed. The Chairman announced that the Board consisted of about 150 representatives, but less than 50 attended this first meeting. Perhaps this was due to the meeting being called for 5 p.m., which is too early an hour for most representatives.

I do hope that subsequent meetings will be timed to commence at a later hour if on a weekday, so as to enable more members to attend to this very important business.

I am, &c.,
I. SKLAR.

159, Fleetwood Road, N.W.10.

ADMIRAL AND GENERAL BOTH HONOURED

Medals For U.S. Jewish Officers

Rear-Admiral Lewis Strauss, United States Naval Reserve, of New York City, has been awarded the American Legion of Merit and an Oakleaf Cluster, "for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services of inestimable value" to the War and Navy Departments.

The Admiral, who is 49, entered the Naval Reserve in 1926 as a lieutenant commander, assigned to active duty in the Bureau of Ordnance. Formerly associated with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., of New York City, he is at present serving as Special Assistant to the Secretary of the Navy, and is Navy member of the Army and Navy Munitions Board. He is also Special Assistant to the Vice-Chief of Naval Operations.

Brigadier-General Edward S. Greenbaum, also of New York City, has been awarded the American Distinguished Service Medal for exceptionally meritorious service from October, 1940, to September, 1945, "discharging," according to the citation, "duties of great responsibility in the office of the Under-Secretary of War during the period of the national emergency."

Brigadier-General Greenbaum played an important rôle in determining War Department labour policies and in applying those policies to the many complex and unprecedented situations in war-time labour-management relations.

SIR JULIAN HUXLEY has been elected an Honorary Fellowship at Pembroke College, Oxford.

We rely on YOUR Generosity

Help us to help those who, through sickness, are unable to help themselves and who look to us to ease their burdens. Please give generously.

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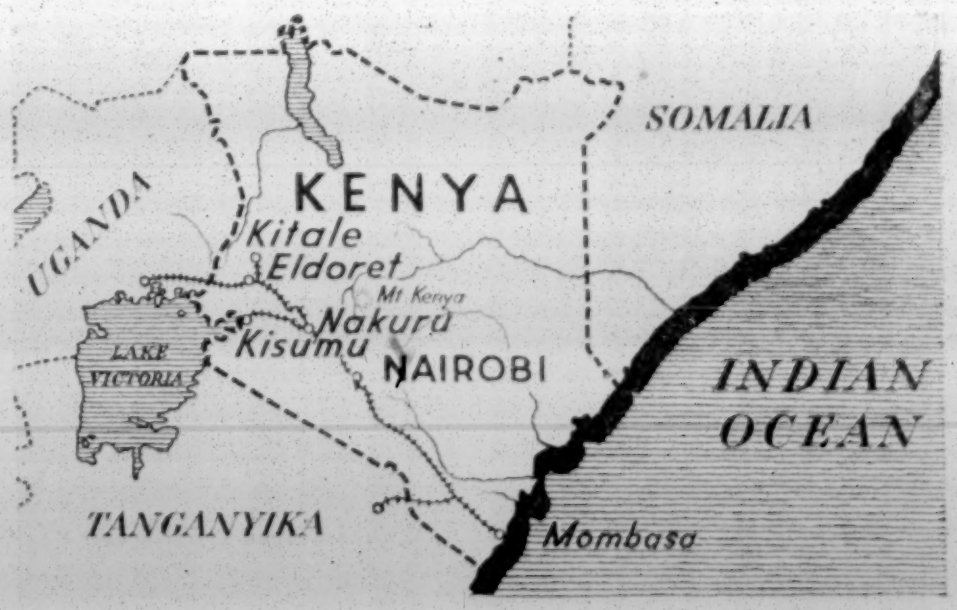
KENYA



KENYA COLONY, which lies on either side of the Equator between the Indian Ocean and Lake Victoria, has an area of some 225,000 square miles. It is a land of sharp contrasts, not only in climate and scenery—but in the character of its native people. The waterless deserts of the northern area, the rolling, well wooded uplands of the Aberdare Range, the meat-eating Masai Warriors and the pastoral vegetarian Kikuyu tribes, are all found in close proximity in this romantic country.

Its population is approximately 3,500,000. The resources of the Colony are mainly agricultural. Coffee, sisal, pyrethrum and tea are exported in considerable quantities. Sugar and maize are grown mostly for local consumption.

The average annual value of Kenya's external trade for the years 1935/39 was £8,500,000.

The Bank has branches at Nairobi, Mombasa, Eldoret, Kitale, Kisumu and Nakuru. Those concerned with trade in Africa, the Mediterranean or the West Indies, are invited to communicate with:—

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SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10
at 3 o'clock prompt
at the
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Speakers:
DAYAN I. ABRAMSKY
RABBI KOPUL ROSEN, M.A.
RABBI HARRIS SWIFT
And other prominent members of the community

The Rev. D. KUSEVITSKY and choir of the Hendon Synagogue and The Rev. A. SHECHTER and the choir of the Cricklewood Synagogue will officiate

Reception will follow

The chair will be taken by M. Rabinowicz, Esq.

Entrance by invitation card obtainable from the Secretary.

HENDON AID SOCIETY
(Home for Aged Jews and Jewish Home of Rest)
and
The Hendon Co-ordinated Charities' Fund
have pleasure in announcing their second
GRAND BAZAAR
including Fun Fair and Tombola
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SOL COHEN MEMORIAL HALL,
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SUNDAY, FEB. 17, from 2.30 to 6.30 p.m.
Refreshments will be provided in addition to numerous attractive stalls of household goods, fancy goods, toys, etc., etc.
MAKE A NOTE OF THE DATE

A.P.C. BOOK SERVICE
Will accept subscriptions for any Jewish periodical, including: "Zionist Review," "New Judea," "Chayenu," "Life in Palestine," "Jewish Forum" (1/6), "Jewish Academy" (2/-), "Palestine Tribune," "The Jew in a Changing World" Series (10/-), "Z.F. Pamphlet Service" (5/-).
Reserve now: "The Jewish State," by Theodor Herzl (A.P.C. Edition, 2/6); "The Balfour Declaration—a Dramatic Presentation," by Herzl Supran (2/-); "The Racketeers of Hatred," by L. W. Bonds (10/6); "Storytime," a book for Jewish Children, by J. Halpern and A. S. Super (8/6 & 15/-).
43/44, Great Windmill Street, London, W.1

YOUTH MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR THE LATE CHIEF RABBI
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10, at 3.30 p.m.
GREAT SYNAGOGUE, Duke's Place, London, E.C.3
(Arranged by the Association for Jewish Youth in conjunction with the Jewish Chaplain, London District)
Officiating Clergy:
Rabbi I. BRODIE (Senior Jewish Chaplain), the Rev. M. LEW (Jewish Chaplain, London District), the Rev. S. KUSEVITSKY.
Choir under the direction of Mr. L. SHOOT.
Rabbi I. BRODIE will deliver the Address.
Men and Women in the Forces, and all Jewish Youth are invited to attend.

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SERMON FOR THE WEEK

THE SANCTUARY

IN this week's portion of the Law we read of the sanctuary which God commanded the children of Israel to build. Many rabbis have regarded the sanctuary as a symbol, whose purpose was to impress the Jewish people with spiritual teaching. But Maimonides' view is nearest to the plain narrative of our Sidra, explaining the main purpose of the sanctuary as to wean the Israelites from idolatrous worship and turn them towards God. But even he has no objection to any interpreter who combined with the facts and details we read in our Sidra spiritual ideas and ethical programmes by which every generation is called upon to build a sanctuary in order that God may dwell in our midst. Following this age-old tradition, we, too, must ask how we can build a sanctuary that God may live near to us. If we know what Judaism is, if we have real knowledge of our Jewish faith, we may call this Jewish knowledge our sanctuary which guarantees that we shall not drift away from God, but walk along a path which will lead towards His truth and His blessing. Five, perhaps six, millions of our brethren have died as victims of brutal persecution during this war. For their sake, too, we must make known to ourselves and to the world the knowledge of what the Jewish faith is. Our brethren died for this Jewish faith. They died in the name of God, who is the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. Martyrdom is death for the sake of God. And we must insist that the death of our brethren and sisters is martyrdom. Therefore, the honour of those who have died during this war, the glory of their death, is connected with the task of re-interpreting the Jewish religion.

LET us think of our unhappy brothers and sisters who suffered and died in these last years on the Continent. Let us not spare ourselves. Let us imagine them in their last hour standing before the gas-chambers, naked, beaten, humiliated—humiliated even after their death by the Belsen defending counsel's description of them as "the dregs of the European ghettoes." (This shocking and recent offence had its forerunner at the beginning of the war, when a Left-wing writer whose books are read by our adolescent sons and daughters wrote about the Jews: "They wear their martyrdom like a robe too large for them.") For these people, for these offended martyrs, we have to work, for their honour, for their rehabilitation, for their cause. It would be a great mistake to say, "These men and women are dead, what can we do about it, how can we come to their succour—their tragedy is over?" No, no, and again no. There is still something to be done, something of great importance. These Jewish men and women are martyrs in the holiest sense of the word. But they are martyrs only under one condition—that we prove again to ourselves and to the world that Judaism is a true religion. Unless we prove that again, then the death of our brothers and sisters on the Continent is a deplorable incident, but not martyrdom. A storm rages at sea and a ship is lost, a wild beast falls upon a man and kills him, a slate falls from a roof and kills a passer-by: these are deplorable incidents, and certainly a bitter fate. But our brothers and sisters did not merely die as victims of a blind fate—they died as martyrs, as the bearers of the Jewish name, as witnesses of God. The enemy of God is bound to be an enemy of the Jew. The Jews died as martyrs revealing with their death that this war—in spite of all the self-interest of the combatants—carried a decision: with God or against God.

WE must be faithful to our brothers and sisters who died as Jews have often died in history. They died the death of Kiddush ha-Shem, they died for God's sake. This glory has to be made visible. But this visibility, this true understanding of the holy meaning of their sacrifice, can only be achieved by a reinterpretation of Judaism, proving anew that the Jew stands for the true religion, that the Jew stands not only for a religion, but for the religion representing the truth exclusively. "Now go, write it before them on a tablet, and inscribe it in a book, that it may be for the time to come for ever and ever." These are the words of Isaiah (xxx, 8), and they are valid for to-day.

The reinterpretation of Judaism has become the urgent task of our generation. It seems sometimes that Judaism is a forgotten faith. What do we hear from Jewish platforms? Very often, we have to admit, merely slogans. Well-meaning people formulate ideologies and catchphrases. But the eternal message of our prophets and rabbis has become estranged from Jewish public life. Therefore, the reinterpretation of Judaism is the most pressing point in the programme of Jewish culture. If we can talk to the new and Anglicised generation in their own terminology and interpret Judaism by using their own language, we shall win them for the Jewish people and not lose them by de-Judaisation and intermarriage. We must regain our spiritual aggressiveness. There is only one truth, and that one and exclusive truth is enshrined in the tenets of Judaism. The Jew with the uniqueness of Israel's heritage in his heart and in his mind—and thus regaining his spiritual aggressiveness—may say: These five and a half million martyrs who died in the concentration camps and in the gas-chambers were Jews and not Christians. They died because they were Jews, bearing witness with their death that the Jew blocks the way of the barbarian. The Jew does it, and no one else does it so uncompromisingly, only the Jew, only he.

THE REV. I. LIVINGSTONE and Mr. Israel Gellman have been appointed to serve as co-opted members on the Hendon Education Committee.

THE WAYSIDE PULPIT

THE be-all and end-all of Scripture is disinterested loving service to our fellowmen.—Talmud.

Text selected by the Committee for Proclaiming Jewish Ethics for the fortnight beginning Monday, February 11, 1946.

THE PALESTINE INQUIRY COMMITTEE

Continued from page 1

ence. He was sure that in the minds of the British Cabinet of 1917, and of the Colonial Secretaries, in the minds of Winston Churchill and Herbert Samuel, it was not expected that the Jews should solve the problem of the relationship of the Jewish National Home, which they were building, to the complexities of the whole Middle Eastern situation. The British expected to solve that. In so far as there was a failure, it was primarily a British failure, not a Jewish.

Judge Hutcheson questioned the point about Jewish representation and their not having a say in matters affecting them. In his own country and in England, he said, there were a large number of Jews occupying very important positions. Did Dr. Parkes mean European Jews? That was all right. He (the Judge) knew nothing about that. He hoped to learn in his three weeks' visit there. When Dr. Parkes talked about bringing help to a people who were scattered and without power, could he tell him in history of another instance of influence, or whatever it was that organised that Committee, being brought to bear so that a Committee was set up for the particular purpose of dealing with such a matter?

Dr. Parkes replied that he could not, but he did not want the Judge to think that he was anything but delighted that the Committee had been set up.

Judge Hutcheson laboured the point. Dr. Parkes, he remarked, had said there was nobody to speak for these people, nobody to do anything for them. He said that such a people had been able to produce such a something which brought about the Committee.

Dr. Parkes said the Judge was illustrating his point perfectly—here were two great nations wanting to do something for the Jews, and think something for them.

Was it queried the Judge, that they wanted to run the world?

"They want to run themselves," replied Dr. Parkes.

Did they want the nations of the world to withdraw and leave them to it?

"No more than any other people," said Dr. Parkes.

Speaking for Themselves

When Judge Hutcheson wanted to know whether, if they had the Jewish State with two or three million people, they could run their affairs, Dr. Parkes said he preferred partition if it were practicable, a small State with a Jewish majority, having a small voice but speaking for themselves.

Did he think, asked the Judge, that that nation would have more influence in the world than, say, the five million Jews of America?

It would be different in quality, explained Dr. Parkes.

Judge Hutcheson still wanted to know what would be the change as a whole if they had this small State taking them out of the position of having no voice anywhere—which he denied.

First, psychologically, Dr. Parkes told him.

"Ah, to that I am inclined to agree with you," said the Judge.

Mr. Crick wanted the point explained in Dr. Parkes's memorandum that the Palestine Administration was pro-Arab. What evidence, he asked, was there of this? How did Dr. Parkes judge that there was truth in the Zionists' complaints?

Dr. Parkes indicated that the Administration had not acted in such a way as to further the growth of the Jewish National Home. The blame for that must be on the level of the British Government and the League rather than the Administration.

Why was anti-Semitism such a fruitful field for anyone caring to use it for his political purpose, Mr. Crick wanted to know.

One of the reasons had been Jewish homelessness, Dr. Parkes told him. Dealing with anti-Semitism in Eastern Europe he said that the position was that assimilation was impossible for the majority of them, because it was not possible for a Jew to assimilate to a culture lower than his own.

A Wrong Impression

Lord Morrison asked Dr. Parkes whether he thought it was helpful to suggest to Jews that they would not get a fair deal from the Committee because there was no Jew on it.

Dr. Parkes said that was an unfair interpretation of what he had said.

"It was the impression created on me," insisted Lord Morrison, "I don't know whether it was so on the other members of the Committee." (Mr. Crossman murmured "No.")

Mr. Crum and Mr. Crossman took up the question of Major-General Spears's allegation of similarities between the Nazi and Zionist philosophies. Dr. Parkes agreed with Mr. Crossman that the very worst elements in Zionism had an ethical quality which the S.S. lacked. The effect of increased anti-Semitism on Jews, Dr. Parkes added, was of increasing impatience, almost hysteria, in Jewish life. And it was this which made the Jews move from the idea of a National Home, at first envisaged, to that of the need for a State. It was a hysteria related to facts, some of which still existed, and not caused by imagination.

Viscount Samuel put in a memorandum which was the text of his speech in the House of Lords early in December, during the debate on Palestine. The communities, he suggested, should be treated as such irrespective of their numbers at any particular time. They should as communities be organised with representative institutions, with adequate revenue, and should have charge of their own educational, religious, and other such matters. Jewish immigration into Palestine should be reopened on a large scale. That was quite essential and Palestine as a whole should be integrally connected with the Arab States. The three communities should come together and act jointly on an Advisory Council on matters affecting the country as a whole. Later on, if the communities settled down and it was found that they would function without undue friction, then perhaps in the next generation the country might have a more usual form of government on a democratic basis. The Mandatory Power or Trustee Government should continue. In his view it would be a mistake to adopt a constitution which would make one side a permanent majority and the other a permanent minority.

Mr. Justice Singleton, asking about disturbances in Palestine, said he was sure Lord Samuel would realise that they wondered if there was a possibility of their working together peacefully.

Lord Samuel suggested that if they could get political settlement at the top they would find things different at the bottom. At the bottom people did not want to quarrel, it was at the top that they did. (Laughter.)

When Mr. Justice Singleton asked if Lord Samuel had any idea of the cause of the recent troubles in Palestine, Lord Samuel said he thought it was the young people who had become inflamed and profoundly disturbed and horrified by what had happened in Europe. Great numbers had their own relatives there. At the same time they saw around them homes readily offered to the survivors and they were profoundly indignant that these people were shut out and prevented forcibly from landing in the country, and this they regarded as contrary to international law as declared in the Mandate approved by the League of Nations. Their feelings were intensely inflamed and they felt that the only thing to do was to make trouble, so that they would get what they wanted, as the Arabs, they considered, had done, from their terrorising of 1936-39 which had led to the White Paper.

Assassination Abhorred by All

The great majority of the Jewish population, continued Lord Samuel, strongly disapproved of assassination. It was an abomination to Jewish people everywhere, and the Jewish authorities in Palestine co-operated with the police in tracking down these terrorists who committed hateful crimes.

Judge Hutcheson wanted the question of reopening Palestine to large-scale Jewish immigration explained. Did Lord Samuel mean unlimited immigration, hundreds of thousands, or how much?

Lord Samuel referred him to a suggestion he had made some years ago, in a speech in the House of Lords, during the debate on the Peel Commission, that as a temporary measure, for perhaps ten years, Jewish immigration should be limited in such a manner that at the end of that period the Arabs would still have a majority. But that was very unwelcome to the Jews.

Judge Hutcheson pressed for a more definite answer, and Lord Samuel finally named a figure of 50,000 a year.

This Judge Hutcheson thought was very large-scale immigration, but Lord Samuel thought not in view of the present circumstances. He thought the economic position of the country could allow absorption of a larger rate of immigration than hitherto. He would not agree that at that rate the Jews would constitute a majority and said the Arabs were increasing just as rapidly.

Judge Hutcheson doubted the possibility of such joint rapid increase, and Lord Samuel protested that that figure had been elicited from him under pressure. But he thought that figure practical if the country was developed industrially, if there were irrigation, and export markets were found.

Answering Mr. Crossman, he said he thought immigration should be included in the matters to be dealt with by the Central Council representing the three communities, and did not think it would be feasible to hand over the control of immigration to the Jewish Agency. He explained that from the very beginning Zionism did not depend on the numbers of the Jewish population in Palestine. It was essentially a Movement all over the world and therefore it was essential to focus the Jewish feeling through some organisation. He was one of those who accordingly devised the idea of the Jewish Agency.

Lord Samuel added that he thought geographical partition was administratively impracticable. He told Major Manningham-Buller that he did not agree that the promise of the Jewish National Home had been fulfilled. It had to be a continuous process.

Geographical Divisions

Sir Hubert Young, who was in the Middle East Department of the Colonial Office till 1927, and since then Governor of Nyasaland, testified. He had sent in a memorandum drawn up by himself and some of his friends, in response to the appeal made by the Lord Chancellor. The suggestion he put forward differed from Lord Samuel's in that it was not based on religious communities but on two autonomous regions of Arabs and Jews, made up of several, possibly ten or twelve, areas in each of which there would be a minority of either Arabs or Jews. In each area there would be Jewish and Arab (if there were both peoples there) governing bodies, and there would be a Central Council, as Lord Samuel suggested, but connecting the two there would also be regional councils.

The scheme seemed specially to commend itself to the members of the Committee, and they wished to send in written questions on it when they had more chance to study it.

The Jewish Fellowship was represented by a large delegation. They included Col. L. H. Gluckstein, Major Sir J. B. Brunel Cohen, and Mr. Basil Henriques, Mr. D. L. Lipson, M.P., Rabbi H. Reinhart, Rabbi Dr. I. Mattuck, and the Rev. Leslie Edgar. They were well received, and on hearing that Mrs. Basil Henriques (who also accompanied the delegation) had recently returned from doing relief work in Europe, the Committee asked for her guidance on where they should go and what they should see in Europe.

Col. Gluckstein said that the Fellowship described themselves as upholding the principle that the Jews were a religious community, united by religion, and they rejected the idea that the Jews were a political national group. That was why they were there. There was no Jewish nation to

which all Jews belonged. They owed their allegiance only to the country in which they lived. It followed they rejected the idea of a Jewish State.

Referring to the Displaced Persons, Col. Gluckstein said they should be given alternatives of where to go—not Belsen or Palestine, but other places also. He thought they were not yet in a fit state to say rationally where they wanted to go. The first duty was to rehabilitate them and bring them back to health. That was the responsibility of the United Nations, and he hoped the Committee might so recommend. He doubted whether they would have security and safety in Palestine. The Fellowship felt that Palestine was a Holy Land, a religious and cultural centre. Those who wanted to go there as a place of refuge should be settled there. That was different from political Jewish nationalism. Even if 99 per cent of the inhabitants of Palestine were Jews, he said, that would not be the justification for making it a Jewish State. They would be citizens of Palestine. It might be a solution if Palestine were to be attached to the British Commonwealth as a Dominion.

Asked by the Chairman to amplify what he thought would be the dangers of establishing a Jewish State, Col. Gluckstein said it would lay the ground for another outbreak of anti-Semitism. An anti-Semite would say: "What are these people doing here? We don't want them here, they have their own State." And with all the goodwill in the world, and even if Lowdermilk's scheme were carried out, it was quite clear that all the Jews could not go to Palestine.

Fellowship and the White Paper

Mr. Basil Henriques, in the course of the questioning, was asked by Mr. Crum about the White Paper of 1939, and he said that as the Fellowship was not a political organisation, no vote had ever been taken, but he could say without hesitation that 99 per cent of their members, though not all, would wish to see the White Paper scrapped.

Col. Gluckstein, in reply to Mr. McDonald, agreed that there was more assimilation in Germany and yet there had been there the greatest outbreak of anti-Semitism, but Mr. Basil Henriques drew a distinction between religious assimilation, to which they were most strongly opposed, and social assimilation, which they favoured.

Mr. Leonard Stein, who came on behalf of the Anglo-Jewish Association, was accompanied by Professor A. L. Goodhart, K.C., and Mr. E. F. Q. Henriques. Their memorandum, contained the same requests as the one drawn up by the A.J.A. and presented to the Government in 1944. That memorandum declared that though there might be countries which would take small groups and individuals, and the A.J.A. would be very glad if they did, in actual fact Palestine was the only country which could be considered as practical. There was economic room for Jews there and there was international background which provided the foundation for large-scale settlement of Jews.

Prof. Goodhart was put some purely formal questions on their submissions on the protection of human rights.

Mr. Stein referred particularly to the reasons for Jews being so keen on going to Palestine. He drew attention to Article 4 of the Mandate, which appointed the Jewish Agency and instructed them to enlist the co-operation of all Jews in the building up of Palestine. Here was a clear call from the whole civilised world, he said, to the whole of Jewry to interest itself in this work. It meant that even then the world recognised that Palestine was more than a refugee problem.

Mr. Stein, replying to questions by Judge Hutcheson, said that in his view the White Paper of 1939 had no legal or moral validity; and when Judge Hutcheson said, "If the Jews don't want the Arabs that's all right, but if the Arabs don't want the Jews, that's wrong," he immediately replied that he didn't see how the question of Jews not wanting the Arabs arose. No suggestion whatsoever that Arabs were not wanted by the Jews in Palestine had ever been made by any responsible Jewish organisation.

In reply to Mr. Crossman, Mr. Stein confirmed that undivided Palestine meant a rejection of any form of Partition. His organisation had never considered schemes like cantonisation. Speaking personally, he was at one time attracted to it but he thought it would be administratively difficult. But, he added, perhaps it was worth considering.

Planned Immigration for Residue

He thought, he continued, that the residue of Jews, whether 100,000 or 500,000, left in Europe when those who could had been taken into Western countries, should be allowed to go to Palestine, not unlicensed, unlimited immigration, but planned and systematic.

Asked about a Jewish State, Mr. Stein said it was not an immediate practical problem.

Oh, but it was, Mr. Crossman assured him. This was one of the issues which stood as the problem of a settlement in Palestine.

But Mr. Stein replied that he had never been interested in the conception of a Jewish State and he was not interested now.

Mr. L. S. Amery, who next testified, said that he had been one of the Secretaries of the War Cabinet in 1917-18, and he disclosed the fact that he himself had actually drafted the Balfour Declaration as it was finally given, though he had had nothing to do with its policy. During 1919-20 he was Under-Secretary for the Colonies and was concerned with the work of administration in Palestine. He became directly responsible for it in 1924, when he became Secretary of State for the Colonies.

His starting point, he said, was Mr. Winston Churchill's White Paper, which cut down original Zionist hopes by excluding Transjordan, but it also stressed that the position of the Jews in Palestine was one of right and not of sufferance. He had worked on the assumption and hope that eventually by the Jews and Arabs living together and working together there would emerge a common Palestinian patriotism which would enable Jews and Arabs equally to contribute to a self-governing Palestine. But the position had worsened and he had come to the conclusion, although he approached it with reluctance, that the only possible solution was that of Partition.

Mr. Amery based his plan on the Peel Commission Report but suggested different boundaries. He thought the future of the Jewish National Home lay in the Jews becoming not what they were in Biblical times, but what the Phoenicians were, coastal people developing their harbours and industries round them.

After recounting the fate of the Peel and Woodhead Commissions' reports, Mr. Amery came to the 1939 White Paper, which he said he regarded then and still did as a complete reversal and repudiation of previous British pledges and twenty years of policy. All the same, pledges and policy might have to be reconsidered.

Mr. Crick asked whether Transjordan was included in the minds of those who framed the Balfour Declaration.

Mr. Amery replied that they had always regarded it as so, and had also regarded it as probable that there would eventually be a Jewish majority over the whole of that Palestine. He himself had always assumed that the clause safeguarding the civil and religious liberties of the inhabitants was not put in against the British Government but as against a possible Jewish majority.

When Mr. Crossman asked him about the dangers that might beset a rich, small Jewish State surrounded by possible plundering Arab States, Mr. Amery replied, "From a military point of view the Jews are much more formidable than the Arabs. Indeed, I am afraid that if we clear out entirely, the Jews, armed as they are and determined as they are, would conquer the whole of Palestine"—and hold it, he thought.

Representatives of Christian and missionary societies were heard, among them being the Rev. N. Goodall, Secretary of the International Missionary Council and of the Joint Committee on Religious Liberty, which represents the British Council of Churches; Miss M. C. Warburton, who is Middle East Adviser to the Church Mission Society and Secretary of the Near and Middle East Conference of British Missionary Societies; Mr. S. A. Morrison, Secretary of the Church Mission Society in Cairo; and Mr. J. G. Matthew, Secretary of the Jerusalem and the East Mission.

Religious Liberties

Mr. Goodall, for the Joint Committee on Religious Liberty, pleaded that whatever solution the Committee arrived at, and whatever the situation might be in Palestine, those religious liberties which had been safeguarded under the Mandate should be preserved.

In speaking about mission work among refugees by the Swedish mission to the Jews, Mr. Goodall alleged that not all of them were looking for their own solace to immigration to Palestine. The counterpart of some of those Jews in Central Europe, he added, were within Palestine itself, where at the moment there were certainly Jews—non-Zionist Jews—who would choose to emigrate from Palestine rather than remain there.

Though he could not offer any political judgment, he could not, he said, conceive a solution except within some extension of the existing compromise between the rights of the indigenous Arab community and what they felt honourably due to the Jews.

Mr. Matthew, for the Jerusalem and the East Mission, was asked questions, about education, having sent in a memorandum on the subject of the schools they had set up in Palestine. He said, in answer to Mr. Justice Singleton, that there were a certain number of Jews who sent their children to Christian schools because they disliked the propaganda which they alleged was carried on in Jewish schools.

In reply to a question on this "propaganda" by Mr. Phillips, Mr. Matthew said he had heard that some of the Jewish schools were bringing up the children as young Nazis; they were being trained to political terrorism.

Miss Warburton added that she had had conversations with some of the heads of the Hebrew schools, and that this was a movement that had only recently started. This, that they would call a "Hitler Youth Movement," went back to the beginning of the terrorist activities. They had always, she said, had good relations between the Jews and Arabs in their mission schools, but there was a tendency on the part of the Jewish girls now coming in to be anti-Arab and a little bit anti-English. That emanated from schools run by the extreme Zionists.

She further said, in reply to Sir Frederick Leggett, that the German Jews who had come to the country disliked Hebrew and never used it. She thought some common language like English should be taught, but that if the Jews were to revive their culture they must also revive their language, but she doubted its value as a spoken language.

No Unity in Christian Minorities

In reply to questions by Mr. Crick, Mr. Goodall said there was no possibility of unity among the Christian minorities, although efforts had been made. There was very little sectionalism among the Moslems. The Jews in Palestine, he contended, were brought together by the national status rather than the religious.

Answering questions by Dr. Aydelotte, Miss Warburton said that if the fear of a Jewish State were eradicated from the Arabs there would be proper relations between them. Her impression was that if the ordinary Jew and Arab were not disturbed by their leaders there would be no anti-Semitism.

Sir Herbert Emerson, High Commissioner for Refugees under the League of Nations and Director of Refugees on the Intergovernmental Committee, came with two collegues, Dr. Kullman and Mr. Malin. Their memorandum, put in on behalf of the Intergovernmental Committee, was described by Mr. Justice Singleton as being most valuable and it gave a wealth of information about Displaced Persons, their numbers and movements in Europe.

Sir Herbert, in answer to Mr. Crossman, gave details of emigration movements in Europe. He spoke largely of migration from Poland and Hungary, but said that, although the movement from the former country was at the moment less than it had been, probably because it was not easy to move in the winter, there was, however, reason to apprehend that it would increase again in the spring unless in the meantime measures were taken to give a greater sense of security to the Jews in Poland, and, so far as this was possible, to improve their economic conditions. He had not really sufficient information to give a definite reply on whether the movement was organised or spontaneous. He thought it was probably a mixture of both.

He had no first-hand information, he told Dr. Aydelotte, as to any number of Jews who wished to remain in Poland. He had seen evidence that 75 per cent were sitting on their suitcases, and evidence from another source that the movement out was rather exaggerated.

Major Manningham-Buller suggested that in some degree anti-Semitism in Poland was dislike partly of the Jew and partly of "Jewish Communist influence" at the head of the Government.

But Sir Herbert said he had never heard that.

In answer to Judge Hutcheson, he said that his own impression would be that even if economic conditions were good in Poland and there was a full sense of security, there would still be a large number of Polish Jews who would wish to go to Palestine. But he thought the number would be less than at present.

German Rabbi's Moving Speech

In a moving speech, Rabbi Dr. Leo Baeck, who was accompanied by Mr. S. Adler-Rudel and another member of the Association of Jewish Refugees, pleaded the cause of the refugees. Pointing out that the Jews from Germany and Austria were aged people praying to see their children again before they die, he appealed for facilities to allow families to be reunited, with immigration laws and regulations administered in a liberal way.

Speaking of Palestine, he said the word "State" was changing in meaning—it was no longer significant first and foremost of absolute sovereignty. It should now be significant of human task, of social task, every nation being part of the great Commonwealth and of the United Nations, every nationality trying to be a treasure-house of humanity. The Jewish settlement in Palestine was an incomparable and heroic effort to solve the Jewish problem, but it was even more an effort to shape and to prove this new meaning of the State.

He hoped, he said, that in the next few years there would be a Jewish immigration of about 100,000 a year, and he thought there would be Arab immigration, too. They would have to search statistics to find when the Arabs would be beaten by a Jewish majority, but more than statistics were morals. Jewish tradition said that legislation should be from the standpoint of the poor, of the needy, of the weak, of the alien, and the few. Laws should be framed to safeguard not the rich, but the poor, not the strong, but the feeble and the few. It sounded like a tale, perhaps, but it would make for prosperity and happiness to be of the minority in a Palestine ruled by Jewish rule.

Mr. S. S. Silverman, M.P., was the main spokesman for the World Jewish Congress, and he was

Continued on page 17

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Obituary

MR. MORRIS ALEXANDER K.C., M.P.

The death has occurred in Capetown of Mr. Morris Alexander, K.C., M.P.

Mr. Alexander was born in Znin, Poland, and went with his parents to South Africa as a child. He was awarded a gold medal for literature in 1896, a year later the B.A. degree, and then, at Cambridge, the LL.B. degree and a foundation scholarship. He was appointed a King's Counsel in 1919. He entered Parliament in 1908.

The Jewish Community of South Africa found Morris Alexander a keen and active worker. He was President of the Capetown New Hebrew Congregation, and he was at one time President of the South African Jewish Board of Deputies. He was Chairman of the Capetown Committee of the Board for a very long period, and interested himself in the welfare of the Capetown Talmud Torah, Philanthropic Society, and the Jewish Orphanage. He was also Chairman of the Jewish Relief Fund for pogrom orphans. His work for Zionism dates back to the days when the movement was first started. He attended the Congress at the Hague.

MAJOR WILLIAM SCHONFIELD

The death occurred last week, in his 77th year, of Major William Schonfeld, T.D., well known to the community for his services to the Jewish Battalions in the 1914-18 war and to the Jewish War Services Committee.

The deceased was Vice-President of the General Sir John Monash branch of the British Legion, Treasurer of the Queen Elizabeth Hospital for Children and Life Governor of the Home for Aged Jews and the Middlesex Hospital.

The Rev. S. Lipson, who was at one time Senior Chaplain to the Forces, writes, in a tribute: "His notable service as officer in charge of administration at New Court during my Senior Chaplaincy will be remembered by the large number of Jewish men serving with the Forces, for whom he worked with unceasing interest. As a member of the Jewish War Services Committee during this period, he was responsible for the selection of a number of chaplains and officiating ministers whose appointment was near to his heart. During the later part of the war he was moved to join the Jewish Battalion, then stationed near Plymouth, becoming second in command to Colonel Miller. . . . He had a wide knowledge of Jewish history and tradition, and translated Rispert's 'Jews of the Lion Heart,' dealing with the hazardous position of Jewry during the period of Richard I, to which he contributed an interesting preface."

Mr. LOUIS SHAPERO, 60, was associated with a number of communal organisations in Hull before leaving that city in 1937. He was a member of the Council of the Old Hebrew Congregation and a Trustee of the Grand Order of Israel Lodge. He moved to Scunthorpe and more recently to London, where he took part in the promotion of the Beth Am and Yiddish Theatre in Adler Street. Mr. Shapero was predeceased, a day before his death, by his son, Sergeant H. Shapero, who had been posted back to this country on account of his father's illness.

Mr. JACOB SWIFT (Liverpool), 93, was for many years Treasurer of the Liverpool Talmud Torah, which appointed him a life member. At the time of his death he was also Vice-President. In a tribute, Mr. H. Beacon, President, writes: "In the passing away of Mr. Jacob Swift, the Liverpool Talmud Torah has lost the last of its founders, who, for over 50 years, gave it his counsel and service."

ZIONISM AND THE SYNAGOGUE

Religious or Secular Nationalism?

From Rabbi KOPUL ROSEN
(Rabbi of the Federation of Synagogues)

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—A conference of Synagogue representatives was held at the Anglo-Palestinian Club on January 20 for the purpose of enlisting the support of the Synagogues for the upbuilding of Eretz Yisrael. I need hardly say that such efforts have my enthusiastic support. I have myself been active in this direction. But this conference was held under the auspices of the Zionist Federation and the appeal to the Synagogues was that they should affiliate to the Zionist Federation; to this suggestion I am very much opposed.

The Zionism of the Synagogue is religious Zionism, it is love of Zion based upon the word of God in the Bible, not a secular nationalism of recent growth. Synagogue Zionism is the Zionism of the Torah and must essentially be the Zionism which insists upon the rebuilding of Eretz Yisrael "al pi Torath Israel."

Now it must be made quite clear that the Zionist Federation does not include all the parties or groups actively associated with the work of rebuilding Palestine. The Federation is a body consisting of three parties, none of which bases its Zionism upon religion and none of which states in its programme that it desires to rebuild Eretz Yisrael "al pi Torath Israel." Which party in the Federation can act as the spokesman of Synagogue-Zionism, and what right has the Zionist Federation to expect the affiliation of Synagogues?

I, too, appeal to all Synagogues to become actively associated with the task of rebuilding Zion; I, too, state fervently that "every House of Prayer in Israel must be closely linked with the upbuilding of Eretz Yisrael," but I urge the Synagogues to affiliate to those whose Zionism is based on the Torah and who are trying to build Eretz Yisrael "al pi Ha-Torah." Only such a body has the right to claim the affiliation of the Synagogues and only such a body is capable of representing their views.

I am, &c.,
KOPUL ROSEN

47, Norrice Lea,
Hampstead Garden Suburb, N.2.

£100 PRIZE FOR JEWISH HISTORICAL WORK

From Mr. ALBERT M. HYAMSON, O.B.E.
(President, Jewish Historical Society)

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—A member of the Council of the Jewish Historical Society of England has generously placed at the disposal of the Society a sum of £100 to be awarded to the author of an original work in the English language of about 50,000 words dealing with a subject of Jewish historical interest, but not necessarily relating to the history of the Jews in England.

The award will rest absolutely within the discretion of the Honorary Officers of the Society. It is hoped that it will be possible to publish, in due course as a book, the work selected.

Manuscripts, which are invited from competitors of any age or creed, should be typed or very clearly written on one side of the paper only and reach the Honorary Secretary of the Society at 115, Wigmore Street, London, W.1, not later than July 31, 1947.

The Honorary Officers will be pleased to see by appointment any prospective competitor who may desire advice on the choice of a subject.

I am, &c.,
ALBERT M. HYAMSON.

115, Wigmore Street, W.1.

"Palestine and the Immediate Future of Jewry" was the subject of a discussion held by the Edgware and Stanmore Jewish Forum in the Rose Harris Hall, Mowbray Road, last week. The speakers were Major E. S. Rose, M.B.E., Chairman of the Edgware Zionist Society; Mr. S. D. Temkin, of the Anglo-Jewish Association; and Mr. D. G. Wolton, author and authority on colonial affairs. Mr. H. Ross presided.

Land of Israel News

MILITARY COURT JUDGE AND ARABS

A Report in an Arabic Newspaper

[*From our Correspondent*—JERUSALEM]

On many occasions THE JEWISH CHRONICLE has carried my dispatches contrasting the sentences passed on Jews and Arabs for similar types of offences before the Jerusalem Military Court. The severity of the terms imposed on Jewish offenders threw into bolder relief the comparative leniency shown to the Arabs.

Lieut.-Col. A. N. Schofield, who was President of the Military Court since July, 1944, left this week for Britain prior to his leaving the Forces. Before the war he was Town Clerk at Watford. The Arab Bar Association in Jerusalem, reports the Jaffa Arabic daily AD DIFAA, gave him a farewell party last week-end; and, adds that newspaper, Lt.-Col. Schofield promised his full support for the Arab cause while in England and his assistance to the Arab Office in London, which he will provide with the benefit of his experience in Palestine.

He also expressed his readiness, goes on AD DIFAA, to appear before the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry to support the Arab claims and is prepared to return here at his own expense in order to testify.

In fairness to Lt.-Col. Schofield, it must be added that Tahsin Kamal, the Secretary of the Arab Bar Association, has written to the PALESTINE POST stating that the Association did not give a farewell party to him, but that Kamal and two other Arab advocates saw Lt.-Col. Schofield by chance on Saturday and had a half-hour's conversation with him. Kamal wrote: "We asked him about his views regarding the Palestine problem and the Inquiry Commission, but he apologised and refrained from expressing his views, as he is still a soldier and not entitled to state his views about a thorny political problem. All that was reported in the AD DIFAA newspaper, was unfounded and untrue."

Government by Repression

Continued from page 1

regarding those persons held in detention in Eritrea."

Mark well those words, readers in England—especially that operative word "suspected," which indicates that the authorities have no more than a wishful state as proof for convicting them arbitrarily without resort to the ordinary judicial procedure of trial on evidence. Within this lies the fundamental principle that no country in the world has the legal or moral right to expel its citizens by legislative action to a foreign country and conspire with another authority to hold them there against their will.

Let us proceed to another matter—the prolonged curfew which Jerusalem Jewry suffered for three weeks. No better illustration of the effect this curfew had on simple minds can be provided than by my conversation in a Jerusalem street one night with a couple of soldiers of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment on curfew patrol. They halted me in order to see my curfew pass and we fell into conversation. Both came from Birmingham, youngsters 19 and 20 years old. After desultory exchanges, one said seriously, "I do hope there's another explosion in this town, so that martial law can be clapped on." I was amazed at this naive remark and asked in astonishment, "Whatever for?" He replied, "I'd like to shoot a few people here in order to teach 'em a lesson."

It will be noted that he did not say "Jews" but "people," but on the other hand he identified people at large with the terrorists. Obviously the fact that the curfew must be maintained for so long a period impressed upon his mind what seemed a clear fact to him, that all the people in Jerusalem were equally as guilty as the minority of desperadoes, and consequently indiscriminate shooting would be salutary.

I agree that the ordinary soldier does not think very deeply, but his attitude arises from the conduct of the higher authorities, who have every opportunity for thinking deeply—with what results can be seen.

I spoke to this soldier in his own language, asking, "What would you say if Jewish Palestinian troops patrolled the streets of Birmingham with rifles and armoured cars and the people there were kept indoors through no fault of their own?" He thought for a moment and answered, "Yes, I see your point."

Tilting the Scales

Here is another case: the Jerusalem Military Court last week sentenced an Arab villager to six months' imprisonment for buying a firearm from a member of His Majesty's Forces. A man I know through his relatives was sentenced to six years for the same offence. Only he happened to be a Jew. That is tilting the scales of justice pretty steeply.

Yes, that is the position in the Jewish National Homeland to-day. As far as I can see the only redeeming feature in the situation is the perhaps slender hope raised by the inquiry which the Anglo-American Committee is pursuing. True, people here, as elsewhere, regard it as just another of those face-saving inquiries to which British Governments have resorted during the past quarter of a century as a means of progressively whittling down their international obligations to the Jewish people. Nevertheless, it offers the only faint glimmer for the future that some definite policy will be hammered out.

If that political settlement does not come, then we are sunk indeed. The present system of governing by expedient legislation—rule by curfew and armed suppression—which is contrary to all the principles of human freedom in a world which only five years ago saw the birth of the Atlantic Charter and more recently the introduction of Uno with such an ear-splitting fanfare of verbiage—that system, one cannot help thinking, is a confession of complete moral bankruptcy.

CENSORSHIP PROTECTING THE MUFTI

Jewish Editors Protest

[*From our Correspondent*—JERUSALEM]

The Committee of Editors of the Palestine Jewish Press, known as the Vaadat Hateguva, has decided to submit a protest to the Chief Secretary of the Palestine Government against the censorship's action in forbidding the republication locally of Edgar Ansell Mowrer's dispatch printed in the NEW YORK POST in which he narrates how the Mufti of Jerusalem, through Adolf Eichmann, the Palestinian-born German head of the Gestapo in Vienna, submitted a plan to Hitler for the extermination of Jewry in order to prevent their ever reaching Palestine.

The local newspaper HABOKER reported on Monday that the Arab League leaders in London and Washington are making the utmost effort to prevent the publication of documents which are to be produced at the Nuremberg trial branding the Arab quislings and implying (because the censorship here does not allow the specific name of the Mufti to be printed in the press) that Haj Amin Husseini is involved.

Meanwhile the clandestine "Voice of Israel" radio on Tuesday afternoon gave a full account in Hebrew and English of Mowrer's dispatch concerning the Mufti's conspiracy to slaughter six million Jews.

CHEESE IT!

Egyptian Royal Court Orders Jewish Food

[*From our Correspondent*—JERUSALEM]

A remarkable instance of a breach in the Arab boycott was given in HAMASHKIF on Wednesday. The Royal Egyptian Court ordered a special kind of cheese from the Jewish Co-operative Agricultural Marketing Association, Tnuva. When the order, received during the period of the boycott, was not fulfilled, as the suppliers feared that the consignment would be confiscated on its arrival in Egypt (says the paper's correspondent), the Palestine Government Agent in Cairo, Mr. David Beibel, is alleged to have intervened and informed the Palestine Government that the Palace authorities in Cairo were very much upset that the cheese had not arrived.

R.A.F. UNIT RAIDED

Armed men wearing British uniforms arrived on Sunday after dusk in a private car at an R.A.F. rest centre in Jabotinsky Street, Tel-Aviv, overcame the guards, and left with two sacks full of arms and ammunition.

An official communiqué issued later says that a taxi carrying six armed men, three of whom were wearing R.A.F. uniforms and the other three the uniform of supernumerary policemen, approached the R.A.F. Medical Rehabilitation Unit, arrested the guards, and stole four Sten guns, three revolvers and ammunition, and R.A.F. uniforms.

Palestine Movement

ZIONIST FEDERATION'S 45th YEAR

Membership Now 31,000

The Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland (as reported very briefly, through extreme pressure on space, in our last issue) held its 45th annual conference in London last week.

It was announced at the opening session, held on Saturday evening, that the membership of affiliated societies had increased during the year from 26,000 to 31,000.

The following election results were announced:

Unopposed: Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President; Lord Melchett, Sir Simon Marks, the Rev. J. K. Goldhaber, Hon. Vice-Presidents; Mr. Paul Goodman, Treasurer; Mr. Maurice Cohen, Hon. Secretary.

Contested: Messrs. Barnett Janner, M.P., Chairman of Executive Council; Berl Locker, S. S. Silverman, M.P., Mrs. F. M. Steff, Dr. S. Adler-Rudel, and Mr. A. L. Easterman, London Vice-Presidents; Prof. S. Brodetsky, Mr. A. Richiger, Mr. F. Nettler, J.P., Dr. W. Pinner, and Mr. Samuel Davies, Provincial Vice-Presidents.

London Executive Council: Dr. S. Levenberg, Miss Joyce Kadish, Messrs. Nat Jackson, Harry Myer, Z. Vardi, James Cohen, H. Hooberman, Councillor E. Snowman, Mr. I. Jezierisky, Miss Hannah Stein, Mr. Bernard Green, Mr. Jack Harris, Rabbi Dr. E. Neufeld, Mrs. I. Bloch, Prof. E. Frankenstein, Mr. Maurice Goodman, Comm. Ashe Lincoln, Dr. H. Capell, Mrs. Dora Goldstein, and Mr. John D. Mack, M.P.

Provincial Executive Council: Mr. J. Podmorzer, the Rev. A. S. Super, Prof. J. N. Jaffe, Mr. M. Margolies, Mrs. A. Bursk, Dr. H. Edelston, Mr. P. Jacobson, Dr. B. Sandler, Messrs. Ber. Shaw, B. Weinrib, M. Lojinski, I. Frankel, S. S. Perry, A. Krauss, and J. Tocman.

ZIONIST SYNAGOGUE CONFERENCE

For the purpose of reviving interest among the London Synagogues, a Greater London Zionist Synagogue Conference was convened recently by the Zionist Federation at the Anglo-Palestinian Club, 43-44, Great Windmill Street, W. It was attended by a large number of delegates representing over 100 Synagogues. Mr. Paul Goodman presided.

A number of resolutions were passed, including one which protested solemnly against the White Paper of 1939, and another which appealed particularly to non-Jewish religious bodies for the support and safeguarding of the immemorial rights of the Jewish people in its homeland.

Imperial and Foreign

FEAR IN KATOWICE

Jews Anxious to Leave

[*From our Correspondent*]
KATOWICE, SUNDAY.

The Jews in this coal-mining city are living at the moment in a state of abject fear. A few days ago, at a Young Zionists' dance in Zabrze, a twenty-year-old Jewish girl, Bluma Wajn, was killed by a shot fired through the window by an unknown assassin.

The dance was being held in her honour, to celebrate the anniversary of her liberation from German concentration camps in which she had been imprisoned for four years. The police have not yet traced the assassins, but some arrests are reported to have been made.

The funeral was attended by every Jew in Zabrze, and by many non-Jews also as a demonstration. In the local town hall, leaders of Polish political parties publicly condemned the crime.

Nevertheless, Jews in Katowice and the surrounding country are apprehensive for their safety. Compared with other districts there have been few attacks on Jews, although three were murdered in December last. Jews now believe that the district is about to receive visitations from the anti-Semitic terrorist gangs.

On the whole, anti-Semitic feeling here has not been very pronounced. One of the reasons is that the Silesian population is of mixed origin, and in Katowice in particular the Germans were welcomed. So the inhabitants have not been anxious to make themselves conspicuous by taking part in anti-Jewish demonstrations. Now, however, the situation is changing. Increasing numbers of Jewish survivors from camps seem to prefer Silesia to the ruined cities in Central and Eastern Poland from which they came originally. In addition, several thousands have been brought here from the other side of the Curzon Line, many wishing to be near the frontier with a view to emigration. And these new settlements have attracted the notice of the anti-Semites.

Anti-Semitic Creed

It is also rumoured that the new terrorist organisation, W.I.N. [Wolnosc i Niepodleglosc (Freedom and Independence)], has its headquarters in Silesia. This organisation, which is an offshoot of the A.K. (Armia Krajowa), is anti-Semitic by creed and is known to kill Jews whenever it can lay hands on them.

How far this fear is justified is difficult to estimate, but this much I can say: I have spoken to a number of Jews here who until recently were quite determined to remain in Poland, but now they show signs of wanting to get out. Several Jews who have returned from the U.S.S.R. have, in fact, already left Poland.

Of the 40,000 Jews living in Katowice and the surrounding small towns before the war, only 2,000 remain. Some 600 live in Bendzin, and about the same number in Sosnowiec. Very few were able to return to their old occupations. The number of Jewish shops in Katowice is very small, not more than half a dozen having been opened so far. But living conditions are better than in Warsaw and other districts.

About 80 per cent. I was told, earn a livelihood. The remainder have to rely on relief. There is a Jewish bootmakers' co-operative and the Jewish Committee here hope to establish another co-operative shortly. Attempts to get Jews into the coal-mining industry have not so far been successful, although the authorities are sympathetic. Several young Jews have been registered with the miners' training school and a number have secured quite important positions in the mines administration department.

The Jewish Committee in Katowice, as in other main cities, is composed of representatives of all the Jewish parties, and with the small funds at their disposal, they manage to accomplish quite useful work. Several Jews I spoke to, however, were critical, particularly those returning from the U.S.S.R. "More of these are coming in every day, having been directed here across the eastern frontier. These will shortly constitute a serious problem to the Committee which is faced with the task of finding shelter and food for them."

D.P.s DENOUNCE WHITE PAPER

A resolution calling for the rehabilitation of the Jewish people through the establishment of Palestine as a Jewish homeland was unanimously adopted at the conclusion of the Congress of Liberated Jews in Bavaria held in Munich.

Declaring that the White Paper was a disgrace to Great Britain and civilisation, the resolution demanded that it be rescinded immediately. It also said that the Congress refused to accept Mr. Bevin's suggestion that the Jewish survivors should remain in Europe. The Congress, it declared, expected the United Nations Organisation to give immediate consideration to the problem of the homeless Jews and pronounce itself in favour of a free Jewish homeland.

Dr. Zalman Grinberg was elected Chairman of the Jewish Central Committee and Chaplain Abraham Klausner was elected Hon. Chairman. A Council of 21 members was also elected.

Representatives of Jews who fought in the Allied armies and in underground movements held a meeting in Landsberg on Sunday. Over 400 delegates of this "organisation of Jewish fighters" were present.

The speakers declared that the members of the organisation were ready to sacrifice their lives to force their way back to Palestine.

One of the speakers, who formerly served in the Russian Army, said: "Not being demobilised like other armies, we stand prepared for whatever the future holds."

To facilitate their extensive relief programme in Europe, the Joint Distribution Committee have purchased 52 trucks and five additional jeeps from U.S. Army surpluses in Paris.

NORWAY'S 500 SURVIVORS

No Desire to Emigrate

[*From our Correspondent*—OSLO]

The overwhelming majority of Jews in Norway who survived the terrors of the war only did so by fleeing to Sweden. Those who remained to "face the music" and who came through unscathed, can be counted almost on the fingers of one hand.

Of those who have returned, by far the greater part want to stay in this country. This applies to those with Norwegian citizenship as well as to Stateless persons. Such, at any rate, was the contention of Mr. Katz, who acts as spokesman for the 46 Jews who were interned at Berg. Not that he wanted to give the impression that "everything in the garden was lovely" for Jews in Norway. On the contrary, many Jews are still unable to work, and it will take some time for even those who are fit to get going again.

There are, at the moment, approximately 500 Jews in Norway, and these are mostly members of the one congregation, at the head of which is Mr. Harry Konzinsky. Before the war there were nearly 1,800 Jews in the country. There were two congregations in Oslo, and one in Drontheim.

Although the Stateless Jews, of whom there are only between 25 and 30, do not want to emigrate and are anxious to obtain Norwegian citizenship, it is only natural that both they and the surviving Norwegian Jews should follow developments in Palestine with the keenest interest. Recent happenings in that country have given rise to feelings of great bitterness.

Will Not Return to Germany

One refugee told me that they had often been asked if they would not like to go back to Germany. He himself had come from there, and had served in the German Army in the first world war, and was still carrying a bullet in his lungs as a consequence. But nothing, he said, would ever induce him to return.

He had just received information from the Red Cross that two more of his relatives in the "German territories" had been killed by the Nazis. One had been shot and the other hanged in Belicum in 1941 and 1942. That brought the tale of members of his family slain by the Germans to 62.

Halldis Neergaard Oestbye has been named as one of those who had prime responsibility for the thoroughness with which the persecution of the Jews in Norway was carried out. She informed Terboven that there were 20,000 Jews in Norway. When the register disclosed only 1,700 names, the Nazis set up an enormous organisation. Work began with the filling up of forms and the scrutiny of church archives, and culminated in mass arrests with the object of tracking down every single Jew.

Further revelations regarding the treatment of the Jews of Norway will doubtless be brought to light in the course of legal inquiries that are now being instituted. The first of these is due to open shortly at Tonsberg, when the commandant of Berg concentration camp, Wallestad, will be put on trial together with the camp guards, Huttner, Gullinsen, Kjolner, and Aasen, the last-named of whom has already confessed to having maltreated prisoners.

WHERE THE SHOE PINCHES

Jew-Baiting Newspaper Wants Jewish Advertising

The WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD, published by Mrs. Eleanor Patterson, and notorious for its Jew-baiting, recently warned Jewish merchants not to fight anti-Semitism in the press by boycotting the offending newspapers, reports the Jewish Press Service.

The "warning," curiously enough, was first issued in the form of an inter-office communication from the paper's advertising manager to the proprietor, drawing attention to an address given by Mr. Ira A. Hirschmann, the New York radio executive, to the Advertisers' Club of Washington. Mr. Hirschmann had advised Jewish merchants to withdraw their advertising from anti-Semitic newspapers, and quoted the TIMES-HERALD and the NEW YORK DAILY NEWS, published by Robert Patterson, as examples.

The advertising manager's communication proposed to show concern for the Jews, pointing out that "speakers of the type of Hirschmann did the Jews a great deal of harm, because the Jewish merchants did not have to live with Jewish people, but had to live with the Gentiles, and that whatever money they accumulated had to be spent living in a world heavily populated with Gentiles, and this type of fighting could not possibly win."

Mrs. Patterson, in an editorial of which she herself wrote the first three paragraphs, called Mr. Hirschmann "just another agitator," and alleged that his attack had nothing to do with racial or religious matters but was part of a Communist attempt to divide America.

Despite the combination of plaintiveness and bluster, the "warning" clearly reveals the paper's fear of losing the revenue derived from its Jewish clients. Apparently it reserves the right to attack the Jews while at the same time demanding that Jews shall meekly continue to support their attackers by paying for space in the paper.

JEWS NOT BARRED FROM U.S. ZONE

The formation of a force of German border police to patrol the frontiers of the American zone was announced by General McNarney, Commander of the American Forces in Germany, in his monthly report to President Truman last week. This, however, will not change the present policy of the War Department permitting the entrance of Jewish refugees into the American zone, a spokesman of the War Department told the J.T.A.

Although refugees are not legally entitled to enter the zone, the spokesman said, their entry is being authorised and will not be interrupted by the formation of the border police.

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AN INTERIM REVIEW

THE Anglo-American Committee on Palestine having now concluded its taking of evidence in London, has already resumed its peripatetic mission, this time in Europe itself, the graveyard of Continental Jewry. The Committee is working within a time limit, which still has several months to run, and no one would wish to attempt either to prejudge its work or to anticipate its conclusions. Certain aspects of its proceedings, however, have stood out with clarity. One of these is the evident tendency, at any rate on the part of its two distinguished Chairmen, to focus attention on a very precise and limited section of the Jewish problem, and to do so with such pertinacity as to suggest that, deliberately or subconsciously, they regard it in fact as the whole of the problem, or at least the whole of it which they consider falls to their attention.

Thus their preoccupation appears to be solely with the proposal to deal with 100,000 displaced Jews; either to see if they can get them into Palestine without too much trouble, or to find out whether there are any other areas over which they might be distributed. Throughout their questioning of the Jewish witnesses, this idea seemed constantly reflected. How could 100,000 Jews be got into Palestine with the minimum of trouble, or, if they could not, how could they be sent elsewhere? The Chairmen are not to be criticised on that account, having regard to the immense emphasis given to these inquiries by some Zionists and most anti-Zionists before the Committee was appointed, as well as to the fact that the members of the Committee were expressly chosen because they had not revealed any opinions at all on the question of Zionism previously. But the effect of their concentration to such an extent on the "100,000 consignment proposition" has been to relegate to the background the whole of the vast underlying Jewish problem, all its considerable bearing on world affairs, as well as the vital meaning and purpose of the Zionist solution. The effect has been to run these great questions, if we may so put it, into a siding while one particular scheme for the handling of one particular exemplification of the problem is being debated.

This explains the disposition, especially noticeable on the part of the Chairmen, to eye with impatience those who insisted on the baleful effect of Jewish homelessness and minority status everywhere so as to prove that the historically discredited practice of redispersing the Jews was no panacea for their ills. Such considerations, enforced by generations of experience, and never so catastrophically as in the recent past, appeared almost to be regarded as, at best, only the speculations of starry-eyed dreamers with no sense of clamant and immediate realities, or, at worst, as time-wasting exercises in the art of complete and remote irrelevance. Yet, every student of the Jewish problem knows that unless the teachings of history are listened to, any broad, forward-looking and therefore statesmanlike handling of the Jewish problem is impossible. This quality in the Committee must be given the utmost weight in any anticipation of the benefits we are entitled to expect from their efforts. The Committee may, as a result of their investigations, confirm this or that statement concerning the immediate situation, or refute it. But their limitation of outlook will make it difficult for them not to tie their recommendations down to what in fact amounts to relief measures, a policy which, so far as statesmanship is concerned, has been utterly discredited by repeated failure.

One characteristic of the Jewish evidence presented to the Committee in London deserves noting and could hardly have failed to impress any fair-minded man who listened to it with objective detachment. The Jewish witnesses represented the most varied organisations in the Community, bodies which adopt very vigorously differing attitudes to Zionism and indeed to many other questions of Jewish principle. Far from this being any question of pre-arranged or co-ordinated evidence, it was most plain that freedom, utter and disorganised, revealed itself in the complete independence of these views. Yet there was found to be an astonishingly large measure of agreement on the need for the fullest and freest Jewish immigration into Palestine. Only those intimately acquainted with Anglo-Jewish history will appreciate the very great significance attachable to this unanimity, which indicates that, as events have marched on, old fallacies have weakened and old prejudices withered. This unprecedented common front of British Jewry on at least one essential Palestine factor is surely something which the Committee can reasonably be expected to note and to which the utmost weight should be attached.

There was another feature of the Jewish evidence which deserves to be cited. It never evinced the slightest hostility to the Arab people. As such it faithfully reflected Jewish, and, no less faithfully, Zionist feelings. Jews have not gone to Palestine as enemies of the Arabs or any other racial or religious group. They have gone as men seeking only comradeship and the common good. This friendship has been reciprocated, and is so even to-day, by a large if discreetly inarticulate section of the Arabs, despite the browbeatings and blackmailings of self-appointed Arab leaders and other political adventurers and careerists, and despite the persistent discouragement from Government officials.

How different was the picture when Sir Edward Spears, of the Arab Office, came to the Committee. Knowledgable persons, listening to his hysterical outburst against Zionists, must have felt that, by the very wildness of his statement, and the obvious fierceness of the prejudice that seemed to inspire it, it could only have been more helpful than harmful to the Zionist cause. Such anticipations showed no appreciation of the brilliant Edward Spears. This exceptionally astute propagandist knew very well what he was doing. He was not so much talking to the Committee as to the newspapers, seeking in fact to hit the headlines. He succeeded magnificently, showing himself a master in the art of speech *ad captandum vulgus*.

The press, for well-known reasons, is short of space. For that reason the evidence of such well-accredited authorities as Lord Samuel, Mr. L. S. Amery, and Professor Goodhart, scarcely found a niche in the papers in general. But Spears's evidence was singled out for the utmost prominence by newspapers up and down the country, including the most staid and expensive. Whether the press, by its action, was accurately gauging the inclinations of its millions of readers no one but those readers themselves can say. Meanwhile the Arab Princes, who contribute hundreds of thousands of pounds a year to the running of their League's London office, can congratulate themselves on the possession of a political director who is not only possessed of genius, and equipped with intimate connections with Government and permanent official circles, but is proving himself the ablest propagandist since Goebbels passed to his account.

A very distressing impression was created among Jews by the evidence tendered by certain Christian missionaries. One of them told the Committee that some of the Jewish schools in Palestine were bringing up the children as "young Nazis," "trained for political terrorism." Another referred to this alleged training as "a Hitler Youth Movement." But then, of course, no Jews ever expected genuine friendship from missionaries despite the frequent pretence of it. Those who really care for Jewish souls, perhaps, may not be sorry at the revelation which this "evidence" provides of the wolf beneath the deceptively friendly clothing.

RESCUING THE REMNANT

THERE are some 6,000 Jewish orphan children in Poland, most of them with no near relatives. Of this total, 1,500 are still living in non-Jewish surroundings. An effort is now being launched to bring all these helpless little ones under proper Jewish care, so that not only their bodies but also their souls can be salvaged. The Polish Government have promised a home for the purpose. But it will have to be equipped and, thereafter maintained. This requires an expenditure of some £5,000 and, in order to help raise the money, the 3 C's—Combined Charities Committee—have, at the invitation of the Federation of Jewish Relief Organisations, undertaken to hold a Gala Concert and Festival of Music on the 27th of this month, at the Royal Albert Hall. Particulars of the programme, which includes Jewish music, with Cantor the Rev. S. Kusevitsky and the Halevi Choir of 150 voices, will be found elsewhere in this issue. Meanwhile, we need hardly stress the claims of this proposed orphanage on the communal sympathies. These Jewish little ones form no inconsiderable proportion of the 80,000 Jews who are all that remain of the former 3½ million Polish Jewry. We cannot recall the dead, but at least we can honour their martyrdom by rearing their children in the way they would most have wished. Help those children to become not the "builders" but the "re-builders" of their desolate community. Let us help these organisations to perform this act of urgent first-aid so that these children may be still alive and Jewish when the opportunity comes—as come it will, please God—for them to establish themselves once and for all in their own land, free Jews in the Land of Israel. It is the finest and the best retort that we can offer to the savage enemy who has slaughtered our six million martyrs.

ARABS CASH IN

THE latest developments in the Middle East, the demands on Britain and France by Syria and Lebanon, and particularly the growing pressure exerted on Britain for a review of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty in accordance with Egyptian national demands, are full of interest, confirming as they do to an astounding degree what has been written in these columns on this subject during the past eighteen months. It has again and again been urged here that the alleged Arab concern for Palestine had no more substance than a desire to use that country and its supposed problems as weapons for intimidating Britain into wider concessions elsewhere—to serve the political and dynastic ambitions of certain Arab rulers. These warnings were pooh-poohed by the authorities and disregarded in the press of this country; but they are receiving unmistakable confirmation in the demands, growing daily in truculence, for Britain's withdrawal from Egypt and the Sudan. Any suspicion of weakness on the part of the Egyptian Government is seized upon by extremist elements as a means for stirring up party political opinion against it, reactions of the Wafdist opposition taking the form of abuse of Britain such as would hardly be tolerated from any other country. The recent meetings between King Farouk and that sly old Sheikh, Ibn Saud, may have had something to do with Palestine as was loudly pretended. But Cairo is seething with rumours that Palestine in fact occupied very little of the conversations.

CARVING UP THE MIDDLE EAST

THERE is talk of a pact by which Ibn Saud is to "aggress" into the Yemen and Farouk is to become Caliph, besides having his aspirations satisfied as regards the British withdrawal from Egypt, the Egyptian acquisition of the Sudan, and its annexation of Eritrea and Cyrenaica. These two potentates are, of course, pushing the advantages gained by British fear of the Arab League—largely a "cultivation" of British officials—to the very utmost, and their appetite grows with every success. It will certainly not be slackened by the latest concession tossed to that utterly pathetic member of the League, Transjordan, now to blossom out as an independent State, while go-ahead Jewish Palestine, which incidentally must in any case adhere firmly to the British connection, is deemed unworthy of such political status. We predict that many more surprises are in store for Britain from these Arab quarters, and that they will not be pleasant ones. That they have begun so soon is due on the one hand to the impetuosity of a youthful monarch, and on the other to the irrepressible audacity of that "old man in a hurry"—his opposite number, Ibn Saud. How far they intend to push their Palestine success both Mr. Churchill and the late President Roosevelt quickly discovered when they received the two Arabs during their visit to the Middle East.

FACTS BEHIND THE FACADE

So much for the game of bargain and blackmail known as Middle Eastern political manœuvres. But what of the realities behind all these ingenious and impressive demands? From the military point of view, the Arab League was never anything more than negligible. "A whiff of grapeshot," as an earlier generation might have said, would whisk the whole of its military set-up into kingdom come. Economically, too, its member States were always everything that a well-ordered State should not be—with their populations ground down by exploitation and corrupt government and sunk in the direst poverty. A writer in TRIBUNE, recently, referring to the El Azhar district of Cairo, and quoting an Egyptian spokesman, speaks of its "narrow mud streets" with their "piles of refuse" and their "unbelievable hovels which have not changed since the days when the Turks ruled Egypt." Foreign visitors, explained a young professor from the local university, who escorted the writer, never come to such parts. This sort of abysmal squalor and backwardness is typical of the Arab States in general. A few weeks ago, Mr. Hashim Jawad, a former Iraqi official of the I.L.O., revealed that 60 per cent of the children living in his country die before reaching their fifth year. The average expectation of life in Iraq does not exceed 27 years; and despite the enormous birth-rate the population only increases by one per cent yearly. Ninety per cent of the population, he declares, are illiterate. This is the kind of stagnation and decay, of human misery and suffering, upon which the Imperial destinies of Britain are to rely. Add to it all the dynastic and schismatic rivalries, the political intrigues and class selfishness, and one gets some measure not only of the maladorous rottenness of the Arab League but of the insensate folly of British policy-makers who stand shivering at the thought of its power. The fact that out of these Arab starving masses are wrung the millions to provide the fat salaries of the Arab League's various offices and official propagandists, British as well as Arab, only explains the enthusiasm with which those gentry calumniate the comparatively model conditions in Jewish Palestine.

LOGICAL FRANCE

THE Secretary General of the United Zionist Organisation of France, M. Samuel Segal, has been observing that the Jews in that country who are French by birth are becoming increasingly Zionist-minded. This confirms in part some remarks made a few weeks ago by Dr. Paul Riebenfeld at a meeting of the Deputies after he had visited that country. Under the influence of the logical French mentality, it seems, there has come about a striking change in the attitude of French-born Jews towards Zionism. Instead of the gradations of Zionist faith, reaching from whole-hearted absorption in Jewish nationalism, through various modifications down to non-Zionism and anti-Zionism, our brethren across the Channel have divided without mutual hostility into two clear-cut parties or groups—those who regard their future as bound up entirely with the future Jewish State, and those who hold that there is no half-way house between Jewish nationalism and absolute assimilation, so complete that it includes the adoption of the dominant religious faith.

At the same time, when estimating the effects, there can be no doubt that this attitude, which may be described as "all or nothing," intensifies a process which robs Jewish communities of many of their greatest figures. It was his enlistment into the "nothing" group, for instance, which drove the great French Jewish philosopher Bergson into the Catholic Church. No doubt this clear-cut line of division has impelled the great French Jewish statesman, Léon Blum, into virtual detachment from his people so far as identity with their future is concerned—religion, it would seem, he has none. And the same process makes equally deplorable gaps in Jewries elsewhere. The old taunt that there were no great Jews in the world, capable of leading their own people as a national entity, is in fact a complete falsification. But too often the men of outstanding qualities in this respect are *not available* for their own people. To-day they are helping in the task of rebuilding the world, to which kind friends have been summoning them. Unfortunately, the world is not very appreciative of their efforts. And when they have done their work, however successfully in their various spheres, the world will turn on them, their brethren, or their descendants and hate them all the more for their service and rend them accordingly. So is Jewry condemned to pour its treasure into a bottomless bucket. It is the fate of the homeless.

Social and Personal

PROF. S. BRODETSKY will be 58 on Sunday. SIR SIDNEY ABRAHAMS, K.C., will be 61 on Monday.

A son was born on Thursday, January 31, 1946, at the Ravensbourne Nursing Home, Gosforth, to Carole (née Intract), wife of David C. CARR, of "Corrie," 22, Wellburn Park, Jesmond, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 2.

A son (David Stewart) was born on Sunday, February 3, 1946, in the Lindo Wing, St. Mary's Hospital, to Irene (née Ross), wife of Julian CONWAY, of 26, Kingsgate Avenue, London, N.3.

A daughter (Patricia) was born on Monday, January 28, 1946, in the Private Maternity Ward, King's College Hospital, to Lyn (née Vennis), wife of Jack DALE, of 24, Hawes Lane, West Wickham, Kent.

A son (Philip Alexander) was born on Friday, February 1, 1946, at Queen's Park Hospital, Blackburn, to Dr. and Mrs. I. DAVID (Rita Abel, of Blackburn), of Flat 6, 22, Linnet Lane, Sefton Park, Liverpool, 17.

A son (Jacob Rowland) was born on February 1, 1946, at 27, Welbeck Street, W.1, to Anne (née Shaberol), wife of Cecil GEE, of 22, Brim Hill, Hampstead Garden Suburb, London, N.2.

A son was born on Tuesday, January 29, 1946, at Queen Charlotte's Maternity Hospital (Private Wing), Hammersmith, W., to Miriam (née Jacobs), wife of Jack GLENN, of 175, Anson Road, N.W.2.

A son (Anthony Leonard) was born on Friday, January 25, 1946, at King's College Hospital, Denmark Hill, S.E.5, to Ethel (née Chishick), wife of Sydney KLAHR, of Flat 2, Alexandra Grove Court, Alexandra Grove, N.4.

A son (Michael Alan) was born on Thursday, January 24, 1946, to Muriel (née Sufrin), wife of Joseph LANDSMAN, of 10, Waterpark Road, Salford, 7.

A son (Stephen Richard) was born on Friday, February 1, 1946, at Highfield Nursing Home, London Road, Stanmore, Middlesex, to Helen Esther (née Shalman), wife of Sydney A. LEWIS, of 28, Broadfields Avenue, Edgware, Middlesex.

A son (Leslie Gerald) was born on January 31, 1946, at 27, Welbeck Street, W.1, to Mimi (née Shack), wife of Barney LUBELLE, of 12, Mayfields, Wembley Park, Middlesex.

A son (Richard Bruce) was born on Wednesday, January 30, 1946, at 27, Welbeck Street, W.1, to Hannah (née Feinmesser), wife of Louis J. MINTZ, of 24, Rowan Walk, Hampstead Garden Suburb, N.2.

A daughter was born on Wednesday, January 30, 1946, at the Imperial Nursing Home, Harrogate, to Rachel (Bunty) (née Jackson), wife of Sydney MORRIS, of 18, St. James Drive, Harrogate.

A daughter was born on February 1, 1946, at 698, Scott Hall Road, Leeds, 7, to Belle (née Jacques), wife of Arthur NATHAN.

A son (Simon David) was born on Friday, February 1, 1946, at the Royal Northern Hospital (St. David's Wing), to Amelia (née Cohen), wife of Benjamin STEIN, of 64, Leigh Gardens, Willesden, N.W.10.

BARMITZVAH

Adrian Harvey, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry LAMBERT, of Barbourne Bank, Worcester, and London, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, February 9, 1946, at Worcester Hebrew Congregation, Worcester.

Clive, only son of the late Mr. Morton MORRIS, and Mrs. Eva Morris, of 39, Underlane, Plymstock, Devon, will read a portion of the Law at the Synagogue, Catherine Street, Plymouth, on Saturday, February 23, 1946.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. L. BASH AND MISS HARRISON

The engagement is announced of Leonard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Bash, of 31, Palace Mansions, W.14, to Colleen, younger daughter of the late Mr. Philip Harrison and Mrs. Hannah Harrison, of 44, Kenton Court, Kensington, W.14.

Q.M.S. J. BASKIN AND MISS LANDKRON

The engagement is announced of Isaac (Issy), son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Baskin, of 308, Great Clowes Street, Higher Broughton, Salford, 7, to Annie Landkron, youngest daughter of Mr. L. Landkron and the late Mrs. Landkron, of "Park Hill," 11, Park Street, Kersal, Salford, 7.

MR. GERALD BENJAMIN AND MISS ELLIS

The engagement is announced of Gerald, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Benjamin, of 36, Avenue Mansions, Finchley Road, N.W.3, to Priscilla, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Montagu Ellis, of 6, South Lodge, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

MR. R. HOWARD BOYERS, D.F.C., AND MISS FEINHOLS

The engagement is announced of Raphael Howard, younger son of Mrs. J. Boyers, of 73, Watson Road, Worksop, Notts., and of the late Mr. B. Boyers, to Marian Barbara, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Feinhols, of "Kirkleigh," Endcliffe Grove Avenue, Sheffield, 10.

MR. ISRAEL COHEN AND MISS FISHMAN

The engagement is announced of Israel, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Cohen, of 17, St. Andrew's Grove, London, N.16, to Rene, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. Fishman, of 10, St. Mark's Rise, London, E.8.

MR. JACK COHEN AND MISS BLOW

The engagement is announced of Jack, eldest son of Mrs. Eva Cohen and the late Mr. Philip Cohen, of 50, Aylestone Avenue, N.W.6, to Sylvia Jean, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Blow, of 23, Streatham Common South, S.W.16, where an "At Home" will be held on Sunday, February 10, 1946, from 3 to 6 p.m.

CAPTAIN A. COUTTS, Royal Armoured Corps, AND MISS SCHRAGE

The engagement is announced of Aaron, only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Coutts, of 203, Nithsdale Road, Glasgow, S.1, to Eva, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schrage, of 159-34, Riverside Drive West, New York.

MR. A. MICHAEL DAVIES AND MISS BENJAMIN

The engagement is announced of Michael, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Davies, of 11, Okeover Road, Salford, 7, to Betty, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Benjamin, of 23, Dobree Avenue, London, N.W.10.

DR. S. C. DYMOND AND MISS EPSTEIN

The engagement is announced of Sydney Dymond, B.Sc., M.B., B.Ch., youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Dymond, of 238, St. Margaret's Road, Twickenham (formerly of Cardiff), to Helen Epstein, B.A., only daughter of Rabbi Dr. and Mrs. I. Epstein, of 25, Alexander Avenue, London, N.W.10. There will be an "At Home" at 25, Alexander Avenue, N.W.10, from 3.30 to 6.30 p.m. on Sunday, February 17.

SGT. J. ELMAN, R.A.F., AND MISS CLAPMAN

The engagement is announced of Joe, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Elman, of 54, Castle Street, High Wycombe, Bucks, to Anita, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Clapman, of 28, Newstead Avenue, Orpington, Kent.

SURGEON LIEUT.-CMDR. M. GLICK, R.N.V.R., AND MISS SEBEL

The engagement is announced of Myer (Mick) Glick, of 16, Farrar Lane, Adel, Leeds, 6, youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Glick, to Minnie, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Sebel, of 15, Armitage Road, London, N.W.11.

MR. JOSEPH GOLD AND MISS GAMP

The engagement is announced of Mr. Joseph Gold, of 639, Lea Bridge Road, Leyton, E.10, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Gold, of 21, New Road, E.1, to Susan, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Gamp, of 2, Trevelyan Gardens, Willesden, N.W.10.

MR. HAROLD GOLDSTEIN (R.A.S.C.) AND MISS ZUCKER

The engagement is announced of Harold, youngest son of Mrs. J. Goldstein and the late Mr. S. Goldstein, of 40, Hamfrith Road, Forest Gate, E.15, to Sarah (Sally), third daughter of the late Rev. I. W. and Mrs. Zucker, of 133, Bethune Road, Stamford Hill, N.16.

MR. BERNARD GREEN, R.N., AND MISS FINE

The engagement is announced of Bernard, only son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Green, of 3, Warwick Road, Forest Gate, E.7, to Anne Zelda, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Fine, of 30, Upton Lane, Forest Gate, E.7.

MR. CYRIL SPRITZER AND MISS GREEN

The engagement is announced of Cyril Spritzer, twin son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Spritzer, of 14, Douglas Mansions, West End Lane, London, N.W.6, to Gertrude (Trudy), only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Green, of 39, Aylestone Avenue, Brondesbury Park, N.W.6.

W/O. A. S. CORNICK, R.A.F.V.R., AND MISS ROSE

The marriage will be solemnised at 2 p.m. on Monday, February 11, 1946, at Beth Hamidrash Hagadol Synagogue, Leeds, of Alexander Simon, only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Cornick, of 144, Chiswick Village, Chiswick, London, W.4, to Sadie Rose, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rosenberg, of 69, Harehills Avenue, Leeds, 8.

MR. ARMAND GOTTLIEB AND MISS SCHWARTZ

The marriage will take place on February 20, 1946, of Armand Gottlieb, of 83-05, Cornish Avenue, Long Island, N.Y., to Miss Stephania Schwartz, youngest daughter of Rabbi and Mrs. M. Schwartz, of "Grantham House," Victoria Road North, Southsea.

SILVER WEDDINGS

Mr. and Mrs. Robert DAVIS, of 100, Monarch Court, Hampstead Garden Suburb, N.2 (late of Westcliff-on-Sea), attained the 25th anniversary of their marriage on February 6, 1946.

SERVICES AND PREACHERS

LONDON

TO-MORROW (SABBATH)

Regent's Park and Belsize Park, Eton Road, N.W.
The Rev. F. Carlebach (of Palmers Green Synagogue)

SUNDAY

St. John's Wood Road (Liberal)
The Rev. Leslie I. Edgar, M.A.
Subject: "Claude Montefiore's Message to Anglo-Jewry."
Service begins at 11.30 a.m.

PROVINCIAL

TO-MORROW (SABBATH)

Manchester, Higher Crumpsall, Rabbi B. D. Klein, M.A.
Also after Mincha in Yiddish at 4.30 p.m.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS

LONDON

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9

Beth Zion—M'lave Malka. Mass Meeting. Absa House, 46, Commercial Road, E.1. 7 p.m. prompt. Come and hear the facts about Youth Aliyah. Speakers: Mrs. Chaim Weizmann, the Rev. J. Levy, and Dr. Nathan Morris. Chairman: Mr. H. Myer, Editor, "Jewish Times."

Ealing Y.I., 15, Grange Road, W.5, presents its first Saturday Night Dance of 1946. 7 p.m. Y.I. Members 2/6. Guests 3/6. Y.I. Fopcos members free.

Golders Green and Hendon Ben Zakkai (The J.S.S. Old Students' Association). M'lave Malka. Abba Myers Centre, 10, Shirehall Lane, N.W.4. 8 p.m. Rabbi Dr. S. Schonfeld will speak on "The Jews of Poland and America." All are welcome.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10

Anglo-Palestinian Club. Lecture by Mr. Donald I. MacRae on "Problems of International Economics." Chairman: Mr. Ian Mikardo, M.P. 8 p.m.

Finchley Zionist Society. Sun Lounge Hall, Odeon Cinema. Lecture by Mr. S. S. Silverman, M.P. on "World Jewish Congress." 4 p.m. In the chair: Mr. S. S. Levin, LL.B.

New West End Synagogue Communal Centre, 10, St. Petersburgh Place, W.2. Concert. 8 p.m.

University of London J.U.S. Mr. David Kahn on "The Theatre." Rose Hertz Hall, Woburn House. 7.15 p.m.

U.Y.I.S. Gala Ball. Adolph Tuck Hall, Woburn House. 7 p.m. Members only.

Willesden Jewish Centre, Heathfield Park, N.W.2. North-West London Unity Theatre Group presents Variety—including a Cynical Pantomime. 8 p.m. Members 1/-. Visitors 2/6.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11

Barcai Zionist Society, Willesden Synagogue Hall, Heathfield Park, N.W.2. An address in Yiddish by the Rev. J. K. Goldbloom on "Cultural Aspects of Zionism." 8.15 p.m. All are welcome.

D.H.I.C. Social. The Silver Horseshoe, 241, Neasden Lane, N.W.10. Dancing, table-tennis, darts, chess, games, etc. from 8 p.m. Members 6d. Visitors 1/-.

Stamford Hill Zionist Society. F/Lt. D. Schofield and the Rev. A. Baum will debate the Jewish Contribution to Progress. North London Zion House. 8 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13

Anglo-Palestinian Club. Tribute to Henrietta Szold by the Rev. P. Levy. 8 p.m. Arranged by the Hebrew Speaking Circle.

D.H.I.C., 1, Helena Road, N.W.2. Purim Evening from 8 p.m.

Golders Green Zionist Society. Gala Novelty Dance, Regent Bridge Hotel, N.W.4. 7 p.m. Admission 7/6.

Maida Vale Society. The Rev. S. Black, B.A., on "The Historical Geography of Palestine." 131, Elgin Avenue, W.9. 8 p.m.

New West End Synagogue Communal Centre, Gramophone Recital. 8 p.m.

Willesden Jewish Centre. "Do as You Please Dance." 8 p.m.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14

Anglo-Palestinian Club. "You may not have seen." A series of films not usually exhibited. 8 p.m. Arranged by Mr. Aubrey Litt. Members 2/-.

C.A.S. Valentine Dance. Adolph Tuck Hall. 7 p.m. (See back page advert.)

Kashrus Commission. 25th Anniversary Celebration, Golders Green Synagogue Hall, 7.30 p.m. Dayan H. M. Lazarus will preside.

Neasden Mizrachi Society. Public Meeting. Gladstone Park and Neasden Synagogue, Clifford Way, N.W.10. 8 p.m. Mr. A. Bornstein on "Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry," followed by Mr. M. Silverstone, LL.B. The Rev. J. Landau in the chair. All welcome.

St. John's Wood and Maida Vale Zionist Society. Gershon Spitz, just arrived from Palestine, will speak on "Youth in Zionism and Habonim" and F/Lt. E. Kovac will talk about the illegal immigrants of Mauritius.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17

Hendon Aid Society and Hendon Co-ordinated Charities Fund. Grand Bazaar and Fun Fair. Sol Cohen Memorial Hall, Hendon Synagogue, Raleigh Close, N.W.4. From 2.30 to 6.30 p.m.

Ben Uri Art Gallery, 14, Portman Street, W.1. 1946 Exhibition of Painting and Sculpture by Contemporary Jewish Artists. From February 11 to March 16. Open daily 10 a.m. to 12 noon, 2 to 4 p.m. Wednesdays 3 to 9 p.m. Sundays 2 to 4 p.m. Admission free.

PROVINCIAL

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10

LEEDS

Leeds Zionist Council. Public Meeting, Corner House, Moortown. 3 p.m. Speaker: Prof. Selig Brodetsky, M.A., Ph.D. Chairman: Mr. David Fox.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17

LIVERPOOL

Greenbank Drive Synagogue Hall. 5 p.m. Celebrity Lecture by Rabb. Dr. A. Altmann (Communal Rabbi of Manchester). Subject: "The Legacy of Solomon Schechter." In the Chair: Rabbi I. I. Unterman.

CALENDAR AND DIARY

1 Adar 30 days
Friday, February 8 to Friday, February 15
(1 Adar 7 to 1 Adar 14)

Friday (1 Adar 7), February 8
Sabbath begins at 4.30

Saturday (1 Adar 8), February 9. Portion of the Law (Torah) תרומה Exodus xxv. 1 to xxvii. 19. Portion of Prophets (Haftara) I Kings v. 26 to vi. 13.

Sabbath ends (in London) at 5.46

Friday (1 Adar 14), February 15. Sabbath begins at 5

BIBLE READERS' UNION

Saturday, February 9 ... I Chronicles 11
Week ending Saturday, Feb. 16 I Chronicles 12-18

Particulars can be obtained from the Bible Readers' Union, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, London, W.C.1.

NOTABLE DAYS IN 1946 (5706-7)

5706				1946	
II Adar	11	Fast of Esther	Thurs.	March	14
"	14	Purim	Sunday	"	17
Nisan	15	Passover, 1st day	Tuesday	April	16
"	16	" 2nd day	Wed.	"	17
"	21	" 7th day	Monday	"	22
"	22	" 8th day	Tuesday	"	23
Iyar	18	33rd day of Omer	Sunday	May	19
Sivan	6	Pentecost, 1st day	Wed.	June	5
"	7	2nd day	Thursday	"	6
Tammuz	17	Fast of Tammuz	Tuesday	July	16
Av	9	Fast of Av	Tues.	August	6
5707					
Tishri	1	New Year, 1st day	Thursday	Sept.	26
"	2	" 2nd day	Friday	"	27
"	4	Fast of Gedaliah	Sunday	"	29
"	10	Day of Atonement	Saturday	Oct.	5
"	15	Tabernacles, 1st day	Thursday	"	10
"	16	" 2nd day	Friday	"	11
"	21	Hashana Rabba	Wednesday	"	16
"	22	Shemini Atzeret	Thursday	"	17
"	23	Simchat Torah	Friday	"	18
Kislev	25	Chanucah	Wed.	Dec.	18

Rashe Chodashim.—Shevat: Thursday, January 3. *1 Adar, Saturday, February 2. *II Adar, Monday, March 4. Nisan, Tuesday, April 2. *Iyar, Thursday, May 2. Sivan, Friday, May 31. *Tammuz, Sunday, June 30. Av, Monday, July 29. *Elul, Wednesday, August 28. *Marcheshvan, Saturday, October 26. Kislev, Sunday, November 24. *Tebet, Tuesday, December 24.

*The previous day also is observed as Rosh Chodesh.

RESCUING JEWISH CHILDREN IN POLAND

From Mrs. SID HYAMS (*Chairman, 3 C's—Combined Charities Committee*) and Mr. A. M. KAIZER (*General Secretary, Federation of Jewish Relief Organisations*).

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—One of the most urgent problems facing Jewry to-day is saving the surviving Jewish children in Europe; too few of them, alas, have been left alive after the Nazi bestialities, particularly in Poland.

Before the war Poland had the largest and the most intensely Jewish community in Europe consisting of three and a half million souls, of whom only 80,000 survive to-day. Among these survivors are more than 5,000 children who have lost both their parents and have no near relatives. The Jewish future depends on the children of our people and a determined effort must be made to salvage these remnants of Polish youth. Obviously, the best solution would be to place them in a happier country, but pending such opportunities we must provide Jewish homes for them in Poland.

The 3 C's Combined Charities Committee—which has distributed thousands of pounds during the last twenty-five years to various charities—is so impressed with the urgency of the need that they have at the invitation of the Federation of Jewish Relief Organisations undertaken the organisation of a Gala Concert and Festival of Music on Wednesday, February 27, at the Royal Albert Hall, the object of which is to provide funds for the establishment of a 3 C's Orphanage in Poland.

The performances will include the National Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Walter Goehr; Eva Turner and Frank Titterton; Louis Kentner; Alfredo Campoli, and Cantor the Rev. Sascha Kusevitsky, with the Halevi choir of 150 voices under the direction of Mr. Samuel Alman.

As soon as the proceeds from the concert are to hand, a delegation of the Federation of Jewish Relief Organisations and of the 3 C's will visit Poland to make the necessary arrangements for the opening of the Home. We ask the support of every Jew for this function.

In conclusion we would quote from a special message to Jewry sent to us by Louis Golding: "You escaped Belsen and Dachau. These children by the grace of God managed to survive them. We must place these Jewish children in Jewish Homes where they will be cared for lovingly and brought up in the Jewish spirit for which their fathers and mothers gave their lives. Give all the help you can."

We are, &c.,
CISSIE HYAMS
A. M. KAIZER

33, Soho Square, W.1.

Colds rarely catch me!

I KEEP AHEAD WITH

Cephos REG.

Pronounced See-foss

THE PHYSICIANS' REMEDY

The safe remedy for

COLDS AND 'FLU

Cephos is sold everywhere in Tablet or Powder form, 8 Powders or 16 Tablets 1/3, 21 Powders or 42 Tablets 3/-. Single dose 2d. (including Purchase Tax).

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GAUMONT MANCHESTER
SUNDAY: ALL NEXT WEEK
SUNDAY 2.40, WEEKDAY 12.30, LAST WEEK
STATE FAIR
(Technicolor) with
JEANNE CRAIN DANA ANDREWS
DICK HAYMES VIVIAN BLAINE
SUNDAY 3.0, 5.20 and 7.45 p.m.
WEEKDAYS 12.40, 3.40, 6.5, and 8.40 p.m.
MARCH OF TIME SILLY SYMPHONY
STANLEY TUDOR at the Organ
At 2.45, 5.30 and 8.10 p.m.

GAIETY
MANCHESTER
— STARTS SUNDAY —
M-G-M's SMASH MUSICAL
"ANCHORS AWEIGH"
GENE KELLY
KATHRYN GRAYSON
FRANK SINATRA
and JOSÉ ITURBI
TECHNICOLOR
SUNS. 3 DISTINCT SHOWS

DEANSGATE
PICTURE HOUSE
CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCES
WEEKDAYS from 11.45 SUNDAYS from 2.15
This Week-end & RETAINED
for All Next Week (6th Week)
JAMES MASON
IN
"THE SEVENTH VEIL"
WITH
ANN TODD

MANCHESTER UNION OF JEWISH LITERARY SOCIETIES
A Snowball Dance
will be held at the
Cheetham Assembly Rooms
on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16
Dancing 7.30 to 11 p.m. to
JACK JORDON and his SEXTETTE
Special Buses as usual. Tickets at the door.

PRESTWICH WOMEN ZIONISTS
invite you to a
DANCE
(in aid of the Rescue of Women and Children from Europe)
on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16
at the HEATON PARK HOTEL
(opp. Sheepfoot Lane)
RALPH GETHIC'S Band and Cabaret
10/6, including Buffet Supper. Limited number of tickets. Immediate application: Mrs. S. Selzer, 3, Carlton Avenue, Prestwich. CHE. 3157.

MANCHESTER COUNTRY CLUB
will hold an
AFTERNOON TEA DANCE
on SUNDAY, FEB. 10, from 3.30 to 6.30 p.m.
Music by MODERNIST'S Melody Makers
Tables bookable in advance from Violet Menaged, Assistant Hon. Secretary. DID 2833. Members, Friends and Forces only.

Jewish Manchester FORUM Middleton Rd. 8.15
"Holmbury" Club
Feb. 14 Chairman the Rev. P. SELVIN GOLDBERG
"English Jewry and its Future"
Speaker
Rabbi Dr. F. NEUFELD, M.A., LL.M., PhD., D.Litt.

HIGHER BROUGHTON JUDEANS
DAVID FREEMAN, Speaking on
"JEWISH DRAMA"
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10

Provincial News

MANCHESTER'S PROPOSED JEWISH CENTRE

Where Should It Be Built?

Discussing the proposed Jewish communal centre at a meeting of the Council of Manchester and Salford Jews, Mr. Norman Jacobs said that there were at least 120 organisations in the city which were badly in need of "bricks and mortar."

A site near the Half-Way House had been inspected and might be chosen for the building, but the tendency of the Jewish population to go further out of the town would have to be considered. They should look 25 or 30 years ahead in choosing a site, said Mr. Jacobs, and not just consider the present.

Another major appeal would have to be made, as the Nathan Laski Memorial Fund would not suffice for the purpose—it had to provide for other projects as well. The speaker envisaged all organisations being concentrated in the community centre.

Mr. B. Cassel said that the centre could not hope to satisfy everyone; they must have one central club and other smaller ones.

Councillor Langton thought that as the Government proposed instituting community centres in neighbourhoods, the Jewish community would find their centre in the general one.

Mr. H. Nathan declared the scheme was too ambitious and said it was impossible to concentrate the community in one corner.

In a report on ostentatious functions, Mr. Norman Jacobs informed the Council that leaflets had been sent to all Synagogues to be distributed amongst celebrants.

Councillor A. Moss, in his Presidential report, paid a tribute to the late Chief Rabbi.

He congratulated Mr. Maurice Sherman, President of the Holy Law Synagogue, on winning the English Zionist Federation Oratory Contest.

Mr. I. Glancy, reporting on the Jewish Canteen, said that an average of 4,000 Service men and women visited the canteen each week.

PRESTWICH PRIZE-GIVING

(COMMUNICATED)

The annual prize-distribution to the pupils of the Prestwich Congregational Hebrew and Religion Classes was held on Sunday, with the President of the Synagogue, Mr. Max H. Franks, in the chair.

Rabbi M. Gurdas gave an address to the parents on Jewish education. Other speakers included Mr. Judah J. Slotki and the Rev. A. I. Butland; the newly-appointed Headmaster, who said that the classes were now attended by 80 pupils.

Mr. S. Glickman presented the prizes. The pupils gave a short play in Hebrew.

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THE YESHIVA APPEAL

(COMMUNICATED)

At the monthly Council meeting of the Manchester Yeshiva, the President, Mr. Saul Rosenberg, paid a moving tribute to the late Chief Rabbi.

Speaking of the £10,000 Hostel Appeal, Mr. Rosenberg regretted that he could report very little progress since the last meeting. There were still very many people who understood the vital importance of Yeshivas, but had not yet responded to this urgent appeal. He was grateful to the Manchester Great Synagogue, the first Synagogue to answer the appeal, for their donation of £21. The Luton Jewish Charities Committee had sent £21.

It was unanimously decided that the Yeshiva should again open its doors to foreign Yeshiva students who had survived the persecution and who found it impossible to continue their studies under existing conditions. As a first step 15 such students are to be accepted from a Rumanian Yeshiva.

At a meeting of the Committee of the Manchester Region of the League of Jewish Women, Mrs. Hassan, Chairman, thanked all members who had contributed to the splendid collection of baby garments for dispatch abroad. All the large parcels were quickly acknowledged. They were distributed to Jewish mothers in Germany.

The Great Synagogue Ladies' Doreas Society has restarted its winter session. The Society is attached to the W.V.S., and is making garments for the children of the liberated countries. The Society meets at the Great Synagogue on Monday afternoons. The Hon. Secretary is Mrs. Nathan Jacobs, 100, Scholes Lane, Prestwich.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY'S FINANCES

Prof. Brodetsky at Leeds "Friends"

Prof. S. Brodetsky, speaking at the annual meeting of the Leeds branch of the Friends of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, held at Leeds University, said the proportion of the income of universities from students' fees was becoming smaller and smaller, and the costs larger and larger.

In Leeds, for example, the students' fees represented about 24 per cent of the total costs; and at the University of Jerusalem, which he visited recently, they amounted to about 10 per cent. In Jerusalem a large number of the students were very poor.

The budget of the Hebrew University, after an increase of 15 per cent in the salaries of the professors and lecturers—which in Prof. Brodetsky's view were still insufficient—amounted to nearly £300,000. Sir Leon Simon had been appointed head of the University Committee. His position would correspond with that of Pro-Chancellor, but he would be a paid official, responsible for the administration of the University. A Rector, elected every two years, would be responsible for the academic side of the University's work.

Mr. K. Cainer, joint hon. secretary of the Leeds Branch, said annual subscribers totalled 215 compared with 108 in November, 1944, and annual subscriptions amounted to £1,154 compared with £490. Professor Brodetsky suggested that Leeds should be able to raise at least £5,000 a year.

Dr. B. Mouat Jones, Vice-Chancellor of Leeds University, who presided, was re-elected President, and others elected were: Sir Montague Burton, Mr. H. Freedman, Professor J. Harvey, Mr. M. Labowitch, and Professor F. Smith, Vice-Presidents; Mr. H. Rosenthal, Chairman; Prof. S. Brodetsky, Vice-Chairman; Mr. K. Cainer and Dr. A. Schweitzer, Hon. Secretaries.

STARVING OUT A CHAZAN

Chapeltown's Unenviable Achievement

From the Rev. A. S. SUPER
(Senior Minister, United Hebrew Congregation, Leeds)

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I would like to remove any misconception which might be created in the minds of readers by the report in the Leeds column last Friday in connection with the departure from Leeds of the Rev. H. Lerner.

The United Hebrew Congregation, of which I have the honour to be the Senior Minister, has, particularly since the election of the new executive last summer, strained its financial resources to the utmost to meet the heavy additional burdens of the increased cost of living which have fallen upon the officials attached to congregations which are associated with it.

The heat with which some of us spoke arose from our impatience to see the same high standards speedily copied by every congregation in our city.

I am &c.,
ARTHUR SAUL SUPER.

98, Chapeltown Road, Leeds, 7.

PALESTINE INDUSTRIALISTS IN BELFAST

Mr. Zalman Yerushalmy, Director-General of Palestine Oil Industry, "Shemen" Ltd., and of the Palestine Housing Corporation, accompanied by Mr. S. Bornstein, Director of the Palestine Jute, Flax & Hemp Mills, Ltd., addressed a meeting of business men at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. Samuels on the prospects of post-war industry in Palestine.

Mr. Yerushalmy said that it was a mistake to think that Palestine industries could have no chance of standing up against foreign competition. The fact alone that the Yishuv remained very little disturbed in face of the latest manœuvre to boycott Jewish industrial undertakings was sufficient to prove this. Actually, the present scale of imports and exports gave the assurance that the boycott would hit the boycotters more than those against whom it was directed.

There was never a time, said Mr. Yerushalmy, when the 600,000 Jews in Palestine were so unified for safeguarding the Jewish cause as at present.

Mr. S. Bornstein recalled the mistaken attitude of the Jewish industrialists in Poland to the Zionist idea before the outbreak of the war. Let those who had still an opportunity to save themselves and the future of their people not repeat that tragic error, he said. Rabbi J. Shachter also spoke.

"DESPERATE" NEED FOR TEACHERS

Dr. Nathan Morris's Warning in Glasgow

"The educational problem which overshadows everything else is the training of teachers," declared Dr. Nathan Morris, Education Officer of the Joint Emergency Committee, when he gave an address at a delegate meeting of the Glasgow Jewish Representative Council last week. Mr. Joseph Sachs, J.P., President of the Council, was in the chair, and members of the Glasgow Talmud Torah and Board of Jewish Education were also present.

Dr. Morris, who spoke on "The Recent Communal Conference on Jewish Education," said that the problem of obtaining teachers had become desperate because the great Jewish centres of life and learning on the Continent had been destroyed, and they could not expect any more teachers from those sources. They must either produce more teachers or their work would stop. Had it not been for the influx of refugees during the past twelve years many of their classes would have had to close down.

Appealing to Glasgow to come into the Central Council when it came into being, Dr. Morris said that the lack of such a Council had almost brought them to the brink of disaster on the outbreak of war. They must learn from that lesson. They wanted British Jewry to speak with one united voice on behalf of the community in educational matters.

Mr. J. Sachs, J.P., and Mr. S. M. Lipsey pledged the support of the Council for the Central Council for Jewish Religious Education.

The Rev. Dr. I. K. Cosgrove said that from his experience as a Chaplain in the Forces, he had been able to evaluate the Jewish educational system during the past 25 years, and the results, he found, were appalling.

Mr. E. Levitus reported on the recent Provincial Representative Councils' Conference at Liverpool. It was agreed that the next conference should be held in Glasgow in April.

During his visit to Glasgow Dr. Morris inspected the Strathbungo Classes and the Classes in the Talmud Torah. He also gave an address at a meeting of Jewish teachers on "Methods of Teaching."

LIVERPOOL SCHOOLS' REUNION

Over 800 attended the reunion dance of the Liverpool Hebrew Schools Old Boys' Association at the Rialto Ballroom. Mr. J. C. Carr, President of the Association, referred to the campaign being launched to raise funds for the building of the proposed new school. The Old Boys' Association, he said, had pledged themseves to raise £1,000, and the proceeds of that dance would go towards their target.

Rabbi Dr. S. M. Lehrman conducts a class in Jewish history at the Liverpool Institute High School for boys every Tuesday morning. All the Jewish boys, about 45 in number, attend. It is hoped that other schools will shortly be visited by local teachers for a similar purpose.

Mr. Vivian H. L. Caplan, of Reedale Road, a student at the Liverpool College of Commerce (who is already the possessor of the R.S.A. Certificate), has gained three certificate awards from the Institute of Industrial Adminstration. Mr. Caplan, who is the youngest to gain these awards on Merseyside, has been elected a Student Member of the Institute.

BIRMINGHAM—At the Home for Aged Jews, tablets were recently consecrated in memory of the late Bros. Isaac Joseph, Charles Woolf, and Emanuel Harris, of the Achei Brith Lodges. The ceremony was conducted by Rabbi R. Rabinowitz and the Rev. A. Klein, and the tablets were unveiled by Bro. S. Binderman, Grand Treasurer of the Order Achei Brith and Shield of Abraham. Many members of the Isaac Joseph Lodge and the Rev. Emanuel Lodge were present.

Mr. Sefton Temkin, of London, addressed the Birmingham Jewish Students' Society at the University, Edgbaston, on "The Work of the Anglo-Jewish Association." Miss Elizabeth Lesser presided.

BOLTON—The Rev. I. W. Slotki visited the Congregational Classes on behalf of the Manchester Talmud Torah Schools and the Jewish Education Board and conducted an examination.

BRADFORD—At the annual meeting of the Bradford Hebrew Congregation, presided over by Mr. L. Jerome, the annual report, balance-sheet, and Chevra Kadisha and Hebrew Classes reports were adopted. The following were elected: Messrs. L. Jerome, President; H. Shaffner, Warden; M. Brown, Treasurer; P. Jerome and M. Levi, Hon. Secretaries; M. Strolowitz, Assistant Secretary; and A. Levi and S. Keeney, Gabbai and Vice-Gabbai respectively of the Chevra Kadisha.

Mrs. L. Joseph (now of Harrogate), formerly Treasurer of the Bradford Ladies' Synagogue Guild, has presented on behalf of the Guild a grand piano to the Congregation.

CARDIFF—Under the auspices of the S. Wales and Monmouthshire Home for Aged Jews, Cardiff Ladies' Committee is running weekly Sunday evening social events at the Windsor Place Synagogue Assembly Hall. Ladies desirous of helping are asked to communicate with Mrs. Leah Jessel, 67, Carlisle Street, Splott, Cardiff.

FRANT (Sussex)—Beaconsfield School held a Chinuch recently, the service being conducted by the Rev. S. Gold, of the Highgate Synagogue. The buildings have been redecorated and fluorescent lighting has been introduced in all form-rooms. The Bristol Congregation presented a Sefer Torah, which has been placed in an Ark in the Synagogue, which was formally opened on the same afternoon.

HULL—Many social events are being revived by the Hull Jewish community, due in some degree to the return of a number of enthusiasts from the Services, who are throwing themselves wholeheartedly into the organising of various efforts. The Hull Judeans Club's first peace-time dance, held at the Beverley Road Baths, was attended by 700 people. As a result nearly £100 will go to the Hull Judeans Maccabi Youth Club effort. The Chairman of the Dance Committee was Mr. Norman Shenker, and the Secretary, Mr. Jack Marks. Coming events include the revival of the Hebrew Board of Guardians' annual ball (to be held at the Guildhall) and the Zionist Society's annual dance (to be held at the New York Ballroom).

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE—The memorial service for the late Chief Rabbi held at the Leazes Park Road Synagogue, under the auspices of the three Synagogues, was attended by the Lord Mayor of Newcastle, Alderman J. Clydesdale, and the Sheriff. The Revs. E. Drukker, I. Waller, and L. Wykansky officiated.

NOTTINGHAM—At the annual meeting of the local branch of the Federation of Women Zionists, the retiring Chairman, Mrs. Moss, reported on the work of the year, during which about £900 was raised. The following were elected: Mrs. Posnansky, Life President; Mrs. Phillip Marder, Chairman; Mrs. Brooker, Treasurer; and Miss F. Levene, Secretary. Mrs. Kissman, of London, gave an address on the work of the Wizo, and an "At Home" in her honour was given by Mrs. H. Dessau. Over £70 was raised.

OXFORD—Lady Fitzgerald spoke on "Palestine" at a meeting of the Women's Zionist Society held at the home of Mrs. S. Daiches. Mrs. J. Gutmann presided.

The University Jewish Society held a reception in honour of Dr. Boris Chain, who was recently awarded the Nobel Prize for his researches into penicillin.

SOUTHEND AND WESTCLIFF—At an entertainment given at the Synagogue Chambers recently, two films were shown, and the Rev. A. Pinskow addressed the audience on the occasion of Shevat 15. Hebrew songs were sung by the Junior Choir, under the direction of Mr. Ginsberg, and Mr. and Miss Garbacz sang Jewish folk songs. Over 250 people attended.

SUNDERLAND—The Rev. Jacob Kahan (Belfast Congregation) has received a "call" to the Sunderland Beth Hamedrash (Mowbray Road Synagogue) to act as Chazan, Shochet, and teacher. Mr. Kahan studied at the Manchester and Telz Yeshivas, and has occupied positions at Southport, Bolton, and London.

SWANSEA—One of the Jewish Youth Club's representatives on the Swansea Youth Council, Miss Ellen Feigenbaum, has been appointed secretary of that body, and the other representative, Mr. Monty Starr, has been elected to the Youth Week Committee.

TORQUAY AND PAIGNTON—A reception was held at the Sandringham Hotel, Torquay, in honour of the new Minister of the Congregation, the Rev. A. Wachsman (late of Blackburn). Mr. and Mrs. Wachsman were welcomed to Torquay by Mr. L. I. Cohen, the President. Mr. B. W. Cohen, the Warden, expressed the hope that the Jews of Torquay and Paignton would unite and buy suitable premises for a Synagogue, Hebrew Classes, and social centre, and that a Jewish cemetery would be established in the vicinity. Councillor I. Joseph, Treasurer, stressed the need for financial support.

SHEFFIELD—A ball in aid of the Jewish Board of Guardians, held last week in the Cutlers' Hall, was attended by 550 people. Those present included the Lord Mayor (who paid a tribute to Jewish loyalty and charity during a short speech at supper) and Lady Mayoress, the Master and Mistress Cutler, and the Town Clerk and Mrs. Hays. In the absence through illness of Mr. Joseph Newman, J.P., Chairman of the Ball Committee, Mr. Emile Viner, President of the Board, presided. Mr. Louis Davison was M.C.; Messrs. Harry Glass and Ruben Viner, Organising Secretaries; Mr. Maurice Goldblom, Treasurer; and Mr. Adolf Viner, Chairman of the Catering Committee.

ST. ANNES-ON-SEA—The inaugural meeting of the Hebrew Literary and Social Society, held at Synagogue Chambers, Orchard Road, was addressed by Mr. Neville J. Laski, K.C., on "Some Important Aspects of Anglo-Jewry." Messrs. H. Goldenburgh and Michael M. Fidler also spoke. The officers of the Society are: Messrs. J. Sassoon, Chairman; F. Cansino, Vice-Chairman; A. Harris, Hon. President; P. Lewis and B. Dulberg, Vice-Presidents; A. Berman, Treasurer; and H. Satinoff, Hon. Secretary. They are supported by a Ladies' Committee under the chairmanship of Mrs. M. Goldstone.

WOLVERHAMPTON—The annual meeting of the Wolverhampton J.N.F. Commission was held at the Victoria Hotel. Dr. L. Seaton, Chairman, presented the accounts, which showed that £740 had been raised for the U.P.A., and also £186, as a result of donations, the sale of trees, box collections, and a cinema show and social. Professor Weingreen, of Dublin, gave a pictorial presentation of Palestine. The following were elected: Dr. L. Seaton, Chairman; Miss Q. Kamensky and Mrs. Y. Niemen, Hon. Secretaries; and Mr. H. Aubrey, Treasurer.

FIRE

DUBLIN—The annual meeting of the Hebrew Congregation, Adelaide Road, was held recently, with the President, Mr. Edwin M. Solomons, in the chair. The following were elected as representatives of the Congregation on the Board of Management of the Dublin United Hebrew Congregation, which comprises the three principal Dublin Synagogues recently amalgamated (the Dublin Hebrew Congregation, Adelaide Road; the United Hebrew Congregation, Dolphin's Barn; and the Rathmines Congregation, 52, Grosvenor Road): Messrs. E. M. Solomons, H. Good, E. M. Isaacson, S. Crivon, D. Vard, S. White, L. Lapedus, W. Smullen, G. R. Morris, S. Brown, and P. Abels. At a meeting of the Council held later the following Wardens were appointed: Mr. E. M. Solomons, elected as President; Mr. H. Good, Vice-President and Hon. Treasurer; and Mr. S. Crivon, Hon. Secretary.

Friendly Societies

ASSOCIATION OF FRIENDLY SOCIETIES

The annual report of the Association of Jewish Friendly Societies for 1943/44, including a number of events up to September, 1945, has been issued.

The report surveys steps which have been taken by the Executive towards obtaining amalgamation in the movement. The Death and Funeral Funds of Orders constituted the major financial problem to be solved in any amalgamation. The recommendation that a well-known actuary conduct an actuarial valuation of the death funds of all Orders, was submitted to the Orders for approval and confirmation; but difficulties arose in getting the participation of every Order and as a result the Executive report that "they are compelled to pause and express the hope that at a convenient time, negotiations may be reopened with a view to pressing forward on this vital matter."

The report was prepared before details of the Government's new National Insurance Scheme were known. But there is a reference to the general question of Friendly Societies and Government insurance. "The submission of the Friendly Societies," says the report, "both to the Minister of National Insurance and to Members of Parliament, is that *bona fide* Friendly Societies are entirely non-profit making in character, and governed by the members themselves for their own benefit. In addition, the National Conference of Friendly Societies have consistently urged and still press for the preservation of the right of insured persons to exercise democratic control over their own insurance affairs, and the maintenance of their right of 'free choice' as to the source from which they desire to obtain their cash and allied benefits.

"The Friendly Society Movement is not opposed to the establishment of Local Security Offices, but suggests that such offices could operate side by side with Voluntary Friendly Societies. It has also been urged that the administration of the new scheme should be such as will facilitate and not hinder contact between State Insured persons and the Voluntary Friendly Society in order to encourage personal thrift and the attainment of full security in times of sickness."

The report of the Jewish Friendly Societies' Convalescent Home, which is incorporated in the Association's report, shows that 276 convalescents were admitted in 1943 and 260 in 1944.

ST. GEORGE'S DIVISIONAL SOCIETY

At a meeting of the St. George's East Sick and Divisional Society held at the headquarters, 262, Commercial Road, E.1, the following were elected: Bros. A. Cohen, Chairman; I. Bernhart, Vice-Chairman; D. Senker, M. Nathanson, A. Shine, Trustees; I. Geduld, Treasurer; M. Strauninger, D. Miller, Harry Hirsh, Auditors; H. Schwartz, Cash Steward and Messenger; and H. Conrich, Secretary.

The Brighton and Hove Zionist Society
and
The F.W.Z. (Brighton and Hove Branch)
PUBLIC MEETING
on SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17, at 3.30 p.m.
at the ROYAL PAVILION, BRIGHTON
Speakers:
Col. MARCUS SIEFF, O.B.E.
The Rev. BERNARD CHERRICK, M.A.
In the Chair: Mr. S. TEFF
TEA WILL BE SERVED

DUBLIN TORAH VA'AVODAH
Visit of the Rev. Dr. J. Vainstein, M.A., B.L.
(National Director of the Torah Va'Avodah Organisation) this week-end February 8-10
The Rev. Dr. J. Vainstein will deliver addresses on the following occasions:
YOUTH RALLY on Friday Night at 8 in the LOUNGE, GREENVILLE HALL
SPECIAL YOUTH SERVICE, United Hebrew Congregation Synagogue (Dolphin's Barn), Sabbath morning at 9. Sermon.
M'LAVE MALKA, Motzaei Shabbat (for members only).
PUBLIC MEETING (in conjunction with the Mizrachi) SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10, at 7.45 p.m. at Zion Schools.

LEEDS ZIONIST COUNCIL
Welcome Back Meeting to
Prof. Selig Brodetsky, M.A., Ph.D.
on his return from Palestine
at the Corner House, Moortown, Leeds
on SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10, at 3 p.m.
Chairman: DAVID FOX, Esq. All welcome.

BOARD OF DEPUTIES OF BRITISH JEWS
Jewish Defence Committee
Carmarthenshire Defence Committee
A Committee, under the Provincial Liaison Committee of the Jewish Defence Committee, has been set up covering Carmarthenshire for the purpose of combating Anti-Semitism and the maintenance of good relations between Jew and non-Jew.
The Hon. Officers are:
Chairman: the Rev. A. WAXMAN
Hon. Treasurer: Mr. E. LEVY
Hon. Secretary: Mr. E. LANDY
Committee: Mr. H. Cohen, Mr. I. Cohen, Mr. J. Cohen, Councillor L. Denis, Mr. K. Lipman, and Dr. M. Neugroeschl.
All local matters calling for attention and investigation should be referred to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. E. Landy, 7, Denham Avenue, Llanelly, Carmarthenshire.

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'Milk of Magnesia'

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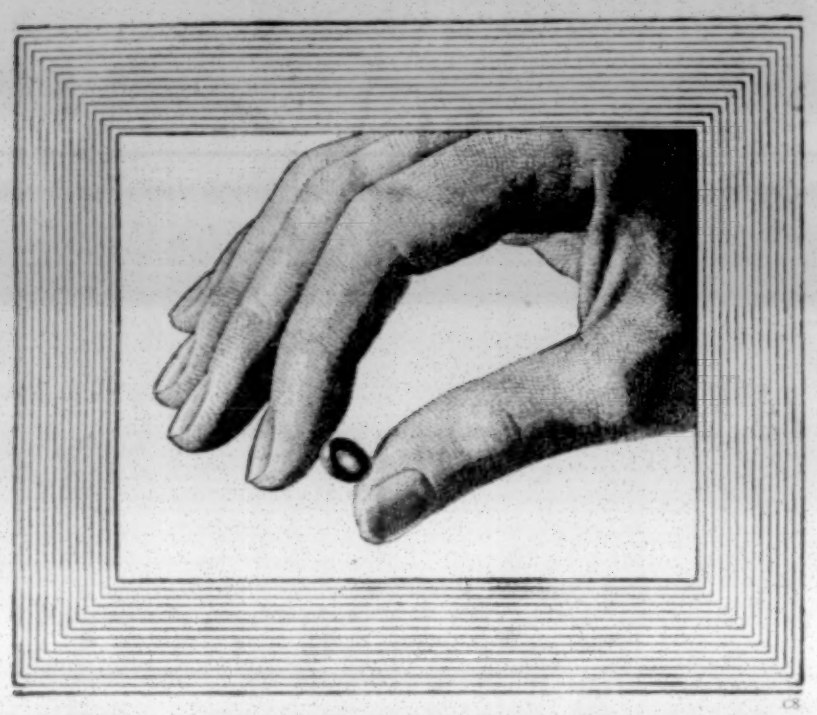

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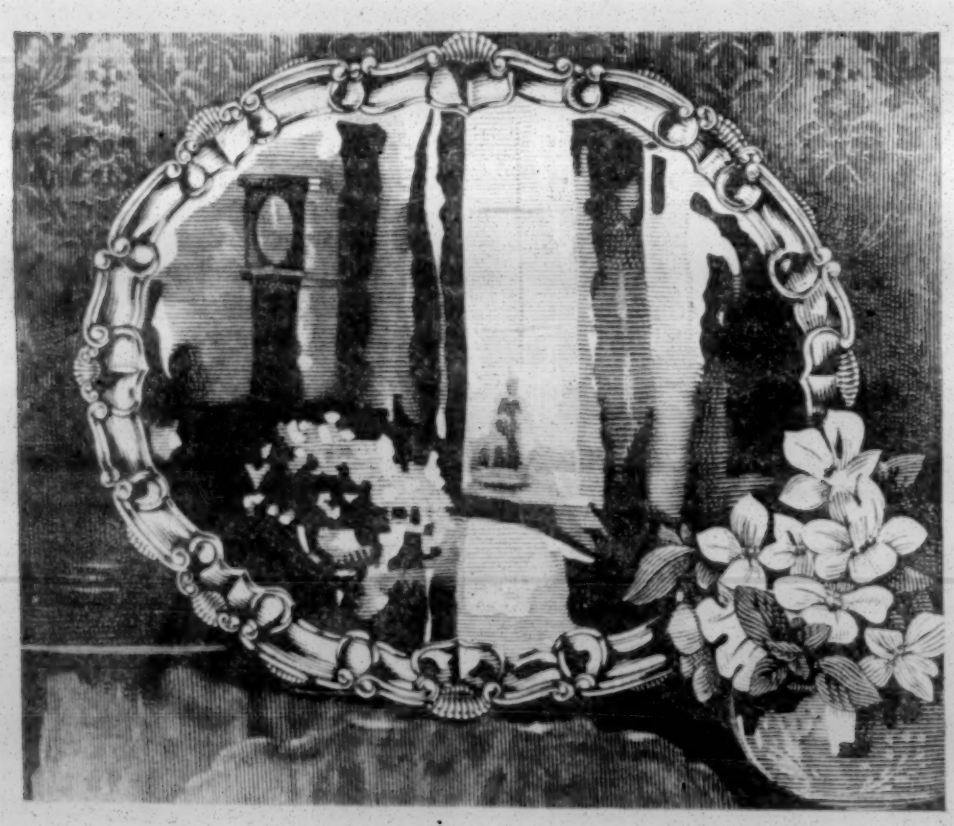


THE SILVER REFLECTS:

Besides the shining picture of the room that I adore you can see in me, as in a magic mirror, a woman's loving care, her pride in her home, and her gratitude to Silvo for the gleaming beauty which it gives, so carefully, to her treasured silver things.

SILVO

Points from Letters

"MASS REPRISALS IN PALESTINE"

The account by your Jerusalem Correspondent in your issue of February 1 concerning "Mass Reprisals in Palestine" must make every conscious Jew's blood boil. What an outcry there would be in the British Press if such things were to be told of, say, a Russian Government, or a Greek or any other Balkan Government. Yet we Jews stand by and, apart from the efforts of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, do nothing. Your suggestion that a committee be sent out to investigate these matters on the spot is admirable in its way, but surely something more immediate should be done? What are the Zionist organisers and the leaders of the Jewish Communities throughout the country doing? Surely this is the time for mass meetings and demonstrations of protest to be organised in every Jewish Community, and for Jewish M.P.s to be persuaded to ask questions in Parliament? Every Jew who feels strongly about these matters should write to his local M.P. concerning them. If the Jews of this country do not, at this juncture, make some really strong and effective protest, then they must stand condemned as being as much morally responsible for the sufferings of our brethren in the Yishuv as the British Government itself. Had the Jews, after the first World War, responded as they should have done to Zionist appeals, there would have now been no Palestine problem. Is present-day British Jewry going to fail as dismally to promote the welfare of the Jewish nation?—MR. E. HOUGH, c/o Rock Lawn, View Road, Rainhill, near Liverpool.

EXAMINATIONS AND YOM-TOVIM

With reference to the letter of the Press Officer of the Inter-University Jewish Federation in relation to the above subject, published in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE of January 25, I should like to state that the position in the Queen's University of Belfast, with regard to the postponement of examinations scheduled to be held on Sabbath and Yom-tov, is very gratifying. Such postponements are secured on applications made on conscientious grounds. Furthermore, the Ministry of Education of the Northern Ireland Government has established the procedure for several years now of submitting its time-table for the Junior and Senior Certificate Examinations to me, for any observation I may have to make with regard to the dates, before it is definitely settled.—RABBI J. SHACHTER, 101, Cliftonpark Avenue, Belfast.

"FORGOTTEN AGAIN"

The fact which your correspondent "Fair Play" puts on record in his letter to you published in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE of January 25, that, at the U.N.A.'s meeting at the Albert Hall, London, Field Marshal Sir Harold Alexander omitted the Jewish Brigade when particularising the men of all the nations taking part in the victorious army, of the Italian Campaign, is not new. On two other occasions in Northern Ireland, when he was welcomed and honoured by both the civic and University authorities, the Field Marshal went to the trouble of enumerating men of almost a dozen different nationalities, who were actively engaged in the Italian Campaign, and Jews were conspicuously omitted. During a short conversation with the Field Marshal afterwards, I asked him whether he had met the Jewish Brigade, to which he replied, "Certainly, I was their Commander." Apparently he did not catch the point of my question, since the omission has now been repeated.—CORELIGIONIST.

A POLICEMAN'S VIEW

Recently I gave some talks under the auspices of the Central Jewish Lecture Committee to the Women's Co-operative Guilds at Southall and at Harrow Road, on the subject of "The Present Situation in Palestine," and to the St. John's Church Guild, Kilburn, on "Some Aspects of Jewish Life." At the Southall Co-operative Guild a lady in the audience, whose son is a policeman in Palestine, told us that her son had written to her that "the Arabs and the Jews would get on very well with one another if it were not for the interference of the higher-ups."—MRS. ARNOLD HARRIS, 94, Olive Road, N.W.2.

A MANCHESTER MEMORIAL SERVICE

On Sunday last at the Great Synagogue, Manchester, there was held a memorial service for the late lamented Chief Rabbi. The service was arranged by the Council of Manchester and Salford Jews, and being the only one was presumably intended to give Manchester Jewry an opportunity of paying its tribute to the memory of a great teacher in Israel. In true provincial style, however, and with the usual provincial pride, the poster announcing this solemn service also announced that the Lord Mayor would attend "in his official capacity," and so full of pride were the leaders in this achievement that they even forgot to invite the Jewish clergy of Manchester to attend or participate. To have made the service Jewishly representative, and to have asked one or two Ministers from Synagogues other than the Great Synagogue to officiate was, of course, too much to expect from leaders of a so-called communal representative Council. London showed better taste when it arranged for its memorial service to be conducted by Ministers representative of the different religious organisations, and when it even invited Ministers from the provinces to attend robed in their canonicals, if possible. But what can one expect from the present leadership of the Manchester Community, so utterly petty and provincial-minded.—MRS. MYRA WYNDHAM, "Mirella," Sheringham Road, Manchester, 14.

C.B.F. IN EAST LONDON

The East London Committee for the Relief of European Jewry, which is making an intensive drive in East London for our Appeal, is having its first social function on February 9, when a dance is being held at the Imperial Ballrooms, Mile End. This will be followed by a concert at the Hackney Empire on March 17, when a special programme of traditional Jewish melodies will be given by the three well-known Cantors, the Revs. D. J. and S. Kusevitsky. As I am sure that your readers in East and North-East London would like to know of these events, I should be very grateful if you would bring it to their notice in the next issue of your valued paper.—MR. M. STEPHONY (Secretary, Central British Fund), Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, W.C.1.

PENICILLIN AND THE BIBLE

The other day I came across the startling admission by a great scientist, that the recent discovery of Penicillin by Prof. Florey and Dr. Chain had been anticipated thousands of years ago by King David, who recorded its curative properties. You will find it in (Psalm li. 9): "Purge me with hyssop and I shall be clean!" The scientist based his assertion on the fact that "Penicillin notatum is a mould that grows on rotting hyssop." It is remarkable to note how the natural qualities of hyssop as a healer have been recognised in Biblical times. This well-known aromatic plant was also extensively used in those remote days as a disinfectant, quite a modern practice: "And he shall take hyssop, and dip it in the water, and sprinkle it upon the tent, and upon all vessels . . ." (Numbers XIX. 18). We find throughout the Bible many instances where hyssop was employed for dealing with infections of contagious diseases. The Torah is truly "a Tree of Life to them that grasp it!"—MR. JOSEPH PORTON, 41, Nunroyd Road, Leeds, 7.

"PASTORICALLY YOURS"

While strongly sympathising with the Rev. Mr. Muckerdjee's laudable effort to obtain clerical status for all employees of the Zionist Federation, one cannot but regret that, with his high qualifications in the science of sanitation, he failed to realise that he could be more usefully employed in the United Synagogue.—"WEEWESTRE."

CINEMA CLUBS AND SABBATH

I was interested in your article on the Home Page with regard to the Cinema Clubs that are now so active. The problem is a very serious one for Jewish children, and your readers may like to know that it is being considered by a special sub-committee of youth bodies convened by the Youth Department of the Joint Emergency Committee. A programme of activities for Sabbath mornings has been prepared which it is hoped to introduce wherever there is an appreciable Jewish population. Besides the youth bodies, Synagogal authorities and the Sabbath League have been consulted and they are all participating in arrangements for the calling of a representative meeting of Synagogal and youth bodies to launch the scheme. An approach has also been made to Mr. J. A. Rank with regard to the possible bad effects of these clubs on Jewish religious life.—THE REV. J. HALPERN (Senior Assistant Education Officer, Joint Emergency Committee), Woburn House, W.C.1.

"CHIEF RABBINICAL SUCCESSION"

In last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE your correspondent records that Hart Lyon and Aaron Hart had their supremacy recognised in and beyond the capital; he, however, does not mention Solomon Herschell. I have the seal of this modest Rabbi, which originally belonged to the late Asher Myers, once editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE. He claims no titles for himself or his fathers; yet he describes his office as Ab Beth Din. The seal reads: Shelomo ben Tzvei ben Aryi, Ab Beth Din de Kehilla, Kedosha London, he hagedola vehamedina. Thus we see his claim is that of Ab Beth Din only of London and the provinces. Was not this a similar claim to that of Hart Lyon and Aaron Hart and did not the Chief Rabbinate really begin with Dr. Nathan Adler?—MR. JULIUS M. HURST, 81, Goldhurst Terrace, N.W.6.

"Antiquarius" writes that the late Dr. Hertz was the seventh Chief Rabbi and not, as I wrote, the fifth. I could cite a third writer, considered an authority, who agrees with neither of us: Dr. Cecil Roth. In the JEWISH CHRONICLE SUPPLEMENT of July, 1931, Dr. Roth wrote of Solomon Herschell as "the first formally recognised Chief Rabbi"—which would make Dr. Hertz not even the fifth but the fourth occupant of the office. However, Solomon Herschell's predecessor, Tevele Schiff, was not only accorded recognition by congregations outside London (as were to some extent, Aaron Hart and Hart Lyon before him as "Antiquarius" points out), but he was, I believe, actually appointed "Chief Rabbi" by the Great Synagogue. And that was why I wrote of him as the first to hold the office.—THE WRITER OF THE ORIGINAL.

DR. ROYDEN'S COMMUNIST BOGY

The Rev. Dr. Maude Royden, Christian divine and preacher of Christian love, has testified against the people of Israel before the new Palestine Commission. In what she would call the "old" Testament she no more believes. For, despite the incontrovertible evidence to the contrary contained in that Book, she brazenly denies that the Land of Israel has ever been promised by God to the children of Israel. Her specious theory she "proves" by stating that the "best work in Palestine has been done by Jewish communists who do not believe in God at all." But among the multitude of references in the Bible emphasising God's promise to Israel, and affirming Israel's inalienable and eternal right of possession to the Land of Israel, we cannot find a single allusion to the exclusion of Jewish communists. Surely this pious, God-fearing enemy of Israel must understand that if God has rendered, successful, as she contends, the work of the tiny minority of Godless communists in Eretz Yisrael, how much more will His approval and blessings rest upon the work of the millions of non-communist, believing Jews who strive and work for the re-establishment of the Land of Israel as a sovereign independent Jewish State on both banks of the River Jordan!—MR. JACOB SARNA, 9, Lauderdale Mansions, W.9.

LIVE AND LEARN

The other day I came across a gossip paragraph in the WESTERN MAIL which will, I believe, interest both of your readers as much as it intrigued me. The diarist was discussing the Anglo-American Inquiry Committee and he went on: "Though he has not come forward to give evidence Mr. Barnett Janner, M.P., the former Cardiff solicitor, has been very active behind the scenes in preparing and selecting evidence for the committee. It is quite true to say," he told me to-day, "that not all Jews are in favour of reopening the gates of Palestine, just as it is true to say that there are Welshmen who are not in favour of a Welsh Office. But such Jews are very few and far between and are certainly more vocal than numerous. Because of his outstanding services to the Zionists the Federation has re-elected Mr. Janner as its Chairman—an honour seldom conferred on any member for two years in succession." I am sure your readers will be grateful to Mr. Janner for his work of "preparing and selecting evidence." I understand that the evidence for the Zionist Federation was largely prepared by Sir Simon Marks, with the secretarial assistance of the Federation Secretary.—"A WELSH ZIONIST," Cardiff.

LIBRARY FOR BIRMINGHAM CENTRE

As a member of the Council of the local Jewish Centre (a report of the opening of which appeared recently in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE) I am trying to establish a lending library for the Jewish youth who are members of this Centre. I have presented 60 books of Jewish interest to this library. I am now hoping that my example may induce others (especially in this city) to do likewise. Would anyone who can spare books of Jewish interest kindly forward them to Miss Ostrov, the Hon. Librarian, at the Library, 61, Station Street, Birmingham, 5.—MR. SAMUEL BROWN, 57, Viceroy Close, Bristol Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

"THANKS FOR POLAND AND BANANAS"

I read Mr. Laurence Bethell's letter several times. How can one reply to such an argument? Surely then we should be grateful to the Nazis who so kindly "harboured" us in Buchenwald, etc. "The conditions were not ideal, but they did 'accept' us." And after all the handful of Jews who escaped at Germany's downfall might not have been alive to-day had the incinerators been larger. Mr. Bethell must be right—there is indeed so little gratitude in the world to-day. Perhaps, however, he has never heard of the pogroms. Perhaps he has never met the maimed and crippled who could no doubt give him more detailed information than I. The difference between Germany and Poland as far as the Jews are concerned is that whereas Germany consisted of a number of different concentration camps, Poland was, and I should think still is, one big one in itself. But then I may be wronging Mr. Bethell. Perhaps it was a perverted sense of humour which encouraged him to compose his letter.—MISS E. KORLSON, 66, Chardmore Road, N.16.

SOCIAL CREDIT AND ANTI-SEMITISM

In your issue of February 1, "A.M.T." writes: "Mr. Malcolm Mackenzie must regard us as very simple and naïve. I will just refer him to the writings of his own Leader . . ." Whereupon "A.M.T." refers to a book not written by the Leader of the Social Credit Party, but by Major Douglas, who is not even a member of the Party, and with whom the Party does not have relations. Major Douglas discovered an economic and financial theory, which happens to be correct. With his political policy we have no truck. The position is the same as if, because Albert Einstein discovered the Theory of Relativity (which happens to be correct), we all had to believe in Dr. Einstein's other views. As regards the publishing firm mentioned, this has no connection with the Social Credit Party, nor has the periodical also mentioned by "A.M.T." John Hargrave, Founder and Leader of the Social Credit Party, and that Party are firmly opposed to anti-Semitism, which, as I wrote earlier, is a ground for exclusion from the Party. "A.M.T." should get his facts right before dashing into print.—MR. MALCOLM MACKENZIE (General Secretary, The Social Credit Party), 33, Craven Terrace, W.2.

TALMUD TORAH TRUST

Report of Reorganisation Commission

A meeting of the Talmud Torah Trust over which the Chairman, the Rev. Isaac Goldston, presided, was held recently at Woburn House.

A vote of condolence with the family of the late Chief Rabbi was moved by the Chairman, who paid a tribute to the late Dr. Hertz. Dayan H. M. Lazarus, Mr. I. W. Goldberg, and Mr. A. Bornstein also added tributes.

The Chairman announced that they had had a letter from the Federation of Synagogues officially saying that they would be more than pleased to join their body.

On the motion of Mr. I. W. Goldberg, the statement of accounts for the years 1944 and 1945, were adopted.

Sir Leon Simon reported on the work of the Talmud Torah Reorganisation Commission, of which he is Chairman. The main thing about their work, he said, was that they had wakened up and put new life into the Talmud Torahs as a whole, which was a fundamentally important thing. The Talmud Torahs had appeared in danger of disappearing, but one could not say that that danger existed now. The number of pupils was, perhaps, double what it was when they had started, and one or two Talmud Torahs had been opened with their encouragement and assistance. One or two amalgamations had taken place, and in general the whole position was much sounder.

The Rev. J. Halpern reported on the present position of the Talmud Torahs.

The Rev. Isaac Goldston reported on the communal conference held in London on November 25-26.

Dr. Nathan Morris reported on the position of the Talmud Torahs in the new conditions created as a result of the communal conference.

Dr. B. Homa moved, and Mr. S. Yudkin seconded, that the Talmud Torah Trust should enter the new scheme for the centralisation of Jewish religious education in London.

The motion was unanimously adopted.

JEWISH DEAF CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Returning To London

Colonel F. C. Stern, President of the School for Jewish Deaf Children, was in the chair at a meeting attended by over 50 parents and friends to hear an address given by Mr. L. J. Benham, the Headmaster, at Woburn House last Sunday.

Colonel Stern, after paying tribute to the great help given to the school by the Ministry of Education and the L.C.C., said that it was hoped to transfer the school from its war-time habitat at Hayering House, Milton, near Marlborough, back to its old home in Nightingale Lane, Wandsworth, which would shortly be turned over to them again by the Government. He thought that the change-over would be accomplished in April next.

Mr. Benham outlined the duties not only incumbent on the school and the pupils but also on the parents, who, he said, had a great part to play in the proper education and upbringing of their handicapped youngsters. The education of the deaf was a slow and laborious process, but he assured them all that not only did the school possess every possible modern method of teaching, but also that such instruction was given with understanding and love.

Mr. Benham added that he hoped to introduce many innovations when the school was firmly settled in London. He hoped to arrange for children to be able to visit their own homes every week-end, and facilities were to be sought for the attendance of the seniors at L.C.C. evening classes.

During the tea interval, Mr. Benham discussed with each parent the particular problems of their children.

POLISH JEW CALLED TO ENGLISH BAR

Mr. Emil Kamerman, a Polish Jew, has been called to the English bar. He is believed to be the first member of the Polish bar to achieve this distinction in the history of the Inns of Court.

For three years Mr. Kamerman served as an officer with the Polish Forces in Scotland. In the critical days of 1940-41, he was stationed on the East Coast of Scotland, performing various anti-invasion duties.

He was also of great service to the military authorities as liaison officer between the Polish and British military units, especially at the time when many of the Poles knew hardly any English.

THE JEWISH FELLOWSHIP

A new branch of the Jewish Fellowship—No. 1 Branch, South London—was recently formed. At its first meeting held at Prentis Road, S.W.16, Col. Robert Henriques, M.B.E., a member of the Executive Committee of the Jewish Fellowship Council, declared that the aim of the Fellowship was to "strengthen Judaism."

The group, said Col. Henriques, had no ambitions of a political nature; theirs was a religious aim only to "spread the ideals of Judaism among non-Jews and indifferent people."

Speaking about anti-Semitism in this country, he said that they did not want to run away from it, but wanted to remain here and fight it.

On emigration he said: "Those Jews who want to remain in the countries of their birth or residence should be free to stay there; the others should be allowed to enter Palestine."

An appeal for members of the Fellowship was made by the Chairman, Mr. L. F. Rich.

PROFESSOR S. ZUCKERMAN, Professor of Anatomy at Birmingham University, has (at the invitation of the Lord President of the Council) joined the Committee set up to consider the policies which should govern the use of scientific man-power and resources during the next 10 years.

TEN HAPPY DAYS IN BURMA

Chaplain's Moral Leadership Course

The Rev. M. A. Jaffe, Jewish Chaplain in Burma, writes, in a report of a Moral Leadership Course held in the South-East Asia Command:

". . . With regard to the Moral Leadership Course, we covered the whole programme almost to the letter. This, important as it was in that it gave the boys a wide knowledge of Jewish religion, tradition, culture, history, and organisation, was not so important as the wonderful orthodox Jewish life which we lived. They were a magnificent crowd of fellows, and the happy spirit of comradeship and the enthusiasm which prompted all to listen attentively to the lectures, to argue at the discussions and to sing heartily at every morning, afternoon, and evening service or grace after meals, was something which I have rarely seen within or outside the Army. To all the boys as well as to myself these ten days were the happiest and most useful of our Army careers and among the happiest of our lives. . . . As the time came for departure, some roused themselves to song, but most of us remained silent under the emotional strain which produced tears (hard though it may be to believe) in the eyes of not a few of us.

"The Army provided a beautiful house and large garden, but for the two days prior to the course we had to work like niggers, providing the necessary furniture, fittings, and rations. . . . We arranged a beautiful Synagogue for thrice-daily services."

Uno and D.P.s

Continued from page 1

return to their former countries, and said that the Lebanon was ready to co-operate in the solution of this problem "in proportion to its population and resources."

Dr. Abdul Majid Abbas, an Iraqi delegate, denied that the world Jewish problem was connected in any way with Palestine. He alleged that newcomers to Palestine "attacked the population by every means and tried to dispossess them." He asserted that the Jews must be able to live in the various countries in Europe.

Dr. Abbas began to quote from the statement made by General Morgan, but was interrupted by the Chairman, the New Zealand Prime Minister, Mr. Peter Fraser, who asked the delegate to keep to the subject.

Mr. Hodgson (Australia) observed that there was a political side to the refugee problem which could not be separated from the humanitarian aspect.

A delegate from Lebanon, Yussef Bey Salem, referred to the plight of the Jewish refugees, and, while opposing Zionism, said that Lebanon was prepared to take in a proportion of those whose return to their own countries was impossible.

It is learned in Uno circles that the Arab delegations have unofficially intimated their wish to share in any collective trusteeship that might be established over any Arab territory. They stressed that this applied in particular to Palestine. At the same time it is stated that they would be satisfied with one member of the Arab League taking part in such a trusteeship in each case.

Refugees and D.P.s

The necessity to make a distinction between "statutory refugees," who had been admitted to various countries of refuge before the war and were enjoying a certain legal status, and displaced persons, is urged in a memorandum submitted by the French delegation to the United Nations General Assembly.

The memorandum states that France is at present giving shelter to approximately 400,000 refugees, including 25,000 Jewish refugees from Germany and Austria. It suggests that the functions of the Intergovernmental Committee and of the High Commissioner of the League of Nations should be united. France would be ready to undertake to cover the maintenance costs of both categories of statutory refugees, Nansen refugees, as well as those who were in the care of the Intergovernmental Committee.

As regards displaced persons, steps should be taken for the repatriation and settlement in other countries of the large numbers of persons of various nationalities, some of whom are still in camps in Germany and Austria, and others who are more or less free and at present in receipt of various forms of assistance by Unrra.

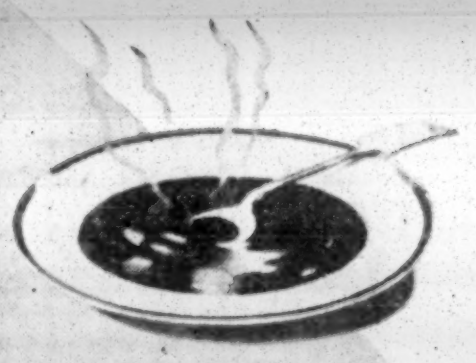
During the debate the delegate for the Ukraine, M. Bajan, supported a Yugoslav proposal for the repatriation of displaced persons at the cost of the countries of origin, but urged that exceptions should be made in regard to Jews from Germany and Spanish anti-Fascists, who deserved special consideration.

The Netherlands delegation introduced an amendment to the United Kingdom proposal concerning refugees (reported in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE last week) recommending that the Economic and Social Council should take into consideration that the problem was international in scope and nature and included all uprooted persons; that subject to certain provisions no such persons, if they objected to returning to their country of origin, should be compelled to do so; and that a person who had finally and definitely expressed his valid objection to returning to his country of origin and who was not liable to extradition should be settled elsewhere. If the State of refuge considered his settlement on its territory undesirable, his resettlement elsewhere should become the concern of an international body specially established.

The amendment recommends the Economic and Social Council to promote the establishment of such an international body, which would establish relations with official or private agencies dealing with any aspects of the problems of uprooted persons.

A compromise proposal, introduced by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt on behalf of the American delegation, suggested that the problem be referred to the Economic and Social Council for thorough examination and for report to the Second Part of the First Session of the General Assembly.

FIRST FOSTER CLASS CLARK'S SOUPS



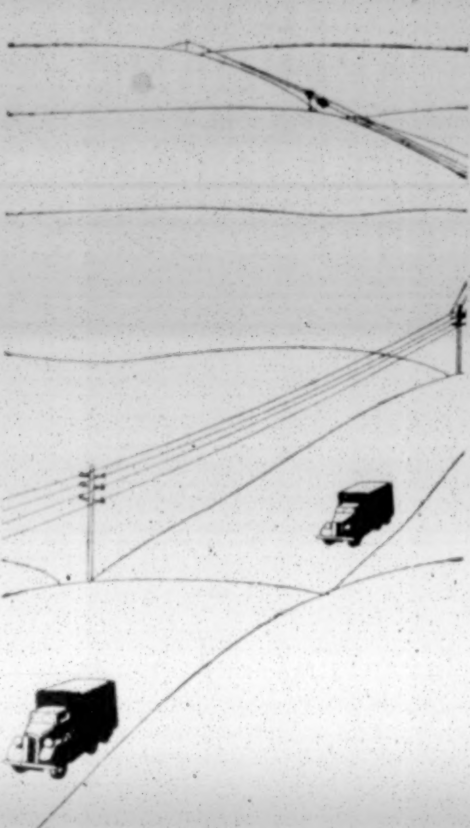
GREEN PEA
TOMATO

Who is she?

Maybe *you* don't know, but there are plenty who do. They don't need to see her face to recognise her as the girl who comes round regularly to collect their Savings. She's a Voluntary Worker in the National Savings Movement, and if you were to ask her why she's doing this unpaid work she'd say, "First—increased Savings will help the Nation towards prosperity. Secondly — this, in turn, will help towards individual prosperity. That's why I'm doing all I can to help the Savings Movement."

Why not become a Voluntary Savings Worker yourself? Your Local Savings Committee will welcome you, or write to the National Savings Committee (Dept. V.W.2), London.

Issued by the National Savings Committee



Industry depends on transport. Transport relies on good tyres. Dunlop is producing more and more tyres to hurry forward Britain's industrial recovery

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3H/189

Sports and Clubs

BOXING AIDS JEWISH SCHOOL—A boxing show organised at the Seymour Hall, Marylebone, by the National Charities Aid Society (which is composed of young Jewish men and women) raised over £1,800 for the Yesodey Hatorah School, Amhurst Park. In the contests Harry Silver beat Tommy Foxhall and Harry Lazar drew with Harry Davis.

CENTRAL Y.I.—The annual meeting of Central Young Israel Society was held at the Adolph Tuck Hall Annexe, W.C.1. The retiring Chairman, Mr. Leslie Greenbaum, stated in his report that during the year the membership had been nearly doubled. The Ladies' Keep-Fit Classes had been a great success and in future were going to be held in a fully equipped L.C.C. gymnasium. Mr. G. Grossman was elected Chairman; Mr. N. Hauser, Vice-Chairman; Mr. L. Greenbaum, Treasurer; and Miss J. Abulia, Secretary.

DUBLIN RUGBY INVITATION—The Carlisle Rugby Football Club, a section of the Dublin Maccabi Association, invite any Jewish Rugby team to Dublin with the view to a match. Clubs interested are asked to write to: Mr. D. M. Richman (Hon. Secretary), 96, Donore Terrace, S.C.R. Dublin.

E. LONDON MACCABI—At the annual meeting of the East London Maccabi Association the following were elected: Messrs. A. A. Scott, Chairman; S. Cohen and J. Rogers Vice-Chairmen; M. Glatt, Hon. Secretary; P. Rozelaar, Cultural Director; J. Rogers, Social Director; Pte. J. Levy, Forces Representative; Miss G. Harris, Assistant Treasurer; Miss M. Greenbaum, Assistant Secretary; Messrs. M. Cohen and J. Phillips, Sports Directors; R. Fingers, Publicity Director; and A. Tannenbaum, Members' Registrar. An address was given by Mr. Pierre Gildesgame, Chairman of Maccabi Union.

MUSWELL HILL—A dance, held at the Odeon Dance Hall, Golders Green, by the Muswell Hill Jewish Youth Club, was supported by the Golders Green, Norrice Lea, Edgware, and Stamford Hill clubs. As a result of this dance a number of inter-club visits are being arranged under the auspices of the A.J.Y.

M.B.E. AIRMAN'S AMERICAN AWARD

Flight Lieutenant Roy Woolf, R.A.F.V.R., who, as recorded recently in this paper, was awarded the M.B.E. in the New Year's Honours List, has now also been awarded the American Bronze Star in recognition of his services in the Mediterranean theatre of operations.

Flt. Lieut. Woolf (whose home is at 6, Wythburn Court, Seymour Place, London, W.1) has been twice mentioned in dispatches and twice cited by the U.S. authorities for meritorious conduct.

KASHRUT OF ADVERTISED GOODS

While all reasonable steps are taken to assure that only kasher foodstuffs are advertised in the columns of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, we have been asked by the Beth Din to point out that the mere fact of an article of food being advertised in a Jewish paper provides no guarantee of its kashrut.

CAREERS ADVICE

Applications are being invited for Leverhulme Research Fellowships and Grants in aid of research, for 1946. The Fellowships and Grants are intended for senior workers prevented by routine duties or the pressure of other work from carrying out research, and they are limited to British-born subjects normally resident in Great Britain (although in exceptional circumstances that condition may be waived). In certain circumstances applications will be considered from groups of workers in co-operative programmes of research. The awards will not normally extend over more than two years or less than three months, and the amount will depend on the type of research and the applicant's circumstances. Applications must be sent in before March 1. Forms can be obtained from the Secretary, Dr. L. Haden Guest, M.C., M.P., Leverhulme Research Fellowships, 7, Bedford Row, London, W.C.1.

The Ministry of Labour and National Service this week issued notices to the bodies representing the two sides of the engineering industry that that industry will be withdrawn at the end of three months—i.e., in May—from the Essential Work Orders. The object of the three months' notice is to give the two sides of the industry an opportunity of considering jointly any readjustments in their industrial agreements which may be needed to meet the changed circumstances when the Orders are withdrawn. On May 4 the whole of the engineering industry will cease to be under the Control of Engagement Order, which will mean that particular workers will no longer be tied to particular works and the pre-war freedom of employment will be restored.

Inquiries from readers who require advice relating to careers and education, in whatever branch, are invited. Letters should be addressed to:
CAREERS ADVICE, THE JEWISH CHRONICLE,
20, High Street, High Wycombe, Bucks
Do not forget to enclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply.

PREMIER'S TRIBUTE TO MR. J. L. FINE, J.P.

When a presentation was made at Hills' Restaurant, Bishopsgate, to Mr. J. L. Fine, J.P., Secretary of the Mantle and Costume Branch of the National Union of Tailors, messages were read from the Prime Minister, the Foreign Secretary, Sir Walter Citrine, Dr. J. J. Mallon, Professor S. Brodetsky, and others.

Mr. Attlee wrote: "We have been associated together for many years, and I have the highest regard for the disinterested and energetic spirit with which you have devoted yourself to local government service and the trade union movement. You have every right to feel proud of your achievement."

Mr. Bevin said: "I know of no man in East London who has done more for his people, both through his trade union and the Borough Council, and in connection with the Stepney Employment Exchange."

To mark his completion of 30 years' trade union and public service, a cheque and an album of testimonials were presented to Mr. Fine by Mr. A. Conley, General Secretary of the National Union of Tailors and Garment Workers. The speakers included the Mayor of Stepney (Councillor J. O'Connor) and Mr. P. Piratin, M.P.

Jewish Cookery

BAKED DINNER FOR 4 PEOPLE

Breast of mutton with leek stuffing;
Baked potatoes;
Semolina and sultana pudding *or* Date pudding.
This dinner is cooked in a slow oven and takes about 2½ hours.

Breast of Mutton With Leek Stuffing

Breast of mutton, leeks, 1 lb., fresh breadcrumbs 4 oz., water 1½ gills, mixed herbs ½ teaspoonful, salt, and pepper.

HAVE the meat from the butcher unchopped, remove the bones and excess fat. Prepare the leeks, cut across into fine shreds, put in a saucepan, pour over the boiling water, cover, add salt to taste, and cook for 15 minutes. Then drain well, reserving the water. Mix leeks with the breadcrumbs, herbs, and season to taste. Spread on the inside of the meat, roll up neatly and tie with string. Place in the baking tin, cover with the pieces of fat cut from the meat, and pour in the leek water. Put in the top of the oven having a moderate heat for 15 minutes (Regulo No. 6), after which reduce the heat (Regulo No. 3) and continue cooking another 2-2½ hours.

Baked Potatoes. Use 2 lb. small potatoes; peel them and place round the meat after it has been cooking for an hour. Sprinkle with salt, baste with the liquid in the tin. Turn once during cooking.

Gravy. Having dished the meat and potatoes, keep them hot while making the gravy. Strain the fat and liquid into a small basin and skim off the fat. Put a tablespoonful of the fat back in the tin, add a tablespoonful of flour, stir over a gentle heat till brown. Make up the liquid to ½ pint with water or vegetable stock, pour into the tin and stir till boiling. Simmer 2 or 3 minutes and adjust seasoning.

Semolina and Sultana Pudding

Semolina 3 oz., sultanas 3 oz., water 1½ pints, golden syrup 1 tablespoonful, margarine 1 oz., mixed spice ½ teaspoonful.

MIX semolina with ½ pint of the water, boil remainder in a saucepan, then add mixed semolina and stir over a gentle heat for 3 minutes. Mix in the syrup, margarine, and spice. Grease a pie dish, put the washed sultanas in the bottom, and pour the semolina mixture over and, if liked, sprinkle the top with a little extra spice.

Bake about an hour in the middle of the oven.

Baked Date Pudding

Selfraising flour 5 oz., margarine or cooking fat (or a mixture) 2 oz., dates 4 oz., sugar 1½ oz., 1 egg.

CREAM the fat and sugar, beat in the egg, then add the flour and chopped dates. The mixture should be moist enough to drop easily from the spoon; if necessary, add a little water. Turn into a greased pie dish, spread evenly, and bake in the middle of the oven about 1½ hours. If when the meat is dished the pudding is not brown, then put it on the upper shelf of the oven while the first course is being eaten.

NOTE.—The crust left over after making the breadcrumbs can be cut into neat pieces and baked on the lowest shelf in the oven till crisp and lightly coloured, while the dinner is cooking. These rusks are very good served with soup.

COLDS & 'FLU STRIKE SWIFTLY

Colds and 'flu are no respecters of persons—they strike swiftly and are not concerned with the importance of your job. Yet there's no need nowadays to be "laid up" with a cold or 'flu attack—for swift action with 'ASPRO' will stamp them out at inception. Furthermore, it will save you much distress and possible complications. At first sign of a sore throat gargle with an 'ASPRO' tablet in a little water. You will feel instant relief and the spread of the infection will be inhibited. For a feverish cold or 'flu 'ASPRO' with a hot drink has almost immediate effect. Your head clears—the groggy, uneasy, "gone-at-the-knees" feeling goes. By morning the recovery is complete. So don't hesitate—when colds and 'flu are about

Protect Yourself with
'ASPRO'
Stops Sore Throat

Mrs. D. M. ... London, N.14 ... "I ... I had a sore throat and headache ... terrible. I took 'ASPRO' ... and also gargled with two and the next morning I felt as fit as a fiddle."

Prices: 3½d., 6½d. & 1/3½d. Pur. Tax included

'ASPRO' Made in England by ASPRO LTD., Slough, Bucks.

J.C. CHILDREN'S SECTION

Young Israel

FEBRUARY 8, 1946—1 ADAR 7, 5706

OUR NEW FUND

By AUNTIE

I HAVE not yet really thanked you all for so promptly sending me gifts to complete our collection for the Home and Hospital for Jewish Incurables. I do appreciate it and now I want to interest you in our new Fund. You have seen in the last column that you and I are going to try to collect £75 for the Children and Youth Aliyah. I am quite sure that this new effort will make a direct appeal to you when you realise that every halfpenny we contribute is going to rescue Jewish boys and girls from the Continent and give them a fresh start in Eretz Yisrael.

Every one of these boys and girls unfortunately knows what it is to be hidden away, to be afraid to go out in the daylight and play. Can you imagine yourself never being permitted to sing aloud, to run, to laugh, and have merry games? That is what these children have not been able to do almost all their childhood. For more than a dozen years, many children have been homeless, without shelter, often lacking bread, when their parents were imprisoned or carried away to an unknown part. It is thought that there are more than one million children and young people helpless orphans on the Continent. It is an overwhelming task for the relief workers to try to rescue these young people, and instil new life into them.

The particular movement that is caring for such children is called the "Children and Youth Aliyah." It is rescuing and caring for as many Jewish boys and girls as possible. But where can they go? There is only one answer; they must go from the danger of Europe to safety in Eretz Yisrael. It was in 1933 that the Youth Aliyah first started on its mission of mercy, and before war started in 1939 over 6,000 children had been taken to Palestine. That figure was more than doubled after Hitler invaded other countries, and the number goes on increasing.

Each child taken away and transplanted into the pure air of our own country receives a new lease of life. Not only is the health of the child improved almost beyond imagination, but the efforts of the workers to expunge the bad memories and let the children run free and untrammelled are a sure factor in the return to normal childhood happiness.

Almost every week in Palestine a new batch of children arrive, sad-eyed, mournful, in rags and tatters, scarcely able to respond to the kindness and warmth showered on them, but in a few weeks the steady exercise of human kindness has its effect and the child once more raises its head and gazes with interest on its new surroundings.

That is our task. We cannot all be workers and helpers in this marvellous work, but we can spare some pennies for the children. I ask you, can we have a better cause? Pocket-money is precious, and I know that you have many calls on your purse but because it is young people like yourselves that we want to save and help to settle in our Homeland I say, "Please don't hesitate; send as soon as you can and as much as you can."

YOUNG ISRAEL LEAGUE
MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION
Full Name ....
Address ....
....
FEBRUARY 8, 1946.

YOUNG ISRAEL LETTER BOX

"AUNTIE'S" CORRESPONDENCE

A hearty welcome is extended to Brian Bearman (Salford), Vivienne Bloom (Leeds), Geoffrey Stuart and Valerie S. Dymond (Parson's Green), Geoffrey Grossman (Leeds), Helen Myers (Brighton), Ena Parker (Camden Town), Hannah Pizan (Hendon), and Beryl Solberg (Sunderland).

LINDA SCHEIDERMAN, Kensington.—I had some, but, unfortunately, the cat had them. I am pleased that you had so many lovely presents and am grateful for sending some to me.

STELLA J. SCHILLER, Cardiff.—You were fortunate in having such an interesting holiday and must have many happy memories. I wish that I could see that Menorah. I thank you and Mother very much for the donation.

MYRNA SCHNEIDER, Hendon.—I do trust that you will be successful. Thank you so much for your help.

REGINA AND ESTHER SERUYA, Maida Vale.—You are certain to enjoy the life and will make many new friends. It was good of you to enclose a gift for the blind. I hope to hear more about the proposed holiday scheme.

ESTELLE AND SHEILA SHEAF, Leeds.—Your requests will be granted as soon as space permits. It was good of you to enclose gifts for our charities.

STUART S. SIMONS, Tottenham.—I am truly grateful to you for your very generous donation to our special fund.

NAOMI STRASSBERG, Finchley.—I am glad that you read that special chat and in consequence sent a contribution to help to complete our fund.

JACQUELINE B. TIBBER, St. John's Wood.—I do trust that you are quite well again and are able to return to school. No, I am not the same person. Your postal-orders were very welcome. Is your brother still with you?

LYNDA TISKOFSKY, Kensington.—Either is allowed. You seem to like your new school. As the number is so few your responsibility is greater. Your good wishes and help are much appreciated.

"UNCLE EDDIE," Hove.—I send my sincere thanks to you and your niece Rosylan Shaw for the generous birthday present which has had the desired effect.

MATHILDE AND LESTER WACKE, Stepney.—Your generous donation to our new fund is greatly appreciated.

BARBARA AND MELVIN WESTON, Hyde Park.—I do thank you both very much for your welcome help.

WLADIMIR ZWALF, Bromham.—It was the last copy to be obtained and I am glad that it gave you so much pleasure. Thank you so much for your contribution. I wonder how long it took you to write. It is a splendid feat and well worth reading.

GIFTS TO FUNDS

Children and Youth Aliyah

The League is endeavouring to collect £75 for this movement. All readers are asked to co-operate.

"In loving memory" of Granny Hirsch, 5s.; Mrs. P. Kramer, 10s. 6d.; and Stuart Shalom Simons, £1 1s.

Total to date: £5 8s. 6d.

Wireless Sets for the Blind: Mrs. P. Kramer, 10s. 6d.; Regina and Esther Seruya, 5s.; Jewish Home of Rest, Mrs. Phillips, 5s.

PURIM COMPETITION

SENIORS.—Prizes will be awarded for the best stories appropriate to Purim.

JUNIORS.—Prizes will be given for a solution of the following jumbles:

REHEST	SHUASERUA
SLAWLOG	TIEOHAIP
ASHNUSH	REZHES
HIVTAS	RODACEIM
QATUENB	BRNOAAHH

Rules: (1) All competitors must be members of the League; juniors under 13; (2) Entries must be the unaided work of the competitor, bearing full names, age and address, and be sent by March 6, 1946.

NOTICE.—*All communications in connection with "Young Israel" must be addressed to "Auntie,"* THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, 88, *Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2.*

The Palestine Inquiry

Continued from page 7

accompanied by Mr. A. L. Easterman and Dr. N. Barou.

Mr. Silverman began by reading the last paragraph of their memorandum: "The future of the Jewish people is greatly imperilled. Any further dispersal of the surviving Jews of Europe can only intensify the disintegration of Jewish culture and religious life. The only hope in reviving the life and culture of the Jewish people lies in the establishment of a fully self-governing Jewish Homeland and recognised as such throughout the world; that is, a Jewish Commonwealth in Palestine. Only there can the Jewish people take care of all those Jews who wish to leave the countries where they live, often because they are compelled to do so . . ."

When Mr. Crossman suggested that there had been no difficulty of integration in America by the five million Jews there, Mr. Silverman pointed out that of all Jewish communities in Europe the one that was most integrated, most assimilated, and felt itself most secure, was precisely the Jewish community of Germany, which no longer existed.

Asked whether the effect of a Jewish State on American Jewry would be a psychological one, Mr. Silverman said he thought it would remove what lay at the root of the trouble—the fact that the Jew everywhere in the world was a member of a minority. If they cured that they would not cure anti-Semitism, but they would go a long way towards it.

An unexpected witness was Sir Ronald Storrs, Military Governor of Palestine between 1917 and 1920 and Civil Governor till 1926, who came at very short notice at the request of the Committee.

"When we first liberated the Holy Land," said Sir Ronald, "we were greeted with great enthusiasm by both sides. I think our popularity with the Arabs went down in exact ratio with the increase in immigration." From the beginning the indigenous population were against the Balfour Declaration, he continued, because they foresaw the possibilities.

Bringing Jews and Arabs Together

The bringing of Jews and Arabs together, he suggested, might be done very largely socially. If one or two non-political Zionists resided in Palestine and made their home a centre it would be of great assistance. As soon as the Arabs were sure that there was no question of a Jewish State or that they might become a minority in a country which they considered their home for 1,300 years, then everything less might be adjusted. Any idea of attempting to destroy the Jewish National Home he would oppose.

Mr. Justice Singleton: You look upon the Jewish National Home as having been established?

Sir Ronald Storrs: It is there, though not to a degree for which agitation has been expressed by the extreme Zionists. It has now been established, as Dr. Weizmann testified. He said: "We have in Palestine established a force and life and vigour which nothing can extinguish." It can be representative of Jewish thought and culture, and I hope it will be all over the world. It was the tendency to link it with the terrible tragedy of the Jews in Central Europe, that was, in his opinion, quite irreconcilable, Sir Ronald continued. There were two problems, the settlement of the unfortunate people and the settlement of the Palestine problem.

Mr. Crossman: You say they are separated by our terms of reference. They might be linked by sheer force of facts. What are your views on immigration in the next few years—leaving Jewish State for the moment—the sheer human problem of getting those people somewhere?

Sir Ronald Storrs: I earnestly hope and in part believe that if the Arabs were certain there was no question of the State they would accept a certain degree of immigration. Those who trumpet their sympathies so very loud should open their own doors a little wider and if they must be generous should be generous at their own expense.

In reply to Mr. Manningham-Buller, Sir Ronald expressed himself as strongly against partition, which he described as being absolutely impracticable.

The Arab Line

On Friday, Arabs who testified included the Emir Feisal, Viceroy of Hejaz and Foreign Minister of Saudi Arabia; Faris bey al Khowry, President of the Chamber of Deputies of Syria, who was the chief spokesman; Ali Jawdat Bey, Iraqi Minister to the United States; Hamid Bey Frangié, Foreign Minister of the Lebanon; and a representative of Egypt.

All five made speeches, the Emir Feisal in Arabic and the Lebanese Minister in French, and the burden of all of them was that there must be a separation between the problem of the Jews as a whole, with which they said they deeply sympathised, and the problem of Palestine, to which they would not give their consent for another Jew to come.

Faris al Khowry argued that Syria had been unjustly deprived of Palestine after the 1914-18 war. He also remarked that "Zionists and Jews were different." Not all the Jews of the world were Zionists. He was sorry, he said, that Jewish history had always been accompanied by difficulties, calamities, and persecutions from the beginning until the present day. The reason was because Jews liked to live an isolated life. They could not be assimilated with other people because they believed they were the chosen children of God and were separate from the others. They did not wish to believe, he went on, that all people were alike without distinction of race, religion, or language, as was stated at the United Nations Conference and as it was in the Charter. They believed they were superior, he alleged, and they believed in blood and race.

Jews were never persecuted in Arab territory, he claimed. The attitude taken by the Jews at present of entering into a part of an Arab country and establishing there a Jewish State would, he was afraid, create hostility and animosity among the Arabs against them, and he was afraid that that would lead to sad results in other districts than Palestine. It would be regretted and they hoped it would not happen. Palestine was considered the Holy Land by Jews, Christians, and Moslems. It was better to keep it as a spiritual centre for all to visit there and return to their own countries. It was not necessary to make it a political home. He hoped a Jewish crusade would not be created.

The Foreign Minister of Lebanon said he wanted to give evidence on behalf of a country that consisted entirely of religious minorities. He wished to tell them that the Jewish community had always lived happily and peacefully with the rest of the population, but since the moment that the Zionist political question emerged there had been no peace between it and the other communities. That was why they wished to make a distinction between the Jews, who belonged to a religion they all respected, and the Zionists, who were a political party employing the means always employed for conquest. He spoke from knowledge, he said, because Lebanon was the country that was most directly menaced by Zionists after Palestine. They had for years, he alleged, felt menaced and insecure, and if Palestine were to become a Jewish State they would be menaced by a military threat.

The Iraqi Minister, who said he was speaking in a personal capacity, claimed that they fought before Allenby came to Palestine and they helped to save Palestine as an independent Arab country, not as a Jewish country.

The Egyptian representative said the Palestine problem was of great importance to his country because it was a neighbouring country. He then proceeded to make the same distinction as the others had between the Jewish problem and the Palestine problem.

The Emir Feisal said much the same thing and added if they accepted the theory that the original people who lived in any country should go back the problem would not be confined to Palestine.

Mr. Crick wanted to know the reason for the Arab League boycott on the products of Palestine, and Faris al Khowry replied that the situation as they understood it was that the Jews were trying to bring their coreligionists to Palestine while there was not sufficient means to provide for them except by taking from the Arabs around them. Certainly the Arabs did not wish to facilitate the Jewish programme, which relied on the surrounding Arab markets, and as the Arabs did not wish to use force against them, they had chosen not to buy any of the Jewish products. They wanted to prove to the Jews that they could not live there unless the Arabs helped them.

"Threat" to Arab Peace

Faris al Khowry "played up" the "threat to the peace and security" of the Arab countries of even a small partition Jewish State: which, he said, "would depend on 15 or 16 million rich, qualified, able people outside who would always help. Let them take somewhere else," he added.

The Communist Party of Great Britain presented a memorandum which included the suggestion that "the process of rehabilitation should have as one of its primary aims the object of educating and encouraging Jews to return to their country of origin." They considered it to be a moral responsibility of the United Nations to allow those who were unwilling under any circumstances to return to their homes entry, not on sufferance but as honoured guests with full and equal liberties, to all the *free* countries in the world. "Palestine is not a free country," the memorandum states, "and therefore cannot be one of those countries to which we suggest that the entry of the remaining D.P.s should be permitted." The present Jewish community in Palestine had earned its right to live in peace alongside the Arabs and to be free to develop their home as free and equal citizens of Palestine. It was their belief that a just and democratic settlement of the problem of Arab and Jew in Palestine could only be found when the present Mandate was terminated and Palestine achieved the promised goal of independence.

The memorandum also accuses Zionist propaganda of taking advantage of the fears and anxieties of displaced persons in order to present to them the idea that only migration to Palestine would save them from their troubles.

Mr. P. Piratin, M.P., and Mr. Jack Gaster came before the Committee on Friday, on behalf of the Party, as the last witnesses, to answer questions.

Mr. Justice Singleton said they had felt some difficulty because they had not heard any other political party and they did not think they should hear this one, but they had sent in a further request, and the Committee had therefore desired to see their memorandum. They had it now and it was a very complete document. They did not want to refuse anyone a hearing, but they did feel a little doubt as to whether they ought to depart from the habit of not hearing political parties.

In reply to Lord Morrison, Mr. Piratin said that the Jewish membership of the Communist Party was in proportion to the population. Of their 30 members on the Executive, two were Jews.

In the course of the questioning, Mr. Gaster would not agree that the information which Mr. Crum said he had, that the Communist Party of Palestine had precisely the reverse views on the subject, was correct. They were not in agreement with the Communist Party of America, he said, answering a further question.

Before the Committee rose, Mr. Crum said he would like to correct in the record the impression that had been given that they would not attach any importance to planks in party platforms. He explained to me afterwards (writes THE JEWISH CHRONICLE representative) that what he meant was that a suggestion had been made that they would not take into account party platforms. They certainly would whether it was Labour Party resolutions, Republican and Democratic declarations, or Congress resolutions.

Sir Wyndham Deedes, who was to have been a witness, was unable to attend because he was ill in hospital.

IRAQI JEWS' APPEAL

The following appeal, dated January 15, to the Committee of Inquiry has been received from Jews in Iraq. Owing to the repression practised against Jews by the Iraqi Government, no signatories' names are appended.

"We take the opportunity to submit the following evidence in brief, which we request you to put amongst the evidences in connection with the future of the Jews now under investigation by you.

"The problem of the Iraqi Jews should not be neglected by you; it should be at the top of your investigation list.

"The Jews in Iraq are looked upon by their Government not as human beings but as slaves. They are deprived of all sorts of liberties, they are absolutely forbidden to travel abroad to any part of the world (i.e., no passport is granted to Jews). Jews are constantly endangered by the surrounding Moslems, and, in conclusion, Jews in Iraq are just as in a Nazi concentration camp.

"The signs of the blood of the victims, innocent Jews, who were looted and killed during Rashid Ali's time in 1941 are still seen on the streets of Bagdad, and even now we do not know when and in what hour we shall face an attack similar to that of Rashid Ali's.

"We therefore beg to lay this appeal for your investigation and consideration, and rest assured that, if a plebiscite is made by you of the Iraqi Jews, you will find that 100 per cent of them are anxious to migrate from Iraq to Palestine, and none of them desires to stay in Iraq.

"Trusting this appeal will not be neglected by you and will be placed at the top of your investigation list, as mentioned heretofore, and thanking you in anticipation, and with God's blessing on you.—We are, Sir, your obedient servants, JEWS IN IRAQ."

"PALESTINE—OR CREMATORIUM"

D.P.s Answer a Questionnaire

The Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry on Palestine will find, on its arrival at Frankfort-on-Main from London, that its request made last week that Unrra headquarters in Munich should make a survey of the future plans of displaced Jews has not yet been fulfilled completely because the request was made too late.

The survey was to be based on a questionnaire circulated among Jews in displaced persons' camps. Three questions, which are presented in English, Yiddish, and German, are put: (1) Do you want to remain in Germany? (2) If not, do you want to settle in another European country? If you do, give your first and second choices. (3) If not, to which other country would you like to emigrate?

While the survey is not complete, the first returns give an indication of the desires of the vast majority of the displaced Jews. Some 650 Jews at the Bamberg camp, and another 1,200 at the Or Chadash camp at Fürth, near Nuremberg, declared without exception that they do not wish to stay in Germany, an overwhelming majority refused to go to any other European country, and almost every Jew in both camps voted for emigration to Palestine.

Only 5 per cent filled in the line on a second choice of place of emigration. Most of this 5 per cent indicated the United States or some other country overseas, while others insisted that if they could not go to Palestine, they chose the crematorium.

LECTURER AT JEWS' COLLEGE

Rabbi Kopul Kahana has been appointed in charge of the Codes section of the Rabbinical Diploma course of Jews' College. He is a native of Russia and served 17 years in schools in that country. For the past five years he has been at Cambridge, where he has held a research scholarship in Roman Law. He was awarded the degree of M.Litt. for a thesis on Roman Law.

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FIGHT RHEUMATIC PAINS WHILE YOU SLEEP

If you suffer sharp stabbing pains, if joints are stiff and swollen, it may be because your kidneys, through impaired action, fail to thoroughly cleanse your system of accumulated acids and poisons. Other symptoms that all may not be quite right with your kidneys are —

NERVOUSNESS, RHEUMATIC PAINS, BACKACHE, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, LOSS OF SLEEP (Kidney Weakness) ACHING JOINTS AND LIMBS, etc.

and you will not feel much better until you have cleared out these noxious poisons, which can sap your energy and ruin your health.

CYSTEX ACTS IN 3 WAYS

to ensure a thorough cleansing of the kidneys and other important organs of your body, and enable you to get better quickly.
(1) Starts almost at once to soothe and comfort, thus enabling you to get restful, refreshing sleep.
(2) Gets rid of health destroying poisonous acids with which your system may have become saturated.
(3) Strengthens and re-invigorates kidney action, protects the delicate inner organism, and stimulates the system.

Cystex is a very popular tonic-medicine for the kidneys—famous all over the world, and thousands speak highly of the speed and efficiency of this treatment. If you feel that your kidneys need help—strengthening, re-invigorating or toning-up—give Cystex an opportunity to prove its worth.

MONEY REFUNDED IF DISSATISFIED

If for any reason you are dissatisfied with Cystex, return empty package to manufacturers at address below, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.
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"NO HEADACHES NOW" says Mrs. Dunn

Mrs. Dunn isn't one of those lucky people who "never had a headache". She had them — but she's found a way to get rid of them. She writes :—

"I would like everyone who suffers from headaches to try Kruschen Salts. Before taking Kruschen, I was hardly ever free from a headache. But since I have been taking it regularly I have hardly had a headache, for which I am very thankful, for headaches can make one feel quite ill. I have been taking a small dose of Kruschen every morning in a glass of warm water, before my breakfast, and I feel so well."—

Mrs. A. B. Dunn

Headaches can often be traced to a disordered stomach and to the unsuspected retention in the system of stagnating waste material which poisons the blood. Remove these poisons — prevent them forming again — and you'll never have to worry any more. And that is just how Kruschen Salts bring swift and lasting relief from headaches. Kruschen Salts aid nature to cleanse your body completely of all clogging waste matter.

For the benefit of people from overseas, chemists now also stock Kruschen in Powder form — the kind always sold abroad. You might like to try Kruschen Powder—same sizes and same prices as Crystal Kruschen, 2/- and 1/2.

Get that **KRUSCHEN** feeling!

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

AGENCIES WANTED

AMERICAN import-export house looks for connections with manufacturers and exporters of any British goods.—Offers and samples to British Style Co., 30, West 15th Street, New York City.

GLASGOW and West of Scotland. Able and active man (31), ex-Forces, with showroom in Glasgow (always attended) wishes to represent a few reputable and progressive manufacturers; trade and bankers' references supplied.—Address, 1,719, Wm. Porteous & Co., Glasgow.

EXCHANGE HOUSES AND/OR FLATS

BEAUTIFUL modern house, main Finchley road; 1 minute Golders Green Tube, 4 bedrooms, 2 reception, lounge hall; 2 garages, chauffeur workshop; well decorated and perfect condition; exchange for modern 2-bed flat.—Phone, SPEedwell 1217.

2 BEDROOMS, 2 reception flat in modern block, centrally heated, in St. John's Wood; will exchange for 3 or 4 bedroom, 2 reception in modern block in same area.—Phone, MAIda Vale, 6030, Ext. 189.

3-ROOMED flat in modern block, Maida Vale in exchange for 4-5 roomed flat in modern block same area.—Address, 808, Jewish Chronicle.

LUXURY 4-roomed flat in modern block, Maida Vale, offered in exchange for 6-roomed modern flat in St. John's Wood, Maida Vale, or Regent's Park districts.—Please reply to Box 141, Jewish Chronicle.

MODERN house, N.W.2, to be sold; 4 large bedrooms, 2 reception-rooms, large lounge hall, parquet floors, garage; in exchange for 3 or 4-bedroom flat in modern block, N.W.2 or 4 desirable.—Address, 850, Jewish Chronicle.

SMALL modern house required, freehold or long lease, preferably Hampstead area, in exchange for flat in one of London's most exclusive blocks, overlooking Regent's Park; 2 reception-rooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 bedrooms, and usual offices.—Address, 821, Jewish Chronicle.

WILLING to exchange central heated flat consisting of one bedroom, dining room, bathroom and kitchenette, near Marble Arch, for 3/4-bedroomed flat in the same locality or suburbs.—Inquiries, phone LANgham 1309, or PADdington 5594.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

BOURNEMOUTH. Drapery, women's and children's wear, haberdashery, materials, millinery, hosiery, furs, linens; moderate living accommodation available; large corner shop.—Grower Bros., 1, Seamoor Road, Bournemouth, W.

BUSINESSES WANTED

MANUFACTURING business or wholesale business wanted as a going concern; up to £5,000.—Address, 811, Jewish Chronicle.

BOARD, ETC., WANTED

REQUIRED, comfortable room with full board in strictly Orthodox home for elderly lady, in North-West London district.—Full particulars to Box 851, Jewish Chronicle.

WANTED, accommodation, with full board and attention, in private house or flat for two gentlemen; strictly Orthodox; central heating preferred; Hampstead or Golders Green.—Phone, EUSton 4843.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

BONN'S, "Greenhaven," 45, Greencroft Gardens, N.W.6 (MAIda Vale 6842); strictly kosher; h. & c. all rooms; one minute trains and buses. Personal supervision, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bonn.

YEOVBLE, 110, Greencroft Gardens, N.W.6. Hot and cold water in all bedrooms; dining-room, lounge; garden; excellent cuisine.—Phone, MAI. 6916.

MISCELLANEOUS

ALWAYS look for the name Songster on every tin of gramophone needles you buy. You can pay more but you can't buy better than Songster gramophone needles. Limited supplies now available. Extra loud and loud tone 1/6 tin of 200. Medium and soft tone 1/3 tin of 200. Bronze pick-up for radiograms 1/6 tin of 100 needles (all inclusive of tax).—Manufacturers, Steads of Sheffield.

WEDDING PHOTOGRAPHS. Samuel Cooper, 490, Oxford Street, Marble Arch, W.1, are specialists in high-class wedding portraiture. Please book as early as convenient.

Incidentally . . .

SERVICE ENTERTAINERS

A little-publicised branch of activity among the Forces, particularly those in occupation areas, is that most necessary one of entertainment (I said "little-publicised," and in using the term I except, of course, the much-abused and unfortunate Ensa!). In this essential job of entertaining, Jewish boys and girls, some themselves in the Forces, are taking their share, as I see from a number of programmes that have reached me. One young lady wearing on the shoulders of her uniform the proud flash of the Guards Division—a rare thing for a woman, I am told—is Pamela Sholto, of London, who has been touring occupied Europe with the Guards Division Repertory Company. The Forces paper, NEWS GUARDIAN, speaks well of Miss Sholto in a review of the play called "Musical Chairs," by Ronald Mackenzie. She is, in spite of her youth, an experienced actress and has also danced professionally on the London stage—ballet, etc.—before going to the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art, gaining a scholarship, and graduating into the drama. During the hottest of the blitzes, Miss Sholto still appeared in London, and as a firewatcher during one air raid she was rather badly hurt. Happily, she soon recovered completely. Her experience has also included a turn in the recording section at the B.B.C. and later the announcing of special programmes.

* *

Among the young men's names, one I see is that of Denis Norden, of the R.A.F., in Germany. Mr. Norden has also had his broadcast successes. A programme I have before me is from the "Drury Lane Theatre," Schleswig, with 83 Group R.A.F. presenting a revue called "Three Bags Full." The book and original lyrics are all by Mr. Norden, and he takes part himself in several of the sketches. His father is Mr. George Norden, of London, who—an ex-Serviceman of the 1914-18 war—was Chairman of the Wingate Services Club in High Wycombe and one of the earliest workers for the former Wedgwood Services Club in the East End.

* * *

STENO, NOT STEN!

An amusing incident occurred during the hearing by the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry of the anti-Zionist testimony of Major-General Sir Edward Spears. The General was listened to with close if not always completely serious attention by the people in the public gallery, as well as by the members of the Committee. He was in the midst of the tirade in which he asserted that the Jews were not really Jews but were descended from Mongol tribes, that Palestine was not the Land of Israel, and that there was a similarity between the philosophies of the Nazis and the Zionists, when one of the women taking records for the Committee came in carrying on high a Steno-typing machine (a kind of silent shorthand machine) on a short stand, and walked very purposefully towards her seat next to General Spears. The General stopped speaking and looked round doubtfully. But Mr. James McDonald hastened to reassure him. "It's all right, General," he said, "that's not a machine-gun!"

CHRONICLER

Several hundred books have been donated for Jewish D.P.s in Germany by Jewish women now detained at Bethlehem, most of them under the Emergency Regulations, the Hebrew newspaper HAMASHKIF reports. The donation was accompanied by a note saying that it came "from Jews detained in Palestine to Jews detained in Germany."

HOME SECTION

The New Fashions

By Ruby Worth

AS was forecast some weeks ago in this column, the early fashion parades that have recently been held in London display a total revolution in women's wear. Notably, there is a revulsion from the enforced utility of the war period and also from the general practicability and usefulness of war uniforms and costumes.

In the attempt to turn over a completely new leaf in the history of women's fashions, designers will, of course, discard many of the fashion points of the last few years that in themselves had no specifically practical purpose. Thus squared shoulders, the fashion for which came from a sly admiration for the male silhouette beloved of the film-goer, are no longer to be tolerated. Shoulders will slope once more, we are told, languidly and gracefully from the ivory column of the neck, as they did more than a hundred years ago. But it should not be overlooked, I think, that some of the fashions to which we have become so accustomed arose not merely because of the whim of the designer, but because there was a good reason for their adoption. This square shoulder idea is a case in point. Athletic young women generally do have broad shoulders. And to imagine that at the stroke of a pen, or of a designer's pencil, we can revert, as it were, overnight to the consumptive silhouette of women in eighteenth-century novels is misleading.

The same wisdom goes for the tiny waist, indications of which are already being shown. It is therefore good to learn from the new parades that hips are to be padded once more. For just as the padding of the shoulders was a clever device designed to cover up a multitude of sins of over-development in the shoulders of the sportswoman, so if hips are suitably padded we may still, even those of us who have not "film figures," succeed in "getting away" with the wasp waist.

I was not in the least surprised to see "bustles," moderated into arrangements of unseen pleats padded to stick out from the figure, appearing on day dresses in the recent shows.

Crinolines and Hooped Skirts

We saw crinolines and hooped skirts and Empire evening gowns cut with low V necks and having high padded shoulders.

As I remarked in a previous article, one principal reason for the obvious increase in fussiness in the line that will now be worn is the decline of corsetry consequent upon the war. It is, as every woman knows, so much easier to look well if you can tack bits on to you than if you are called upon to appear streamlined, without a foundation that does the job for you underneath.

Another good point in the fashions now being shown is their suitability for the amateur dressmaker. An afternoon gown made on lines that permit a fichu neck-line and a bunched-up waist is far easier to make and fit at home than is the kind that emerges from its maker looking more like the skin of its owner.

The coming summer will doubtless show us a host of frocks contrived in this manner, and if there is as much skill and ingenuity in their design as there was in the original fashions we have been shown, the world will be a brighter place because of them. The main point to note in the coming fashion season is that clothes will have to look just as ornamental and attractive as they can be made. If—and we know it to be a certainty—one has to make do with just one basic garment, because one's coupons have been exhausted by it, it can still be such an important garment from the point of view of colour and its possibilities of ornamentation that it will no longer carry with it the hallmark of austerity.

The padded hip fashion will, I predict, make the blouse and skirt attire for summer even more popular than it was last year. A blouse, that is not just simply a shirt, but a fussy, almost monumental dress top (although, of course, it can be deliciously fragile if conceived in muslin, frilled and gathered), can be worn as an outdoor costume with a skirt, if you are permitted the luxury of having hips that really show, and crown your skirt with a belt into which you now tuck a posy.

JEWISH CHILDREN AT PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Lady Nathan addressed a meeting at the New Communal Centre attached to the New West End Synagogue on Monday afternoon on the problem of Jewish education for children attending non-Jewish public and boarding schools. Mrs. Douglas Gluckstein presided.

The problem facing parents, which Lady Nathan outlined, was whether or not to ask for concessions for their children to be excused from prayers, attendance at Sunday Chapel, and Scripture lessons; and stressed the importance of providing the substitute of Jewish religious education when children were given these concessions. The speaker told her audience of a pre-war Committee, of which she was Chairman, which took up this matter for parents. On it, she said, there were representatives of Orthodox Jews, the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, and the Liberal and Reform Congregations. They had set up an agreed syllabus as a nucleus on which visiting teachers to the schools could work. They had first approached heads of schools, who had in most cases been most co-operative, and then parents, who had not been nearly so co-operative. She thought it would be useful to revive this Committee.

In the course of the discussion that followed, Mrs. Ephraim Levine said that the more people respected themselves and their faith, the more they would be respected by others. If parents had more respect for their own faith there would be no need for committees.

Investments & Securities

Outstanding feature in stock markets is the pronounced strength of British Funds. This must be attributed directly to Treasury policy of maintaining very low interest rates.

Other factors are at work. For instance the New Zealand Government has this year repaid over £23,000,000 in Government loans. No new issues have been made to replace the maturing stocks. The money repaid has competed for the limited supplies of stock available in the market.

Looking further ahead to April 1 next, two Government issues for a total of some £650,000,000 will be repaid. No Government loans are on "tap" to-day. The "tap" issues were withdrawn last December. This means keen competition for investment stocks available in the market.

STRENGTH FOR FUNDS

Government policy towards the investments markets was made clear by Mr. Dalton during the debate on the Coal Industry Nationalisation Bill. He then stated that it is the Treasury intention to safeguard the Gilt Edged market from unnecessary disturbance.

It is quite apparent that the investment market is being moulded into shape for fresh Government borrowing. The opinion in banking and stock Exchange circles is that new loans will appear for the Treasury carrying interest of 2½ per cent, or even under.

The result is pronounced strength for existing stocks. Local Loans 3 per cent stock stands around 99½, which is the highest price for many years. Consols 2½ per cent have a market value around 93, while War 3½ per cent and Conversion 3½ per cent stand at prices substantially above par.

GUTTA PERCHA PROFITS

Net profit of the India Rubber Gutta Percha & Telegraph Works for the year to September 30 last was £107,863 against £105,474 previously. This is after providing for E.P.T.

Income Tax required £42,750 against £45,000, but there is no transfer this time to contingencies for general reserve. On the other hand £4,867 is required for debenture redemption premium. Total dividend on the preferred is kept at 8 per cent and on the ordinary at 9 per cent, with £159,351 carried forward against £129,384 brought in.

The whole of the ordinary and most of the preferred capital is held by British Tyre and Rubber Company. The Chairman of both companies is Sir Walrond Sinclair. Important changes are to be seen in the balance-sheet of the Gutta Percha Company. The 5 per cent debenture for £324,500 has been repaid, but there is now a bank loan for £200,000. On the other side, investments at £58,858 are now mainly in British Funds with cash in hand down from £88,731 to £45,345.

POWER SECURITIES

Power Securities Corporation announces profits of £103,368 for 1945 against £102,526 the previous year. Ordinary dividend is 6 per cent as for each year since and including 1940.

The full report is not available at the time of writing. The accounts, as well as a statement from the Chairman, Mr. William Shearer, are awaited with special interest. This company conducts a general finance business, especially in connection with the development of electrical undertakings.

Opportunities for development on such lines have been restricted since the outbreak of war, and it is most satisfactory to find the company maintaining a good profit standard in view of existing conditions. Shareholders will be interested in any statement which the Chairman may make on the result of missions by the company's representatives to overseas countries. The £1 ordinary stand at 28s. each.

CITY EDITOR

CONCERTS

STOLL THEATRE, KINGSWAY.
LONDON PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
SUNDAY CONCERTS, Sunday next at 3 p.m.
BASIL CAMERON
KENDALL TAYLOR
FREDERICK RIDDLE
BACH: Brandenberg Concerto No. 3
BEETHOVEN: Piano Concerto No. 3
BERLIOZ: Harold in Italy
5/6 to 12/6 (unres. 2/6). HOL. 3703.

HAROLD HOLT SUNDAY CONCERTS.
Royal Albert Hall, THIS SUNDAY, at 3
(Under auspices of Orchestral Concerts Society)
LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Soloist:
ALFREDO CAMPOLI
Conductor:
VICTOR OLOF
Tchaikovsky Programme
will include
OVERTURE "1812"
12/-, 9/-, 7/6, 6/-, 4/-, 3/6, 2/- at R.A. Hall (KEN. 3661), Chappell's, 50, New Bond St., W.1 (MAY. 7600)

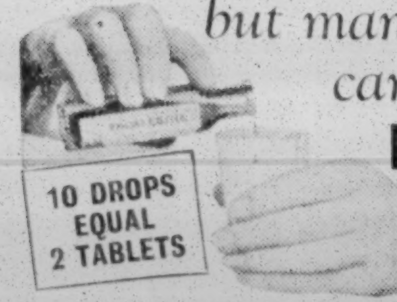
ROYAL ALBERT HALL
MUSARTS LTD. in association with Reynolds News presents (under auspices of People's Plays Ltd.)
National Symphony Orchestra
TUESDAY NEXT, FEB. 12, at 7
Overture "Romeo and Juliet" ...... Tchaikovsky
Rhapsody on a Theme of Paganini for Pianoforte and Orchestra ...... Rachmaninoff
MOISEIWITSCH
Symphony No. 5 in E minor ...... Tchaikovsky
Conductor: ALBERT COATES
3/6, 5/-, 7/6, 10/6, 12/6, at R.A. Hall (KEN. 3661), Chappell's, 50, New Bond Street, W.1 (MAY. 7600), usual Agents, and
IBBS & TILLETT, 124, Wigmore Street (WEL. 8418)

ROYAL ALBERT HALL
Music, Art & Drama Society Concerts
BEETHOVEN-BRAHMS CONCERT
FRIDAY, FEB. 22, at 7
New London Orchestra
ALEC SHERMAN
Overture "Fidelio" ...... Beethoven
Piano Concerto No. 4 in G major ...... Beethoven
MYRA HESS
Symphony No. 3 in F major ...... Brahms
Tickets, 10/6, 7/6, 5/-, 4/-, 3/-, from Royal Albert Hall (KEN. 3661), Cambridge Theatre (TEM. 2527), and IBBS & TILLETT, 124, Wigmore Street (WEL. 8418)

Home from office very tired

but managed to carry on with

Phosferine



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(Signed) W.M.C., Huddersfield.

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CONCERTS

WHITEHALL THEATRE
SUNDAY NEXT at 6.30
First of Three Recitals by
DAPHNE COBURN
The Australian Pianist
(Presented by Cultural Entertainments)
Debussy, Beethoven, Chopin, Paganini-Liszt, Liszt-Busoni.
Tickets: 21/-, 15/-, 10/6, 7/6, 5/-, and programmes obtainable from Chappell's, 50, New Bond Street, W.1, and usual Agents.

LONDON PALLADIUM, Argyll Street, W.1
(By kind permission of General Theatre Corporation Ltd.)
An Evening With The Stars
(In aid of the J.N.F. Charitable Trust)
ON SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10, at 6.30 p.m.
Arranged by the Hampstead Garden Suburb Zionist Society, the Finchley and Hampstead Garden Suburb Women's Zionist Society, and the Hampstead Garden Suburb J.N.F. Commission.
Afrique; **Max Bacon; Eric Barker; Jack and Daphne Barker; Edric Connell; Dela Lipinskaya; Jose Fearon and Charles Gillespie; Lorna Martin; Melsa; Ronald Frankau (with Monte Crick at the Piano); Francesco Ticciatti; Jack Robson and His Orchestra. Compere—Gerry Wilmot.**
Tickets: £3 3s., £2 2s., £1 1s., 10/6, and 5/-, obtainable from—The Organiser, Miss E. Schachne, 65, Southampton Row, W.C.1 (MUSeum 6111/19); Mrs. E. Benn, 103, Brim Hill, N.2 (TUDor 7224); and Mrs. A. Wynick, 22, Vivian Way, N.2 (TUDor 2854).
Box office will be open all day on day of Concert, February 10.

ROYAL ALBERT HALL
Manager: C. S. TAYLOR — KENsington 3661
WEDNESDAY, FEB. 27, at 7 p.m.
3 C's CONCERT
To establish an orphanage for the remnants of our Jewish children on the Continent
WALTER GOEHR
with the
National Symphony Orchestra
Leader: DAVID McCALLUM
Louis Kentner — **Alfredo Campoli**
Eva Turner — **Frank Titterton**
Rev. S. Kusevitsky and The Halevi Choir of 150
(Conducted by S. Alman)
in a Special Programme of Traditional Jewish Melodies
Tickets available at £3 3s., £2 2s., £1 1s., 10/6, 7/6, and 5/-, from R.A.H. Box Office, Waterman's, 66, Cricklewood Broadway, N.W.2, Levy's, 19, Whitechapel High Street, E.1, or the Joint Hon. Secretaries: S.I. Goldman, 5, Silverdale Avenue, Hove (Hove 5555); and C. Kramer, 105, Brim Hill, N.2 (TUDor 1285).

OPERAS AND BALLETS

COVENT GARDEN
SADLER'S WELLS BALLET SEASON
Opening February 20
"THE SLEEPING BEAUTY"
at every performance until
Saturday, March 16
Evenings 6.45. Mats., Saturdays, 2.30
Box Office 10 to 5 (Tem. 7961-2)

THEATRES

COLISEUM CHARING CROSS TEM 3161
Evgs. 6.30 Mats. Mon. Wed. Thurs. Sat. 2.30
Emile Littler presents
A ROBERT NESBITT PRODUCTION
"THE NIGHT & THE MUSIC"
VIC OLIVER, Jill Manners and 150 Artistes.

PALACE Shaftesbury Avenue, W.1 GER 6834
Evgs. 6.30. Wed. & Sat. 2.15. Last weeks.
"GAY ROSALINDA"
(Fledermaus) By JOHANN STRAUSS
TARA BARRY — RICHARD DOLMAN
IRENE AMBRUS — JAMES ETHERINGTON
RICHARD TAUBER Conducting Symphony Orchestra

PHOENIX CHARING X ROAD TEM. 8611
Evgs. 6.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.15
CICELY COURTNEIDGE in
"UNDER THE COUNTER"
CYRIL RAYMOND — THORLEY WALTERS
Jeanne Stuart
HARTLEY POWER

STOLL Kingsway Holborn 3703
Evgs. 6.30 Mats. Wed. Thurs. Sat. 2.30
Jack Hylton presents
"FOR CRYING OUT LOUD"
NERVO & KNOX — WILL HAY
Billy Caryll and Hilda Mundy

Entertainments

Theatre

THE GOLDEN EAGLE

Clifford Bax has the gift of writing dialogue which flows from the tongue with poetic beauty. He has also in his previous works shown that he has the great gift of extracting the full drama from history, and discovering the human being behind the dry records. He has taken the vivid, pulsating story of Mary Stuart for his new play at the Westminster Theatre but strangely enough, for the first two acts, we have only historical figures instead of live characters, whilst the famous story is told in full detail with pedestrian accuracy. It is not until the last act that there comes the conflict of drama between Mary and Bothwell—she loving him passionately and fearing that he loves her position more than he loves her. Here Claire Luce and Torin Thatcher seized their chance to the full and gave two very moving performances, though Miss Luce must surely be Hollywood's own dream of the tragic queen. That clever young actor John Byron tried hard to bring Rizzio to life, and there were some beautiful settings by Gower Parks. Full praise must go to Robert Atkins for a dignified production.

THE THIRD VISITOR

Any visitor, first or third, who goes to the Granville at Walham Green to see this play, must leave his critical faculties behind him. Although it is described as a "new murder play," there does not seem to be anything very novel in the plot, which has all the usual complication of sliding doors, false scents, blackmailers, weak and attractive women, and feckless Bohemians who inexplicably prove in the last act to have a very different moral make-up. Some very nice performances, however, came from John Oxford, Mackenzie Ward, Ellen Pollock, Marjorie Mars, Cecil Ramage and Hugh Pryse. It is a pity that they did not receive better support from their author. C.L.

The Windmill Theatre, Piccadilly Circus, celebrated its fourteenth anniversary of Revudeville on Monday with the latest Revudeville 191. This little theatre has, during its fourteen years, proved itself a "nursery" for future stage, screen, and radio stars.

THE NEW YIDDISH THEATRE

Dame Sybil Thorndike, D.B.E., visited the New Yiddish Theatre, Folk House, E.1, recently, to watch the play there, "On Our Own Soil." The photograph reproduced here shows Dame Sybil chatting with Mr. Meisels (right), one of the theatre's authors and managers. Mr. John Keets (centre), Secretary of the actors' trade union, Equity, is also taking part in the conversation.

Entertainments continued on next page

ADELPHI (Tem 7611) Evenings, 6.30. Mats., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Sat., 2.15. JACK HYLTON presents BUD FLANAGAN in **"CINDERELLA,"** with JEAN ADRIENNE, LOIS GREEN.

ALDWYCH (Tem. 6404) Evgs. 6.30. Wed., Sat. 2.30. Firth Shephard's **"THE HASTY HEART."** "A must for everyone."—*Daily Sketch*. "Audience roared with laughter."—*Evg. Standard*.

COMEDY (Whi 2578) Evgs. 6.45. Sat. 5.15 and 7.45. Tues. 2.45. GEORGE GEE in **"SEE HOW THEY RUN."** BERYL MASON.

EMBASSY (Pri. 2211) Evgs. (ex. Mon.) 7. Sat. 4.45 & 7.45. (Sun. Club) 7. Donald Henderson's **"MR. BOWLING BUYS A NEWSPAPER."**

GRAND PALAIS, 127-139, Commercial Road, E.1. Bis. 2646. London Yiddish Folks Theatre. Mrs. N. Isaacovitch presents Mark Markov and Eta Topel and Star Cast. Sat., Sun. (J.D.S.L.) and Tues. **"THE CHEATED BRIDEGROOM."** Mon. and Wed. **"THE TIGER."**

HIPPODROME Ger. 3272) 6.15. Mats. Wed. Sat. 2.15. Tom Arnold presents IVOR NOVELLO in **"PERCHANCE TO DREAM."**

LYRIC (Ger. 3686) Evgs. 6.30. Mats. Weds. Sats. 2.30. MARY MORRIS and PETER GLENVILLE in **"DUET FOR TWO HANDS,"** by Mary Hayley Bell, with Elwyn Brook Jones, Alison Leggatt, Merle Tottenham.

NEW YIDDISH THEATRE, Folk House, Adler Street, E.1. Tel. BIS 1320. Saturday Evening 7. Sunday, Mat. 3 p.m., Evening 7, **"THE SONG OF ISRAEL,"** musical comedy. Mon., Tues. 7 p.m. **"RENEGADE."** Wed., Thurs., 7 p.m., **"THE TWO KOONY LEMELS."**

PALLADIUM, Argyll Street (Gerrard 7373) 2.30 and 6.20. GEORGE BLACK'S **"HAPPY AND GLORIOUS."** TOMMY TRINDER. 2nd Yr.

PLAYHOUSE (Whi 4788). Evgs. 6.30. Mats. Th. Sat. 2.30. SOPHIE STEWART, RICHARD BIRD. **"LADY FROM EDINBURGH."** Over 350 perfs.

PRINCE OF WALES (Whi. 8681). Twice Daily, 2.30 and 6.30. TOM ARNOLD'S Revue, **"FINE FEATHERS,"** with JACK BUCHANAN.

PRINCES (Tem. 6596) Evgs. 6.30. Wed., Sat., 2.30. Jack Waller's **"MERRIE ENGLAND."** Heddie Nash, Linda Gray, Dennis Noble.

SAVILLE (Tem. 4011) Evgs. 6.30. Th., St., 2.30. **"BIG BOY."** FRED EMNEY, RICHARD Hearne. "Funniest Musical." Last weeks.

SAVOY (Tem. 8888) Evgs. 6.30. Mats. Wed., Sat., 2.30. **"THE FIRST GENTLEMAN."** ROBERT MORLEY and WENDY MILLER.

ST. JAMES' (Whi. 3903) Robert Donat presents **"THE GLASS SLIPPER"** by Herbert and Eleanor Farjeon. A Pantomime with Music, Ballet and Harlequinade. Evgs. 6.30. Mats. Wed. Th. Sat. 2.30. Music by Clifton Parker.

ST. MARTIN'S 6.45. Sat. 7.45. Tu. Fri. 2.45. KENETH KENT in Edward Percy's Thriller, **"THE SHOP AT SLY CORNER."** Approaching Second Year. Also extra Mats. Mon. Wed. Th. 2.45, Sat. 2.15 & 4.45. SONIA DRESDEL in Maugham's **"THE SACRED FLAME."** Tem. 1443.

STRAND (Tem. 2660) Evgs. 6.30. Th. St. 2.30. Firth Shephard's **"ARSENIC & OLD LACE."** L. Braithwaite, M. Jerrold, N. Wayne. 4th Year.

VICTORIA PALACE (Vic. 1317) Evgs. (ex. Sats.) 6.30. Wed. Thurs. 2.30. Sat. 5.15 and 8.0 p.m. LUPINO LANE in the Famous **"ME & MY GIRL,"** with GEO. GRAVES. Over 5,000 perfs.

WESTMINSTER (Vic. 0283) Evenings 6.30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2.30. Clifford Bax's **"GOLDEN EAGLE."** Claire Luce, Torin Thatcher, Arthur Wontner, David Horne.

WHITEHALL (Whi. 6692) 6.30. Th. St. 2.30. **"WORM'S EYE VIEW."** Ronald Shiner, Jack Hobbs. "Made my ribs ache."—*S. Chron.*

WINTER GARDEN (Hol. 8881) Evgs. 6.30. Th. & Sat. 2.30. ANGELA BADDELEY & JOHN STUART in Ibsen's **"A DOLL'S HOUSE,"** by N. Ginsbury. With A. SOFAER. Season ends Feb. 9.

NON-STOP REVUES

WINDMILL, Picc. Circus, REVUDEVILLE, 15th yr. **191st Edn.** (2nd wk.). Cont. dly. 12.15-9.30. Last perf. 7.50. A VIVIAN VAN DAMM PRODUCTION. "WE NEVER CLOSED."

CINEMAS

ACADEMY CINEMA, Oxford St. Are you on our mailing list? **Academy Cinema Notes** will be sent to you free for each change of programme. Write Dept. H, Academy Cinema, 167, Oxford St., W.1. Now showing: **"A WOMAN DISAPPEARED"**(A).

CARLTON, Haymarket. LADD, DONLEVY, BENDIX, FITZGERALD, in **"TWO YEARS BEFORE THE MAST"**(A). Weekdays Cont. 10 a.m. Sundays open 3 p.m.

CURZON (Gro. 3737) Reopens February 14. Grand Premier (invit. only) 8 p.m. **"LOVE ETERNAL"**(A). Thereafter daily cont. 12 noon.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court Rd. Com. Feb. 10. **"COME BACK TO ME"**(U). **"HAVING WONDERFUL CRIME"**(A). News, etc.

EMPIRE (Ger. 1234) 10-10. The International Sensation, **"THE LAST CHANCE"**(U) with John Hoy, E. G. Morrison, Luisa Rossi.

EMPIRE, Mile End Feb. 11, 6 days. Van Johnson, Esther Williams, **"THRILL OF A ROMANCE"**(A) (Technicolor). **"DOGS AT WORK"**(U).

GAUMONT STATE, Kilburn Com. Feb. 11. Noel Coward's **"Brief Encounter"**(A). Robert Donat, **"The Count of Monte Cristo"**(U). News, etc.

GAUMONT, Haymarket (Whi. 6655) Betty Grable, June Haver, John Payne, **"THE DOLLY SISTERS"**(A) (Technicolor). Etc.

GOLDERS GREEN REGAL Feb. 11, 6 days. Betty Hutton, B. Fitzgerald, **"The Stork Club"**(U). Will Hay, C. Hulbert, **"My Learned Friend"**(U).

LONDON PAVILION Daily 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Suns. from 3.0 p.m. CONSTANCE BENNETT, **"MADAME PIMPERNEL"**(A) GRACIE FIELDS.

LEICESTER SQ. THEATRE (Whi. 5252) Deanna Durbin, Chas. Laughton, Franchot Tone, **"BECAUSE OF HIM"**(U). Perfs. 12.5, 2.15, 4.35, and 7.5 p.m.

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION (May 5112) Betty Grable, June Haver, John Payne, **"THE DOLLY SISTERS"**(A) (Technicolor). Etc.

NEW GALLERY, Regent Street Com. Feb. 10. Back again in the West End by popular demand! J. Mason, M. Lockwood, **"The Wicked Lady"**(A).

NEW VICTORIA (opp. Vic. Stn.) Com. Feb. 10. **"COME BACK TO ME"**(U). **"HAVING WONDERFUL CRIME"**(A). News.

ODEON, Hendon Feb. 11, 6 days. Betty Hutton, Barry Fitzgerald, **"STORK CLUB"**(U). Will Hay, **"MY LEARNED FRIEND"**(U).

ODEON, Marble Arch (Pad. 8011). **"CAESAR AND CLEOPATRA"**(U). Weekdays, Doors open 12.30 p.m., showing at 1.0, 3.20, 5.45, and 8.10 p.m. Sundays from 3 p.m.

ODEON, Swiss Cottage Feb. 11, 6 days. Betty Hutton, Barry Fitzgerald, **"STORK CLUB"**(U). Will Hay, **"MY LEARNED FRIEND"**(U).

PLAZA, Piccadilly Circus, W.1 (Whi. 8944) RAY MILLAND, OLIVIA De HAVILLAND, **"THE WELL GROOMED BRIDE"**(U). Weekdays cont. 10 a.m. Suns. open 3 p.m.

RIALTO, Coventry Street BING CROSBY, BOB HOPE, DOROTHY LAMOUR, in **"ROAD TO UTOPIA"**(A).

SAVOY, Stoke Newington Feb. 11, 6 days. Van Johnson, Esther Williams, **"THRILL OF A ROMANCE"**(A). Full Supporting Programme.

STAMFORD HILL REGENT Feb. 11, 6 days. Celia Johnson, T. Howard, **"Brief Encounter"**(A). Robert Donat, **"Count of Monte Cristo"**(U).

STOKE NEWINGTON VOGUE Sunday, Feb. 10, 4 days. Franchot Tone, **"THE KING STEPS OUT"**(U). Thurs. Feb. 14, 3 days. Bette Davis, Henry Fonda, **"THAT CERTAIN WOMAN"**(A). Latest Screen News in every programme. Prices 1/- and 1/9.

STUDIO ONE (12.45-10) Last 2 weeks Chauvire, **"LA MORT DU CYGNE"**(U) (Ballarina) (Fr.), and **"GULLIVER'S TRAVELS"**(U). Etc.

SUPER, Stamford Hill Mon., Feb. 11. Danny Kaye, **"WONDER MAN"**(A). Ann Savage, **"MIDNIGHT MAN HUNT"**(A).

TIVOLI, Strand (Tem. 5625) Johnny Weissmuller, **"TARZAN AND THE LEOPARD WOMAN"**(U). Also **"Shady Lady"**(A). News, etc.

TROXY, Stepney (G.-B.) Commencing Feb. 11. DANNY KAYE in **"WONDER MAN"**(A). Also **"MIDNIGHT MAN HUNT"**(A). Etc.

WARNER, Leicester Square (Ger. 3423) GARY COOPER, INGRID BERGMAN, **"SARATOGA TRUNK"**(A). For times of showing see Daily Press.

A 'MAGNUM' OF LAUGHTER!
Paramount presents
Olivia DE HAVILLAND
Ray MILLAND ★
Sonny TUFTS ★ ★
'THE WELL-GROOMED BRIDE'
PLAZA
PICC. CIRC. WHI. 8944
Weekdays Cont. from 10 a.m. Sundays open 3 p.m.

Paramount presents
ALAN LADD
BRIAN DONLEVY
WILLIAM BENDIX
BARRY FITZGERALD
"TWO YEARS BEFORE THE MAST" A
CARLTON HAYMARKET
Wkdys. Cont. 10 a.m. Sun. open 3 p.m.

Says M-G-M.
"IN 25 YEARS OF FILM MAKING AND PRESENTATION, WE HAVE NEVER KNOWN THE PRESS OR THE PUBLIC SO NEARLY UNANIMOUS.
"We cannot quote individuals; it would be too embarrassing to make a selection from the opinions of the scores of distinguished critics, hundreds of famous people, and thousands of the general public. But
"Over 97% have said:—'A GREAT FILM WHICH NO ONE SHOULD MISS'."
THE LAST CHANCE (U)
with John HOY, E. G. MORRISON, Ray REAGAN, Luisa ROSSI, and international cast.
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SOVIET FILM AGENCY presents
THE LAST HILL
A Story of the Evacuation of Sebastopol in 1942 (A)
Also
BORN OF STORMS (U)
A Documentary of Soviet Youth
TATLER
A Gaumont-British Theatre, Charing Cross Road

Cinemas continued on next page

ENTERTAINMENTS, continued

Music

CZECH MUSIC

Rafael Kubelik, noted Czech conductor, was responsible for the fire and life of the afternoon concert at the People's Palace last week. It was an all-Czech programme, to which the B.B.C. Symphony Orchestra did not do full justice. However there was Czech music at its best, from the dash and tumult of Martinu's "La Bagatre"—in which the piano is included as a member of the percussion department—to the colourful nationalism of Dvorak and Smetana. Dvorak's second Symphony was enormously successful at its first performance in London in 1885. If only his last movement had been qualitatively as good as the rest! And what beauty there is revealed by the cool flutes and warm clarinets in Smetana's Vltava.

M.J.G.

Cinema

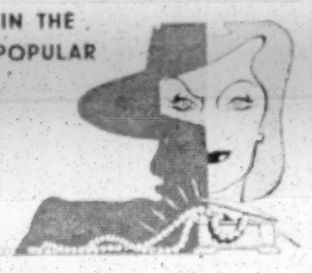
FILMS OF THE WEEK

Madame Pimpernel (London Pavilion, Piccadilly Circus) brings together an unusual team in Constance Bennett and Gracie Fields. Connie is American and Gracie British, and they both flee from Paris before the Nazi onslaught in 1940. The film deals with their brave attempts to hide R.A.F. pilots and other Allied servicemen from the Huns and their ingenious attempts to smuggle them to safety. It is an interesting set-up, albeit very, very late in the day. Gracie has a stereotyped "straight" part which could well have been played by almost anyone else; the impression I gained is that she is essentially a comedienne. (Director Gregory Ratoff, 1 hour 37 minutes, "A".)

Tarzan and the Leopard Woman (Tivoli, Strand, Sunday) is exciting enough to satisfy the most exacting juvenile. This time Tarzan (Johnny Weissmuller) is on a visit to Zulubesi, and from the moment he beats a professional wrestler—before the interested eyes of his wife "Jane" (Brenda Joyce) and young son (Johnny Sheffield)—until he escapes from "The Temple of the Leopard God," the picture follows the old familiar pattern. (Director Sol Lesser; 1 hour 42 minutes; "U".)

CINEMAS. Continued from previous page

BACK AGAIN IN THE WEST END BY POPULAR DEMAND ON SUNDAY NEXT



James Mason

Margaret Lockwood Patricia Roc

THE WICKED LADY (A)

Griffith Jones Michael Rennie

A Gainsborough Picture Distributed by Eagle-Lion. Executive Producer Maurice Ostrer. Produced by E. J. Mitney. Directed by Leslie Arliss.

NEW GALLERY REGENT STREET

UNITED ARTISTS presents

Constance BENNETT

MADAME PIMPERNEL

GRACIE FIELDS

George RIGAUD

Kurt KREUGER

Based on a story by ETTA SHIBER

Produced by CONSTANCE BENNETT

Directed by GREGORY RATOFF

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SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10 FOR SEVEN DAYS

GOOGIE WITHERS MERVYN JOHNS

"PINK STRING AND SEALING WAX" (A)

12.35, 3.20, 6.10, and 9.0 p.m. Sunday 4.45 and 7.35 p.m.

DAVID NIVEN LORETTA YOUNG

"ETERNALLY YOURS" (A)

2.9, 4.50, and 7.40 p.m. Sunday 3.30 and 6.15 p.m.

Golders Green—ODEON

(LATE ORPHEUM) 'PHONE, SPE. 9741

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10 FOR SIX DAYS

CELIA JOHNSON TREVOR HOWARD

"BRIEF ENCOUNTER" (A)

Showing at 2.10, 5.20, and 8.30 p.m.

LON CHANEY, Jnr. BRENDA JOYCE

"PILLOW OF DEATH" (A)

Showing at 1.0, 4.5, and 7.15 p.m.

NEWS 12.50, 3.50, and 7.0 p.m.

Daily from 12.30 p.m. **ENVOY** Sunday from 3.0

KILBURN HIGH ROAD (MAI. 6767)

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10 FOR SEVEN DAYS

BETTE DAVIS OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND

"IN THIS OUR LIFE" (A)

2.15, 5.25, and 8.35 p.m. Sunday 3.45 and 7.25 p.m.

FRED MacMURRAY

DOROTHY LAMOUR BETTY HUTTON

"AND THE ANGELS SING" (U)

12.40, 3.50, and 7.0 p.m. Sunday 5.20 p.m.

"Sometimes you talk like a school girl—and sometimes I think you've been everything."

GARY COOPER

INGRID BERGMAN

Together—Haunting & Tempestuous

SARATOGA TRUNK (A)

with FLORA ROBSON

A HAL B. WALLIS production. Directed by SAM WOOD

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ETHEL BARRYMORE

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73 COMPAYNE GARDENS N.W.6

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11. Jewish Problems Section. "The Fight against Anti-Semitism." Speaker: Rubeben Silk, Esq., 8 p.m.

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 10. The Maccabi Players present "THE SHINING HOUR," by Keith Winter. 7.30 p.m.

All Section Meetings at usual times.

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TEDDY WISE

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on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9

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ROYAL HOTEL, WOBURN PLACE, W.C.1

Eric Lambert and his All-Star Orchestra

From 7 to 11 p.m.

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(in aid of the J.N.F. Charitable Trust)

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Tickets: 12/6 each, from the Misses R. and S. Pollins, 552, High Road, Leytonstone. (LEYton 1732); and Miss J. C. Rodrigues, 65, Southampton Row, London, W.C.1. (MUSeum 6111/9.)

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on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, from 7 p.m.

Dancing to

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GRAND BEAUTY COMPETITION

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Guests 4/6, Members 3/6, Forces in uniform 2/6.

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33/35 ABBEY ROAD, N.W.8

Bring your friends to our

SUPER NOVELTY DANCE

to the Music of the GEORGE TURNER QUARTET

on SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 7.30 to 10.30 p.m.

Refreshments Dancing to suit all tastes

Don't forget to obtain your tickets (price 3/6) for our 3rd Anniversary Dance (at the Refectory, Golders Green) on Saturday, February 23, from the Dance Committee, c/o above address. Don't be disappointed. BUY THEM NOW.

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